

DRAFT

Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

Volume 2: Figures**Reynolds Metals Company
TROUTDALE FACILITY****CH2MHILL****June 1999**

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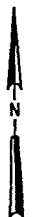
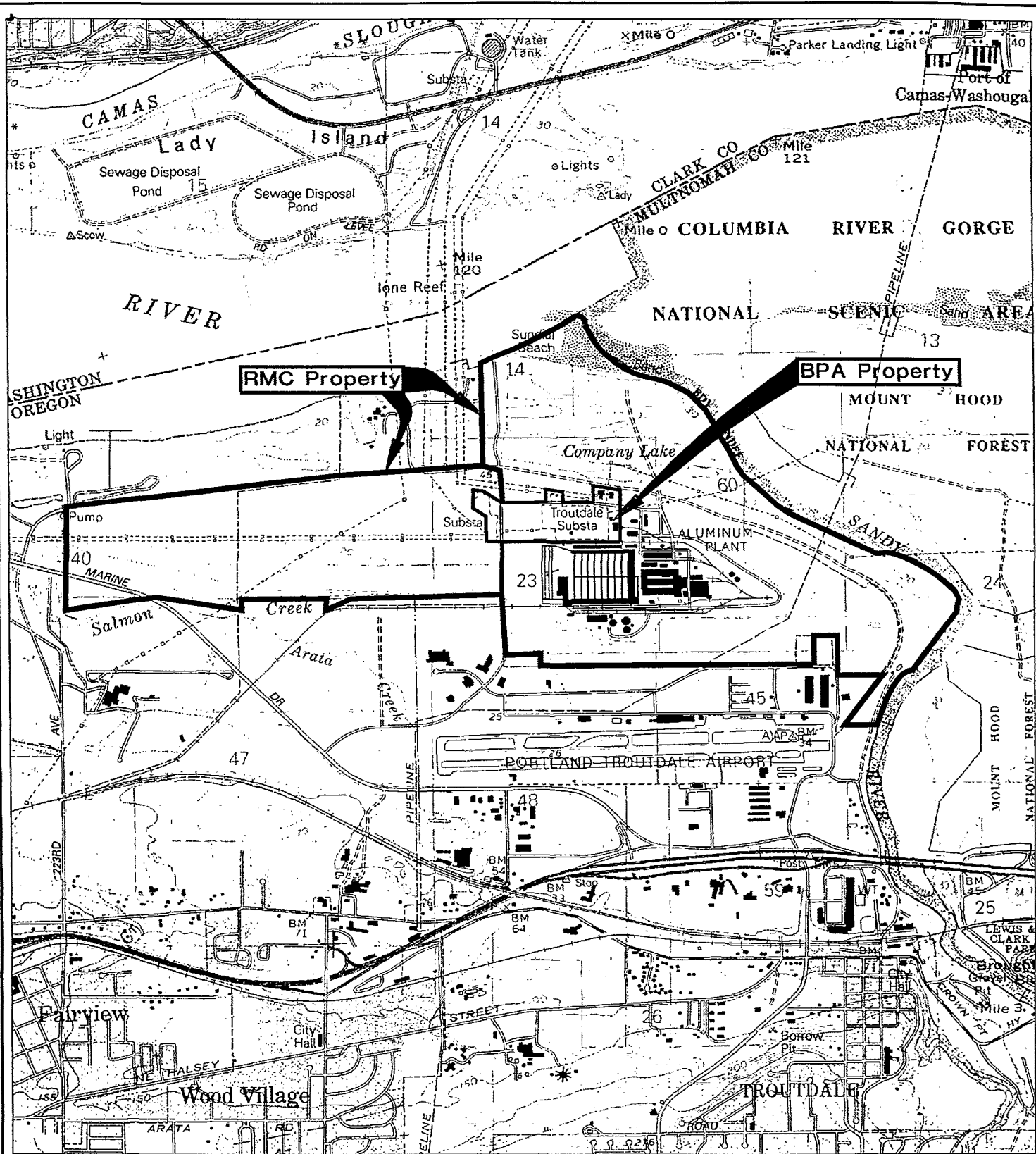
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SECTION 1

Introduction



0 1000 2000
SCALE IN FEET

LEGEND

— APPROXIMATE RMC
PROPERTY BOUNDARY

Figure 1-1

VICINITY MAP

REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON

Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report



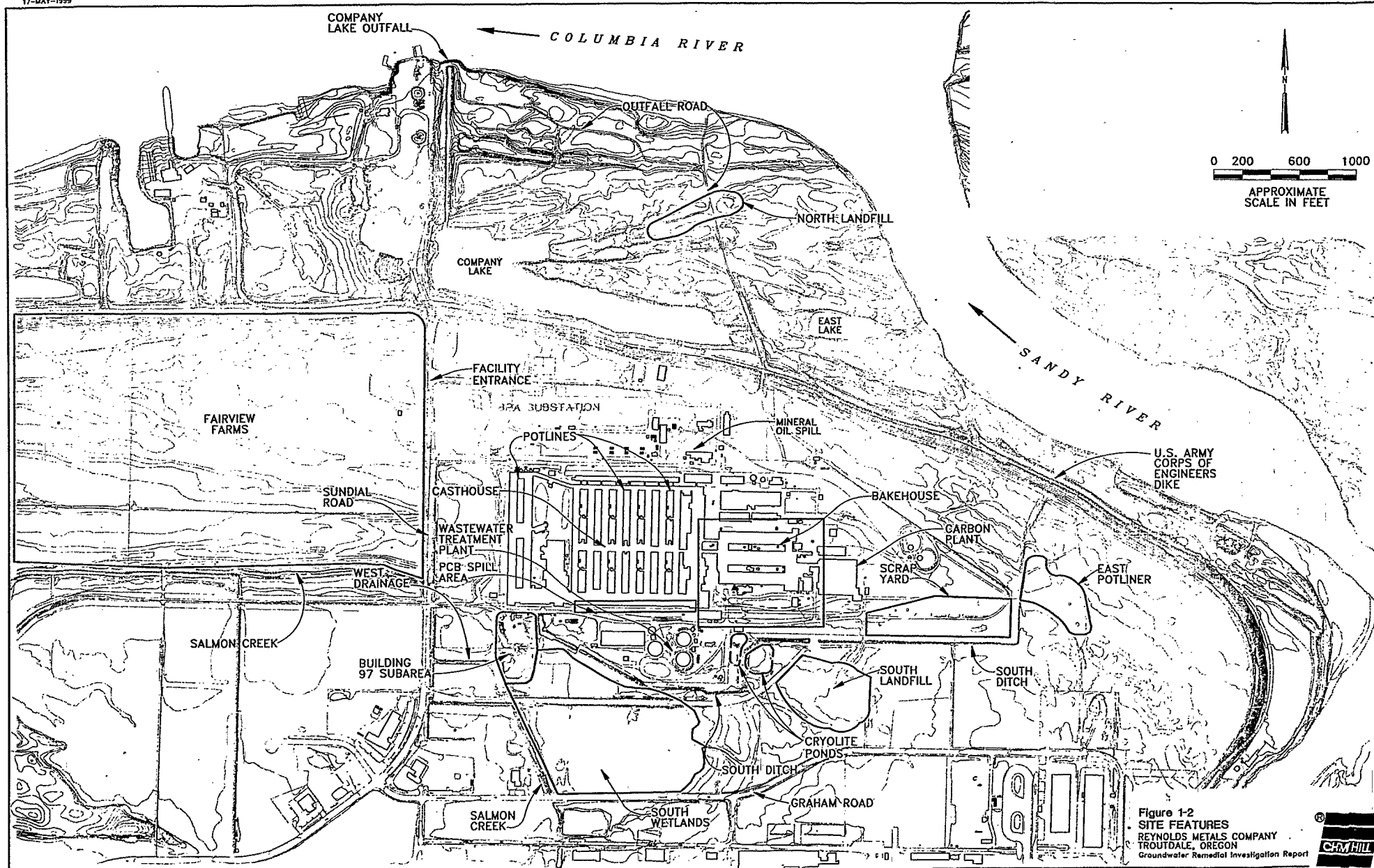


Figure 1-2
SITE FEATURES
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

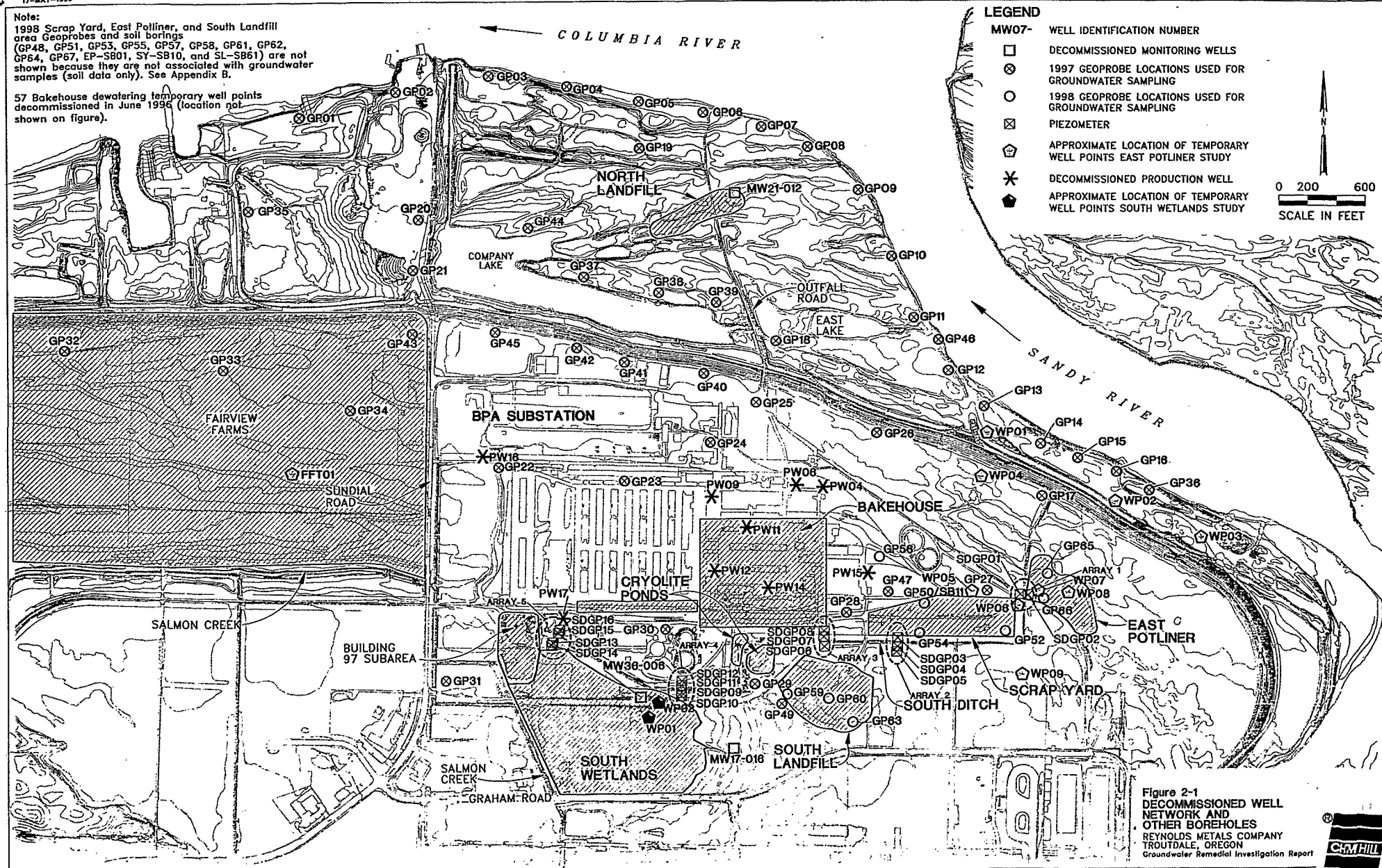


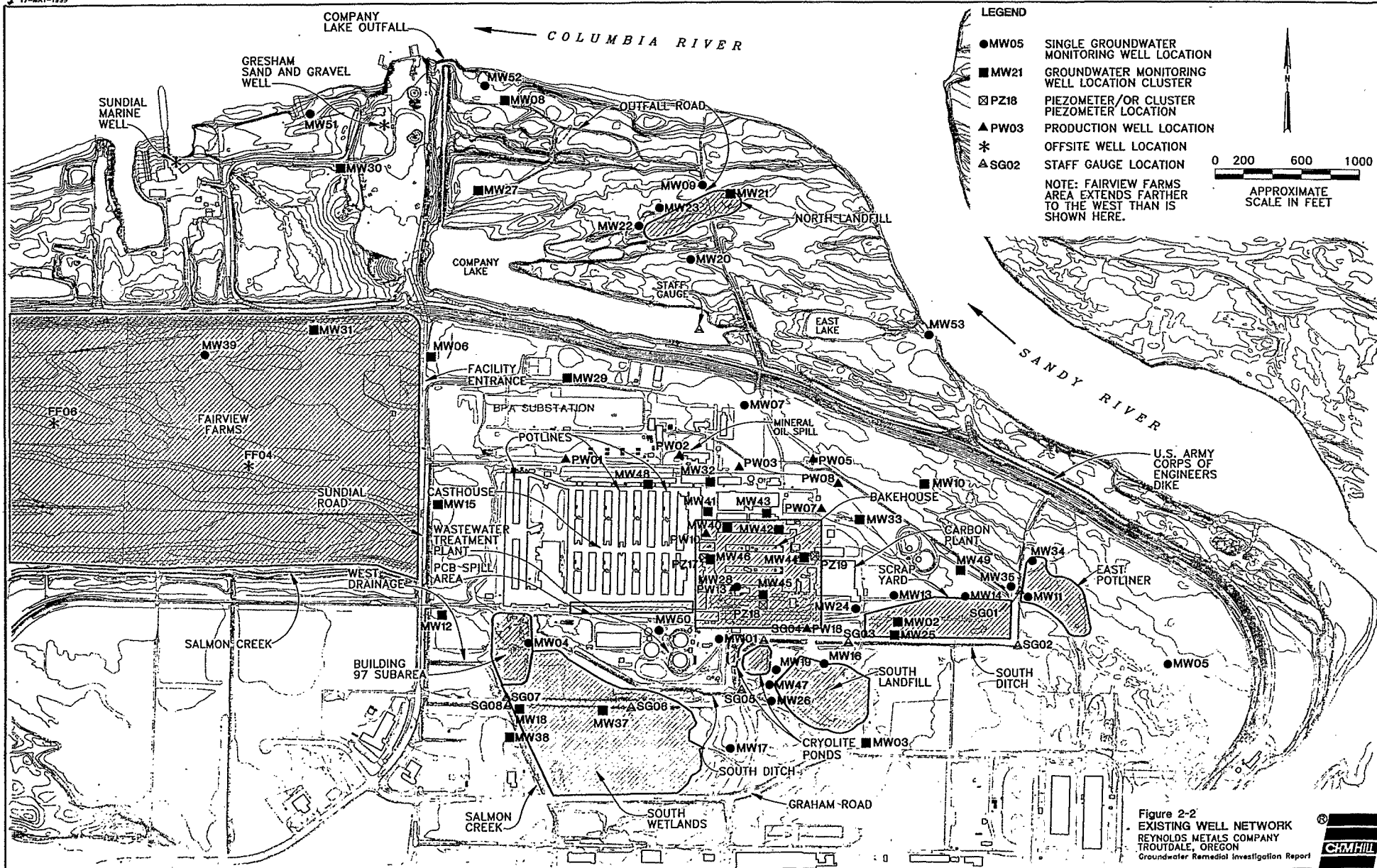
SECTION 2

Groundwater Remedial Investigation and Evaluation

Note:
1998 Scrap Yard, East Potliner, and South Landfill area Geoprobe and soil borings (GP48, GP51, GP53, GP55, GP57, GP58, GP61, GP62, GP64, GP67, EP-SB01, SY-SB10, and SL-SB61) are not shown because they are not associated with groundwater samples (soil data only). See Appendix B.

57 Bakehouse dewatering temporary well points decommissioned in June 1996 (location not shown on figure).





Conceptual Hydrogeologic Model

SECTION 3

REFERENCE (AREA)											
SYSTEM		SERIES									
QUATERNARY	Holocene	Trumble 1933 (Portland)	Mundoff 1964 (Clark County)	Hoganson and Foxworthy, 1965 (East Portland)	Willis 1977, 1978 (Portland Well Field)	Hollister 1964 (Portland Well Field)	Noble and Ellis 1960 (Vancouver)	Carr and Associates 1965 (South Clark County)	Harford and McFarland, 1969 (Portland Well Field)	Swanson and McFarland, 1993 (Portland Basin)	
		Alluvium and younger terrace deposits	Alluvium	Alluvium and younger terrace deposits	Un-named clayey silt and sand Columbia River Sands aquifer Blue Lake aquifer	Alluvium and flood plain deposits Columbia River Sands aquifer Blue Lake aquifer	Orchards aquifer	3A and 1A	Overbank deposits Columbia River Sand aquifer Blue Lake gravel aquifer	Unconsolidated sedimentary aquifer	
QUATERNARY	Pleistocene	Lacustrine deposits	Pleistocene alluvial deposits	Fluvio-lacustrine deposits							
		Eatacada Formation									
		Gresham Formation		Piedmont deposits							
		Loess	Glacial drift								
		Springwater Formation									
		Walters Hill Formation									
TERTIARY	Pliocene	Boiling Lava	Boiling Lava	Boiling Lava							
		Trousdale Formation	Trousdale Formation (upper member)	Trousdale Formation							
					Un-named confining layer	Parkrose aquifer					
					Trousdale sandstone aquifer	Trousdale sandstone aquifer					
		Sandy River Mudstone	Trousdale Formation (lower member)	Sandy River Mudstone	Un-named confining layer	Rose City aquifer					
					Sandy River Mudstone aquifer	Rose City aquifer					
TERTIARY	Miocene	Rhododendron Formation									
		Columbia River Basalt Group									
		Scappoose Formation	Older rocks	Older rocks							
		Shamania Volcanic Series									
TERTIARY	Oligocene										
TERTIARY	Eocene										

Source: Swanson, R.D., and W.D. McFarland, 1993.

FIGURE 3-1
Comparison of Hydrogeologic Unit
Terminology for the Portland Basin

REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON

CHM HILL

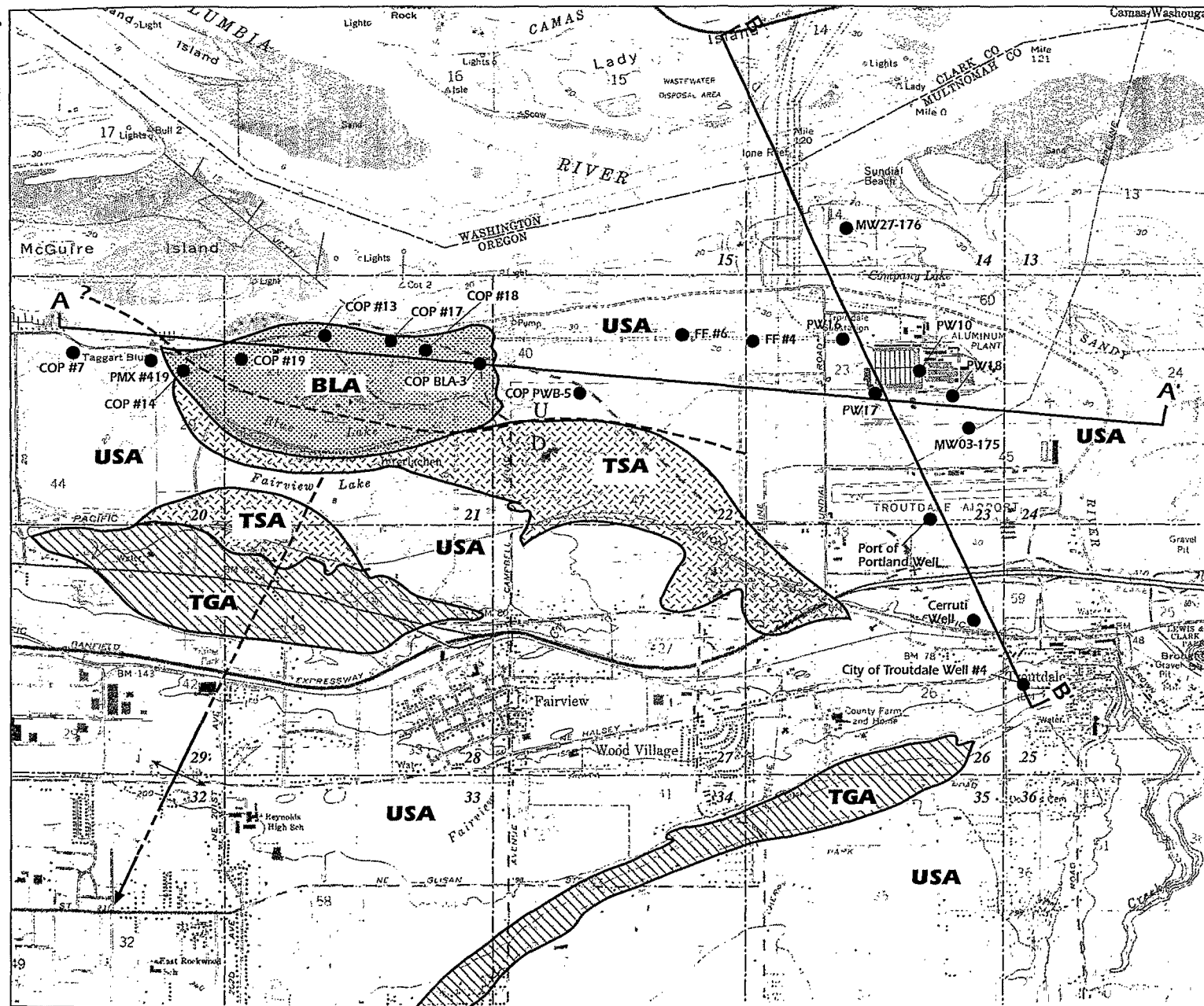
SYSTEM	SERIES	GEOLOGIC UNIT West East	HYDROGEOLOGIC UNIT	LITHOLOGY	
QUATERNARY	Holocene	Quaternary alluvium	Upper sedimentary subsystem	Unconsolidated sedimentary aquifer	Silt, sand, and clay comprise flood plain deposits of the Columbia and Willamette Rivers. Alluvium along major tributaries is sandy gravel. Late Pleistocene catastrophic floods of the Columbia River deposits on the basin floor are bouldery gravel, sandy gravel, and sand with sandy silt extending to 400-foot altitude. Late Pleistocene terrace deposits are weakly consolidated thin sand and gravel beds.
	Pleistocene	Catastrophic flood deposits Terrace gravel Boring lava Pleistocene Cascadian Conglomerate and Troutdale Formation High Cascade volcanics		Troutdale gravel aquifer	Pleistocene volcanoclastic conglomerates derived from the Cascade Range are weakly to well consolidated sandy gravel with lithic sandstone lenses and beds. Troutdale Formation is cemented basaltic gravel with quartzite pebbles and micaceous sand matrix and lenses, as well as minor lithic-vitric sand beds. Boring lava that erupted from vents in the Portland area is fine to medium olivine basalt and basaltic andesite lava flows with less abundant pyroclastics. High Cascade Range volcanics are olivine basalts and basaltic andesite flows that erupted, and for the most part deposited east of the Sandy River. The upper 10 to 100 feet of the aquifer is weathered loess and residual soil.
TERTIARY	Pliocene	Troutdale Formation Sandy River Mudstone Troutdale Formation Troutdale Formation	Lower sedimentary subsystem	Confining unit 1	Bedded micaceous arkosic siltstone and sandstone with some thin lenses of lithic and vitric sandy tuffaceous silt and sandstone, and clay.
				Troutdale sandstone aquifer	Coarse vitric sandstone and basaltic conglomerate interlayered with siltstone, sandstone, and claystone.
				Confining unit 2	Bedded micaceous siltstone and sandstone with some thin lenses of lithic and vitric sand, tuffaceous silt and sandstone, and clay.
	Miocene	Rhododendron Formation Columbia River Basalt Group	Older rocks	Sand and gravel aquifer	Discontinuous beds of micaceous sand, gravel, and silt with localized vitric sandstone lenses. Upper part is gravelly along the Columbia River in east part of study area; elsewhere, upper part is interlayered with micaceous sand, silt, and clay.
	Oligocene	Marine rocks			Rhododendron Formation consists of lava flows and dense volcanic breccia. Columbia River Basalt Group is a series of basalt flows, some have fractured scoriaceous tops and bases. Marine sedimentary rocks are predominantly dense siltstones and sandstones. Skamania volcanics are dense flow rock, breccia and volcanoclastic sediment. Older basalts are sequences of flows with some breccia and sediment.
	Eocene	Basalts			

Source: Swanson et al., 1993.

FIGURE 3-2
Summary of
Hydrogeologic Units

REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON

CH2M HILL



LEGEND

- FF #6 Selected well location used to develop cross section (location to nearest 1/4-1/4 section)
- A A' Cross section location
- Hydrogeologic Unit Boundary
 - USA Unconsolidated Sedimentary Aquifer
 - BLA Blue Lake Aquifer/Gravel
 - TGA Troutdale Gravel Aquifer
 - TSA Troutdale Sandstone Aquifer
- Approximate contact of hydrogeologic units
- Approximate fault location
U = upthrown / D = downthrown
- Plunging anticline, line dashed where inferred
- PW Reynolds Metals Company production well
- PMX Parametrix (1991)
- COP City of Portland test well
- PWB Portland Water Bureau
- FF Fairview Farms, owned by RMC

Hydrogeologic Unit Boundary by Swanson (1993).

Structural features and extent of the Blue Lake Gravel/Aquifer by Bet and Rosner (1993). The Blue Lake Gravel/Aquifer is not present at ground surface.

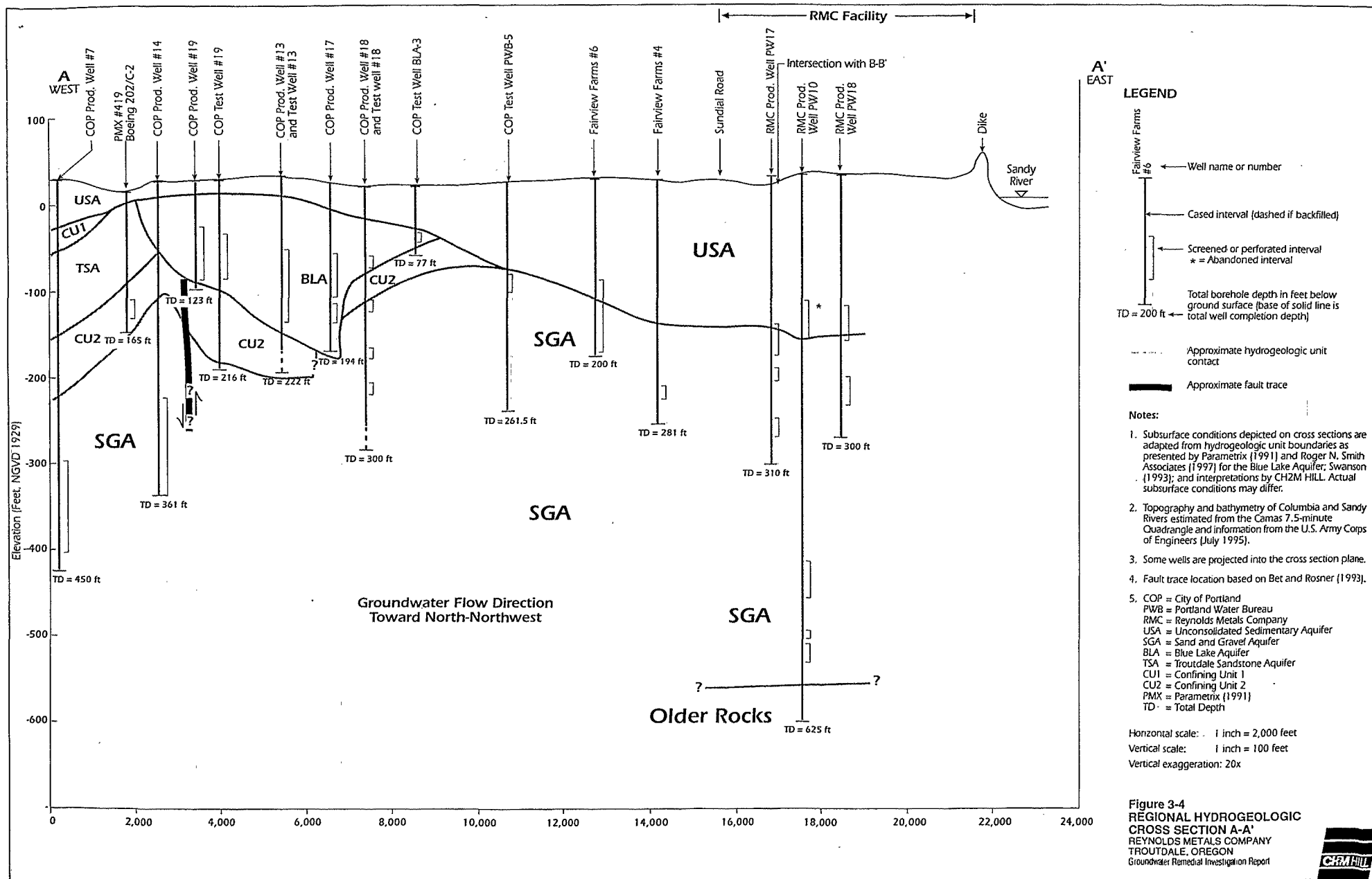
Base map: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 minute Camas, Washington quadrangle. Photo revised 1970 and 1975. Contour interval: 10 feet.

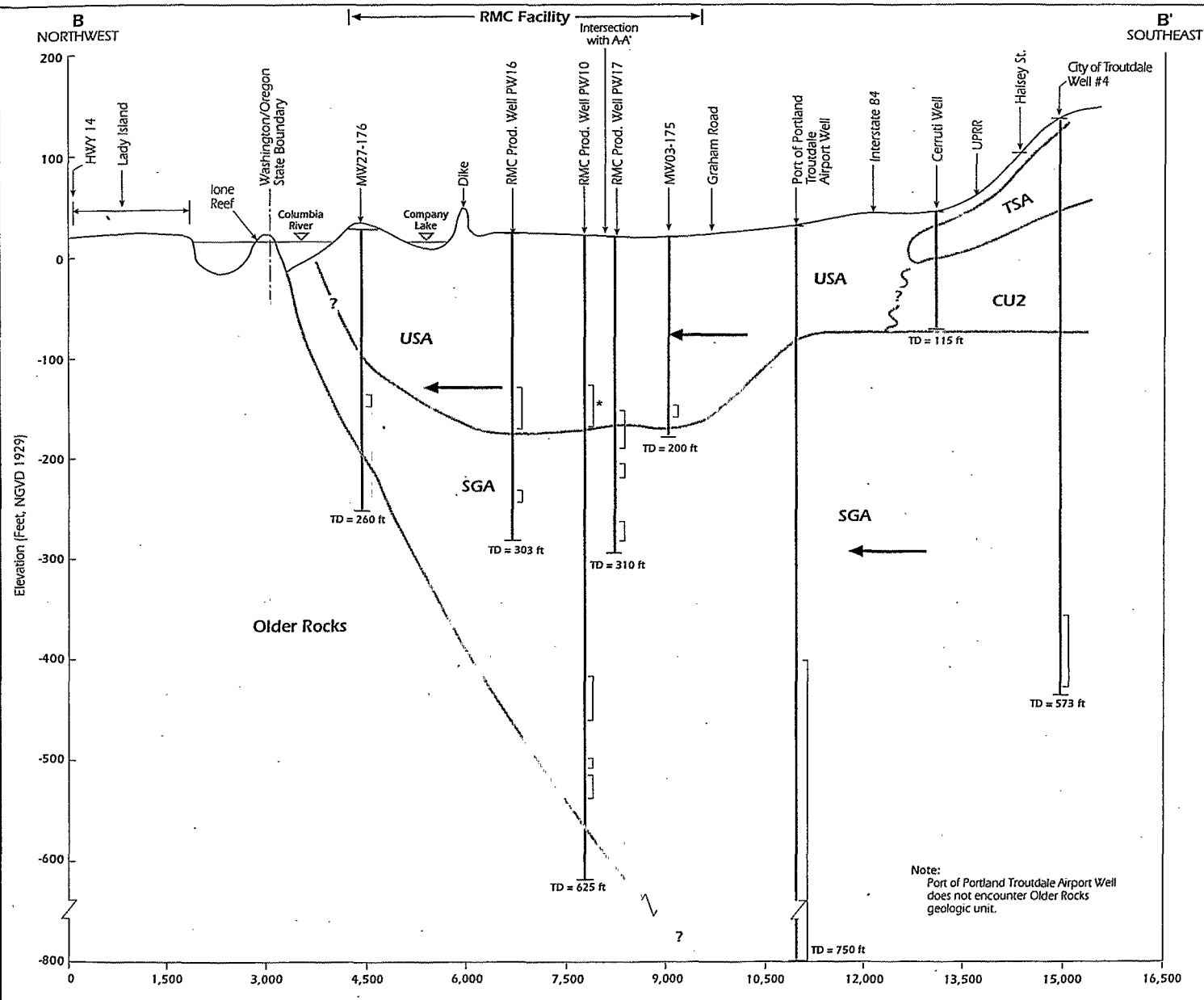
Horizontal scale: 1 inch = 2,000 feet
Vertical scale: 1 inch = 100 feet
Vertical exaggeration: 20x



Figure 3-3
HYDROGEOLOGIC
MAP AND CROSS SECTION A-A'
AND B-B' LOCATIONS
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report







LEGEND

- Well name or number
- Water level and date of measurement, shown for informational purposes
- Cased interval (dashed if backfilled)
- Screened or perforated interval
- * = Abandoned interval
- TD = 115 ft ← Total well depth in feet below ground surface
- Approximate hydrogeologic unit contact
- Generalized groundwater flow direction

Notes:

1. Subsurface conditions depicted on cross sections are adapted from hydrogeologic unit boundaries as presented by Parametrix (1991) and Roger N. Smith Associates (1997) for the Blue Lake Aquifer; Swanson (1993); and interpretations by CH2M HILL. Actual subsurface conditions may differ.
2. Topography and bathymetry of Columbia and Sandy Rivers estimated from the Camas 7.5-minute Quadrangle and information from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (July 1995).
3. Some wells are projected into the cross section plane.
4. RMC = Reynolds Metals Company
MW = Monitoring Well
UPRR = Union Pacific Railroad
USA = Unconsolidated Sedimentary Aquifer
SGA = Sand and Gravel Aquifer
TSA = Troutdale Sandstone Aquifer
CU2 = Confining Unit 2

Horizontal scale: 1 inch = 1,500 feet

Vertical scale: 1 inch = 100 feet

Vertical exaggeration: 15x

Note:
Port of Portland Troutdale Airport Well
does not encounter Older Rocks
geologic unit.

Figure 3-5
REGIONAL HYDROGEOLOGIC
CROSS SECTION B-B'
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

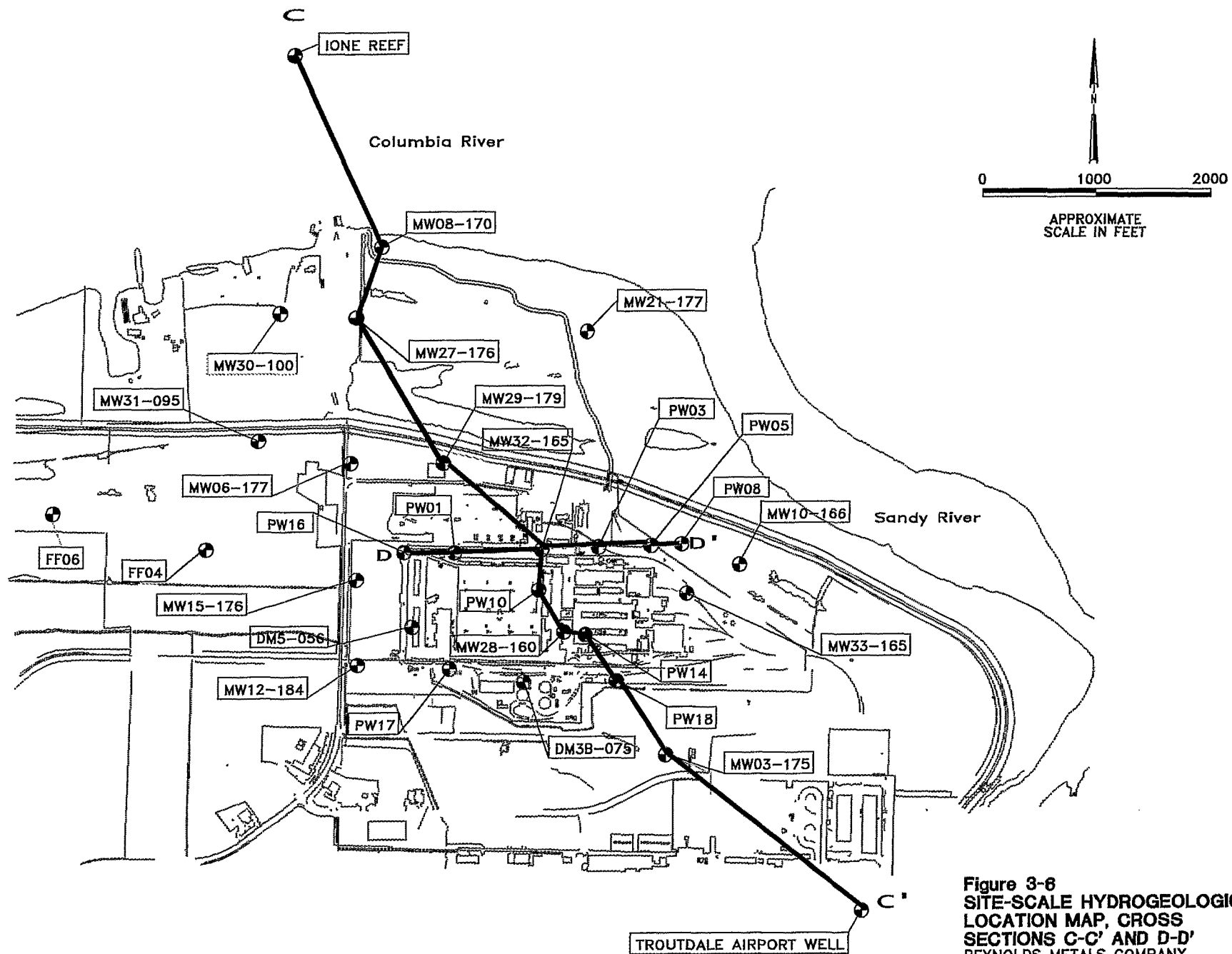
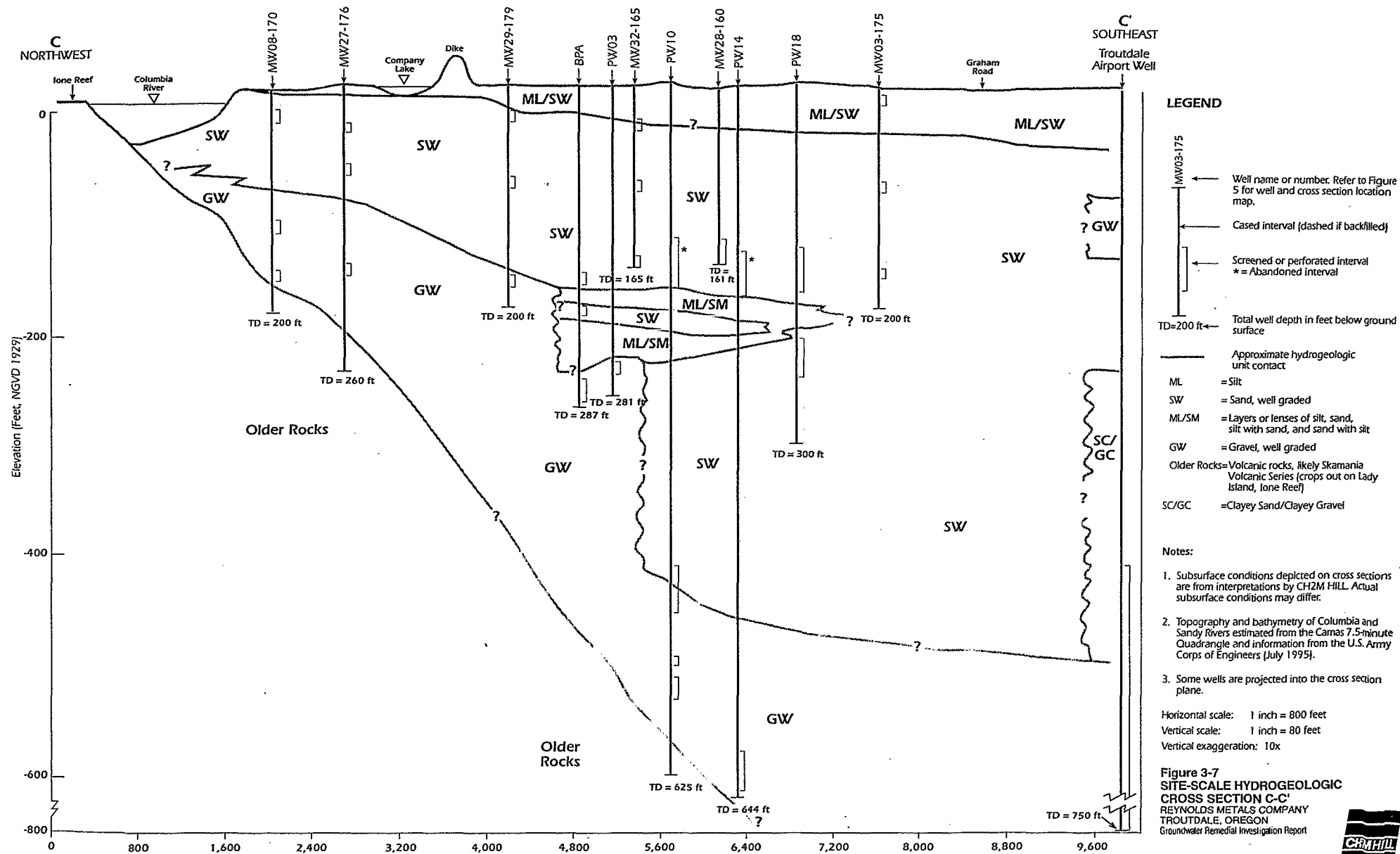
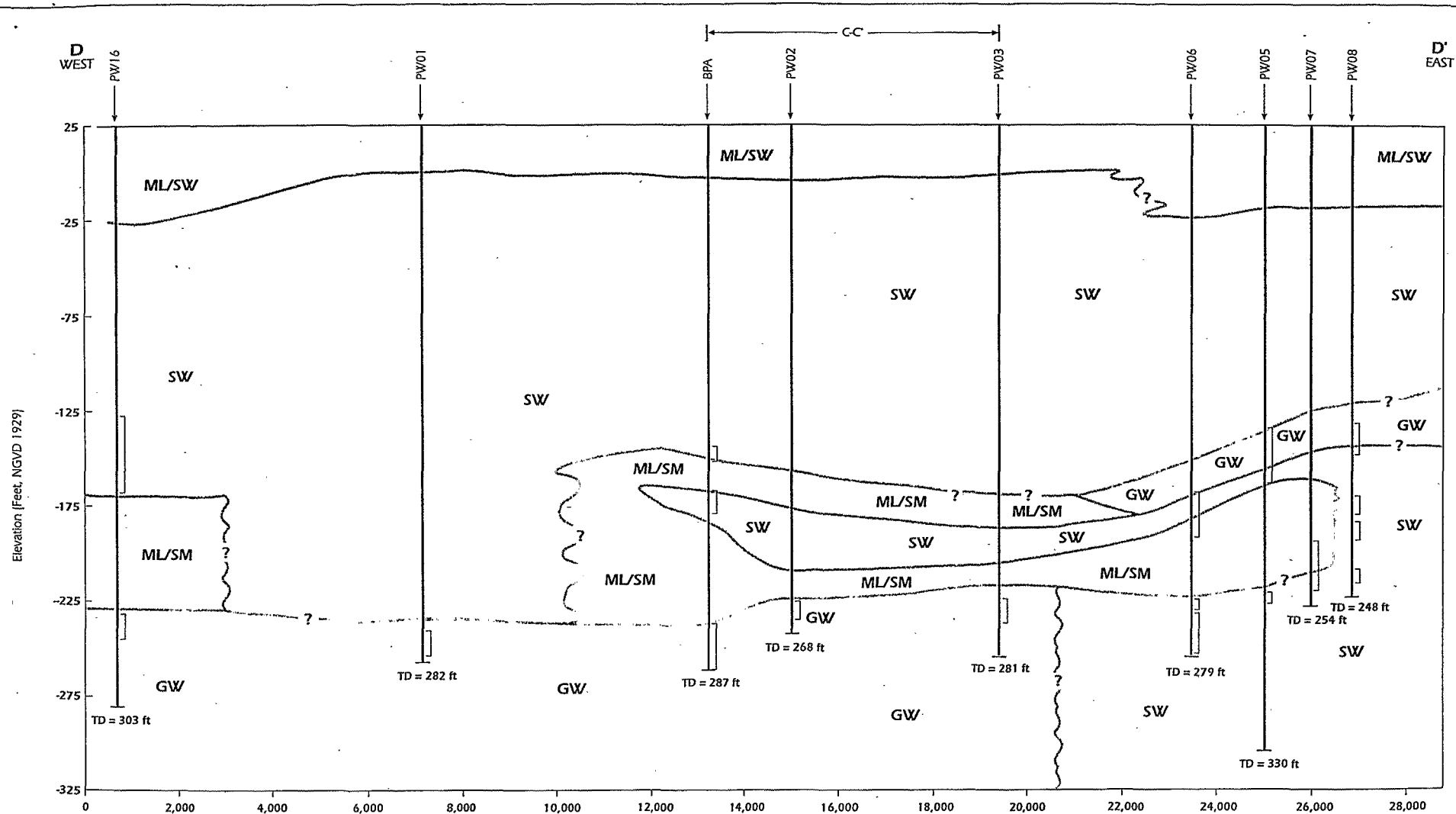


Figure 3-6
 SITE-SCALE HYDROGEOLOGIC
 LOCATION MAP, CROSS
 SECTIONS C-C' AND D-D'
 REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
 TROUTDALE, OREGON
 Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report







LEGEND

PW16
 Well name or number. Refer to Figure 5 for well and cross section location map.
 Cased interval (dashed if backfilled)
 Screened or perforated interval
 Total borehole depth in feet below ground surface (base of solid line is total well completion depth)
 TD = 200 ft

Approximate hydrogeologic unit contact
 Approximate fault trace
 Horizontal scale: 1 inch = 2,000 feet
 Vertical scale: 1 inch = 50 feet
 Vertical exaggeration: 40x

ML = Silt
 SW = Sand, well graded
 ML/SM = Layers or lenses of silt, sand, silt with sand, and sand with silt
 GW = Gravel, well graded
 Older Rocks = Volcanic rocks, likely Skamania Volcanic Series (crops out on Lady Island, Lone Reef)

Notes:

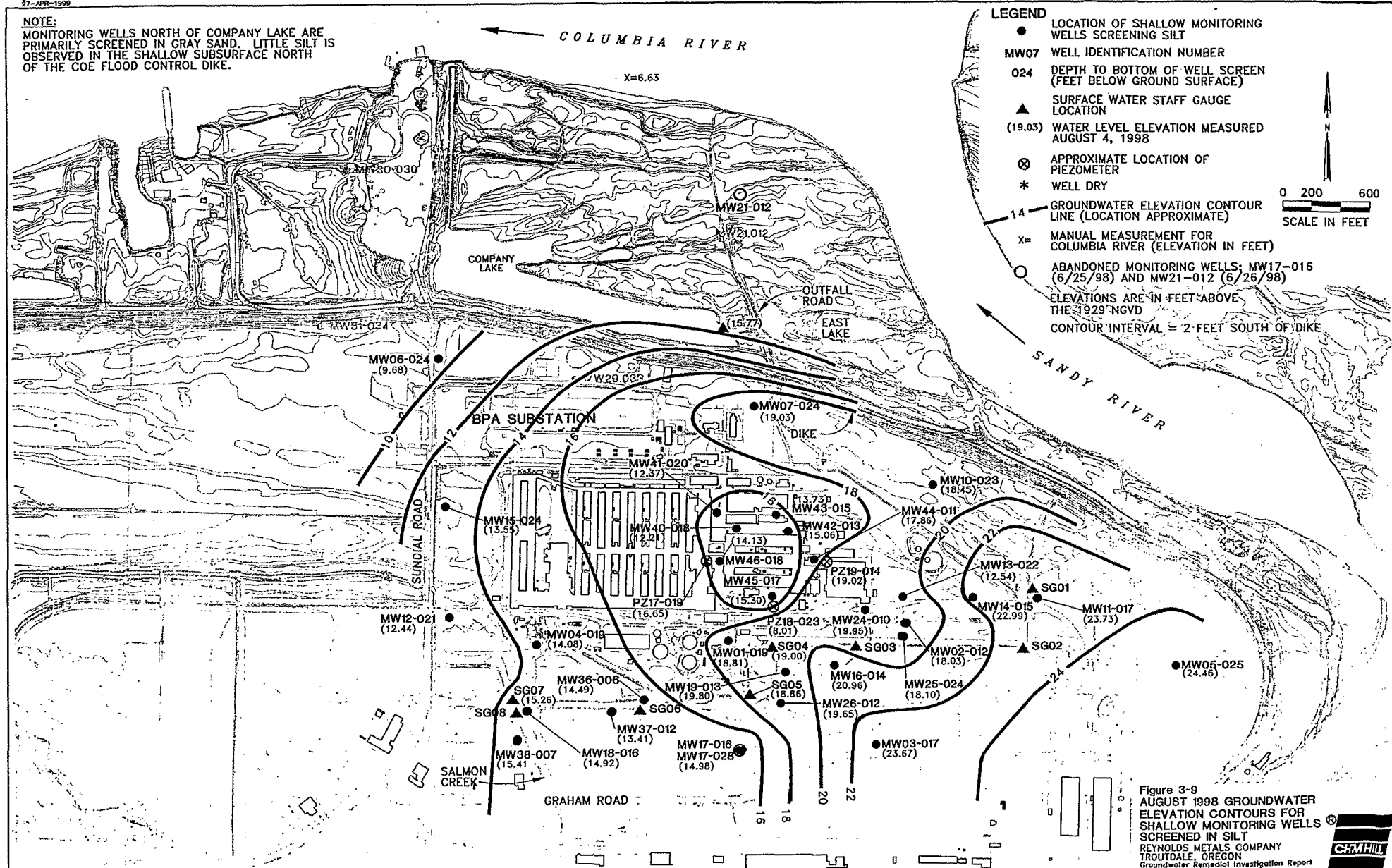
1. Subsurface conditions depicted on cross sections are from interpretations by CH2M HILL. Actual subsurface conditions may differ.
2. Topography and bathymetry of Columbia and Sandy Rivers estimated from the Camas 7.5-minute Quadrangle and information from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (July 1995).
3. Some wells are projected into the cross section plane.

Figure 3-8
 SITE-SCALE HYDROGEOLOGIC
 CROSS SECTION D-D'
 REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
 TROUTDALE, OREGON
 Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report



37-APR-1999

NOTE:
MONITORING WELLS NORTH OF COMPANY LAKE ARE
PRIMARILY SCREENED IN GRAY SAND. LITTLE SILT IS
OBSERVED IN THE SHALLOW SUBSURFACE NORTH
OF THE COE FLOOD CONTROL DIKE.



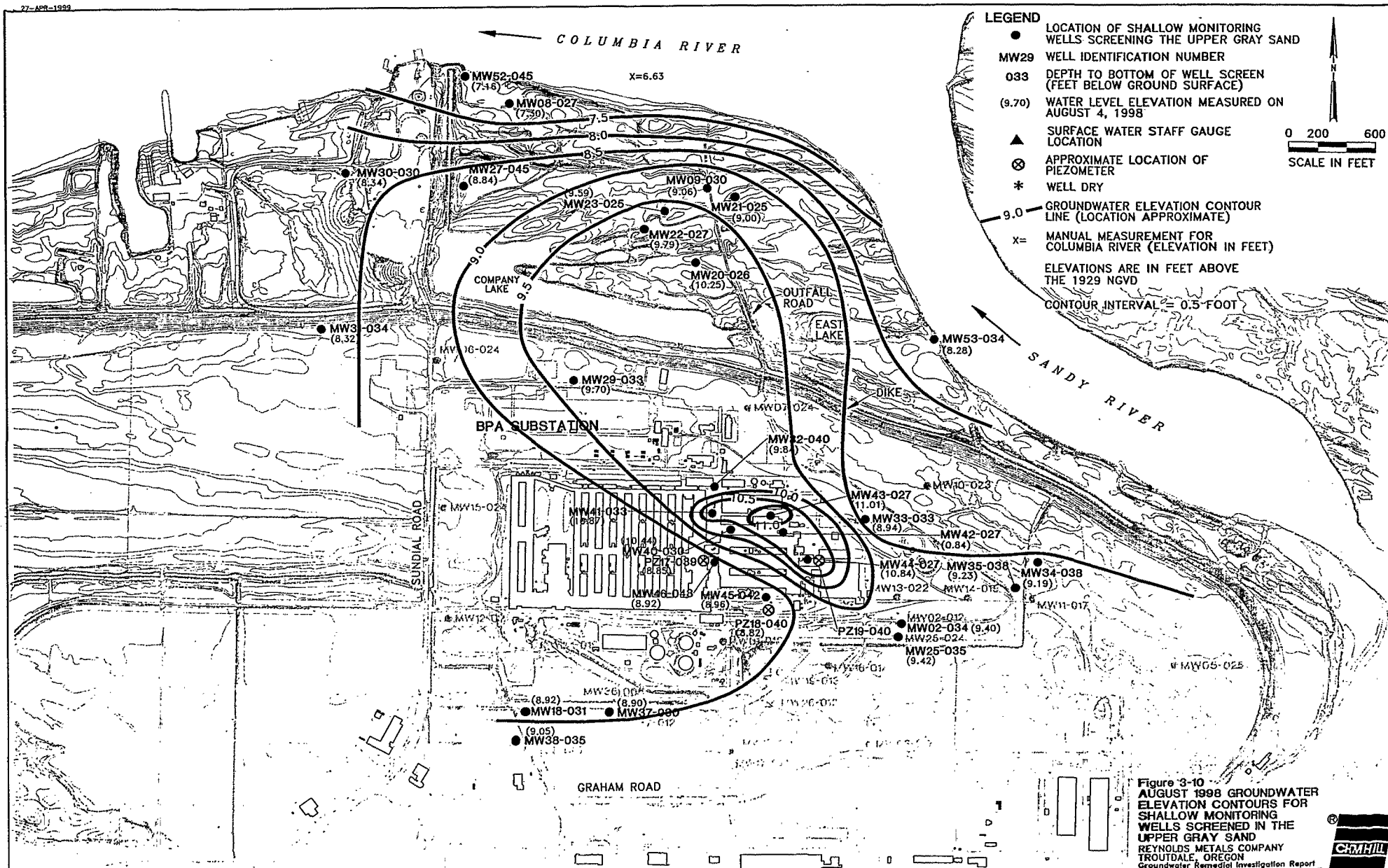


Figure 3-10
AUGUST 1998 GROUNDWATER
ELEVATION CONTOURS FOR
SHALLOW MONITORING
WELLS SCREENED IN THE
UPPER GRAY SAND
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report



NOTE:
INTERMEDIATE-DEPTH MONITORING WELLS ARE GENERALLY
SCREENED IN GRAY UNCONSOLIDATED SAND 80 TO
100 FEET BELOW GROUND SURFACE.

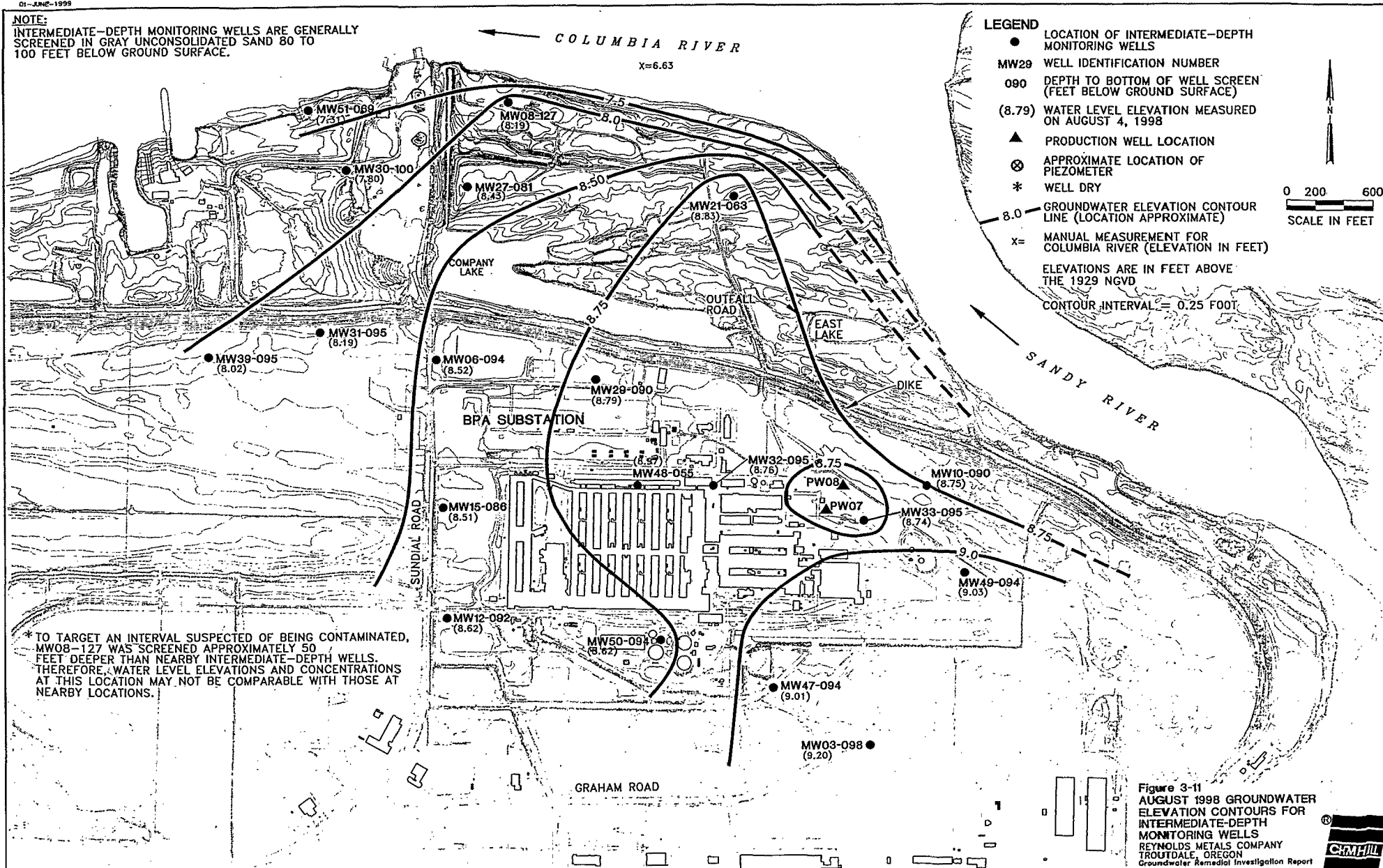


Figure 3-11
AUGUST 1998 GROUNDWATER
ELEVATION CONTOURS FOR
INTERMEDIATE-DEPTH
MONITORING WELLS
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

01-JUNE-1999

NOTE:

DEEP MONITORING WELLS ARE SCREENED 150 TO 180 FEET BELOW GROUND SURFACE. SCREENED MATERIALS ARE PRIMARILY GRAY SAND TO THE SOUTH, SAND AND GRAVEL TO THE NORTH.

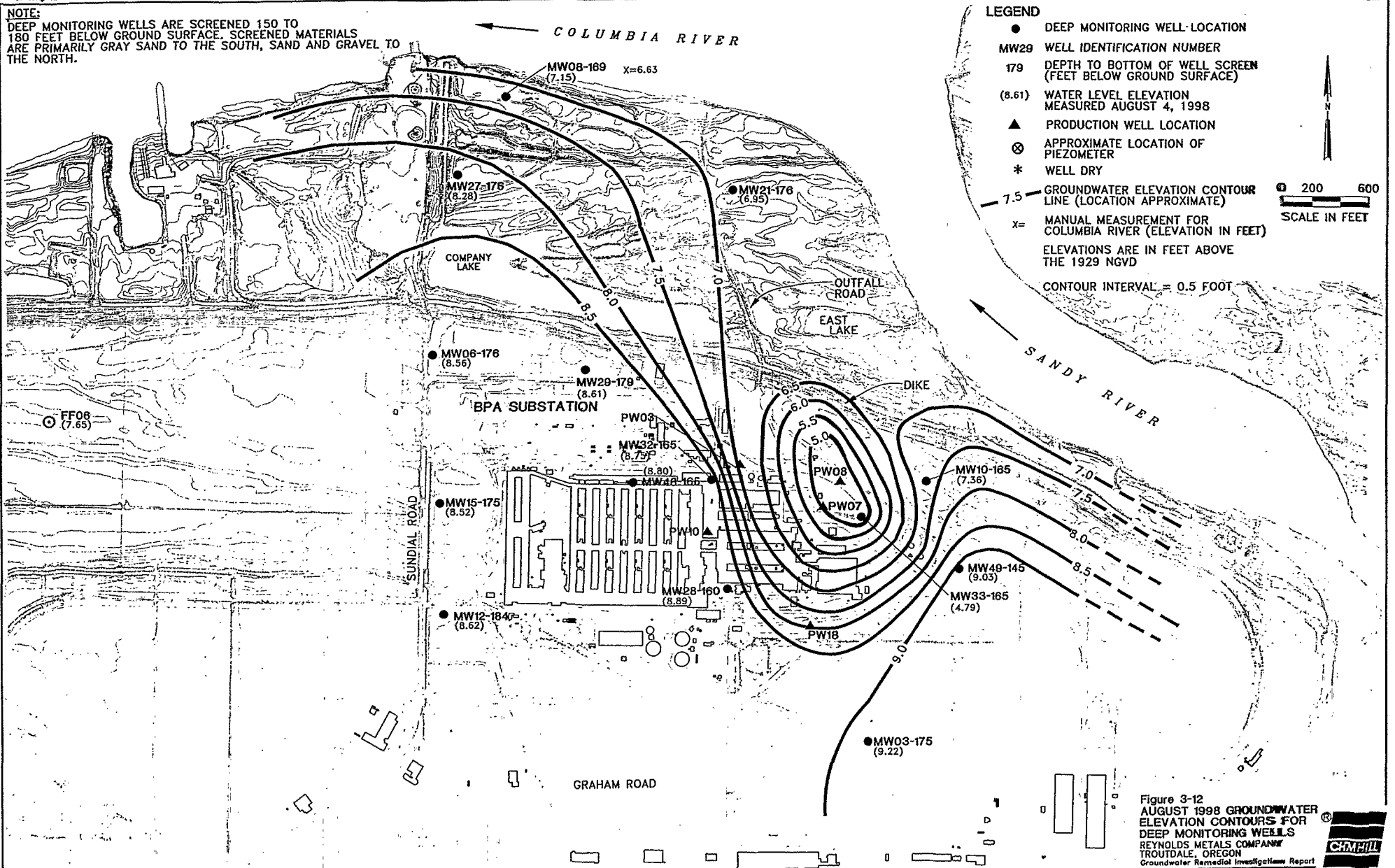
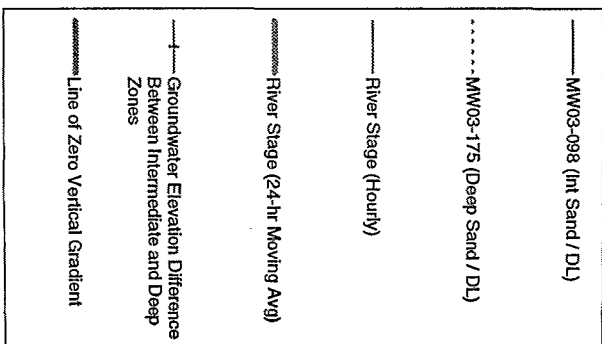
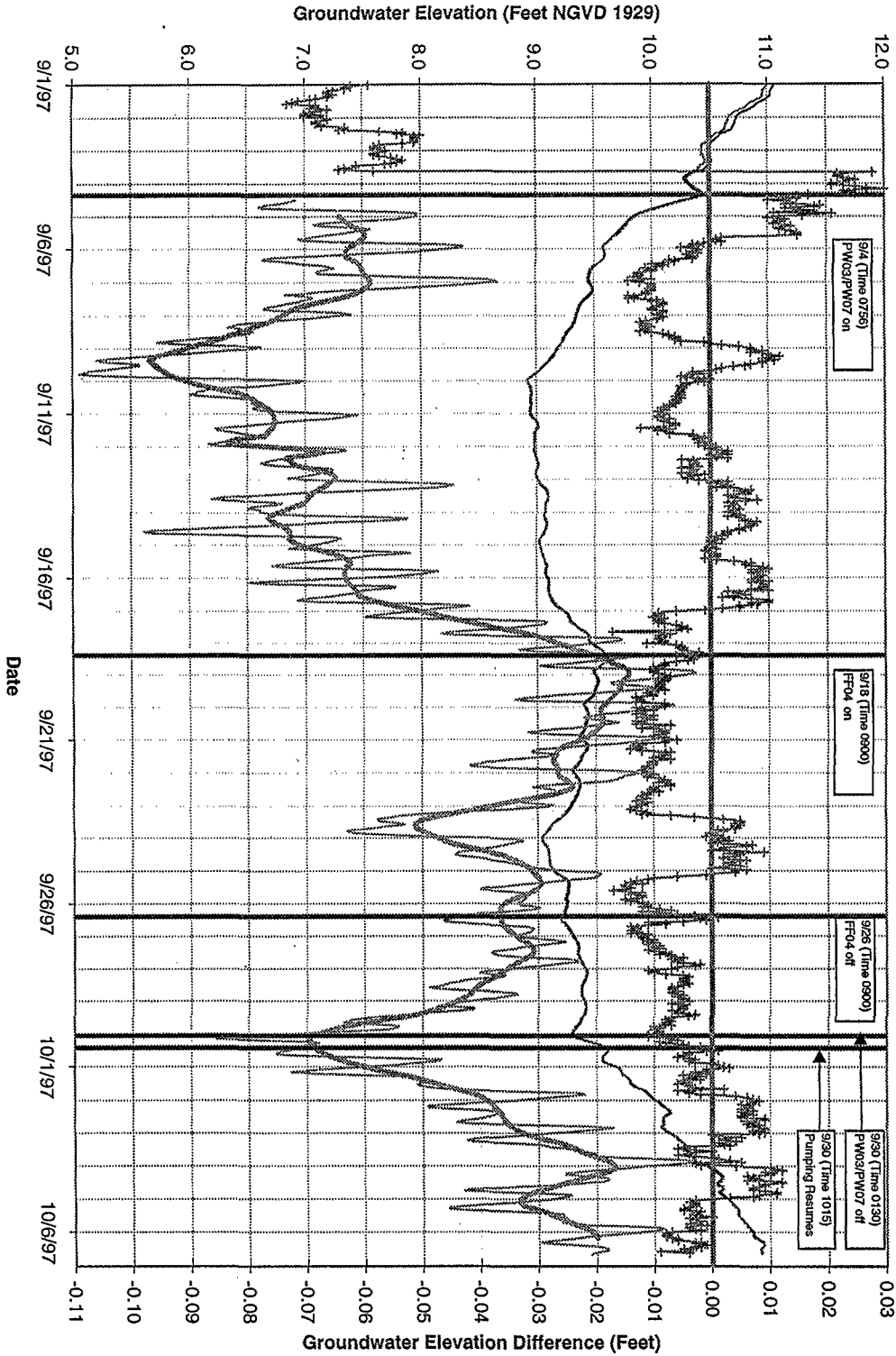


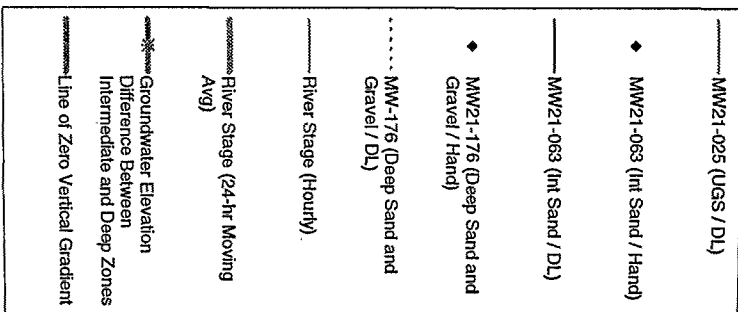
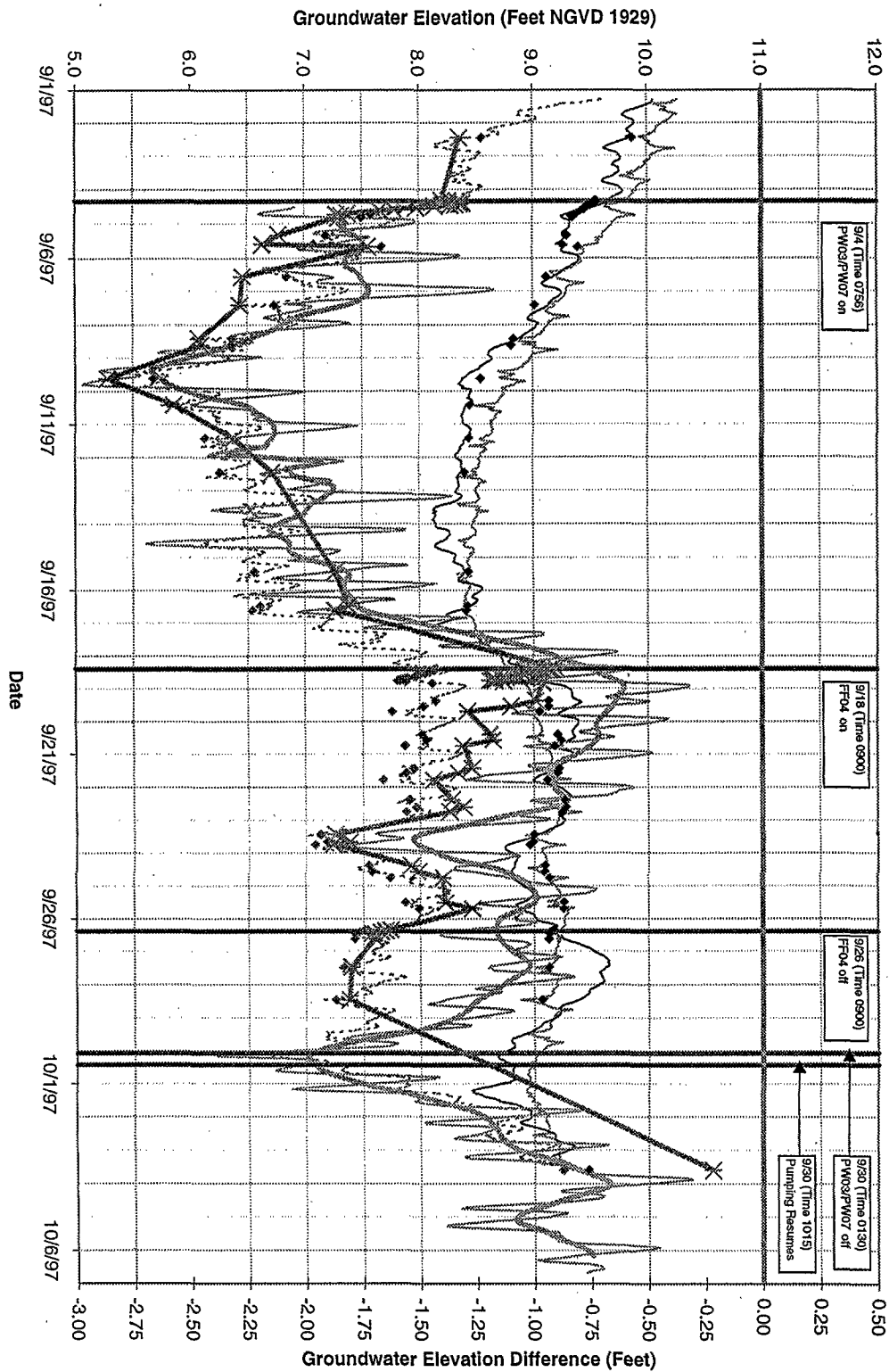
Figure 3-12
AUGUST 1998 GROUNDWATER
ELEVATION CONTOURS FOR
DEEP MONITORING WELLS
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remediation Report





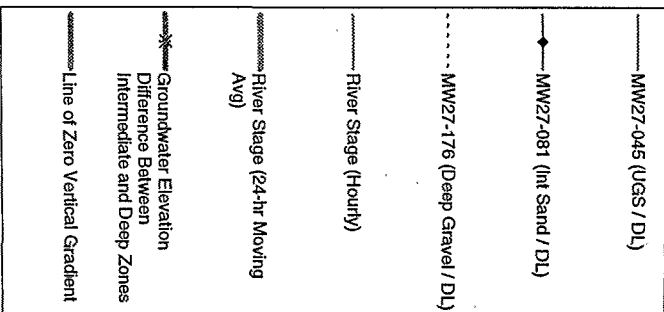
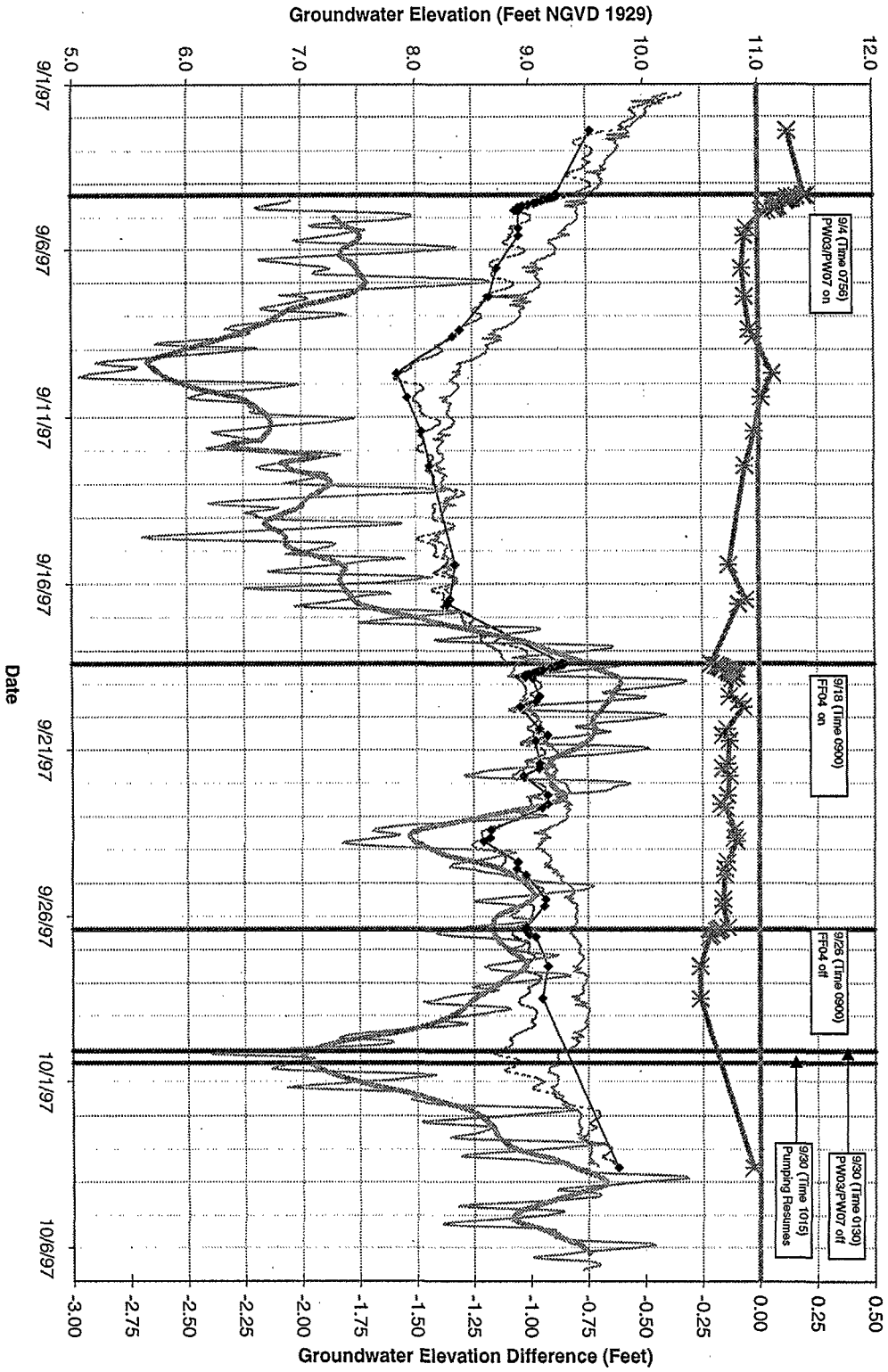
Note: Positive values of the groundwater elevation difference indicate an upward gradient.

Figure 3-13
Groundwater Elevations And Vertical
Gradients at MW03 Well Cluster
During Fairview Farms Aquifer Test
Reynolds Metals Company - Troutdale, Oregon
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report



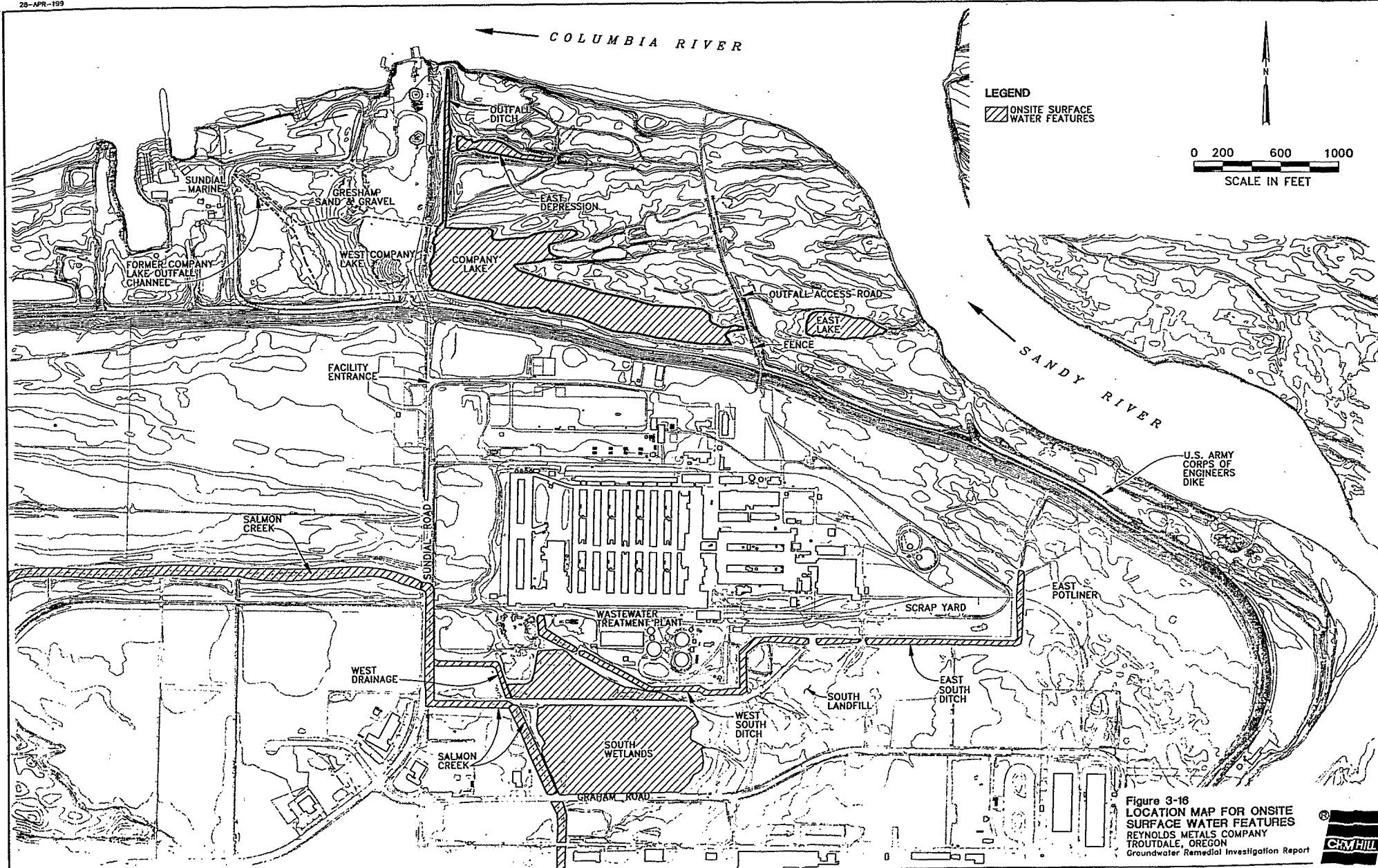
Note: Positive values of the groundwater elevation difference indicate an upward gradient.

Figure 3-14
Groundwater Elevations And Vertical Gradients at MW21 Well Cluster During Fairview Farms Aquifer Test Reynolds Metals Company - Troutdale, Oregon Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report



Note: Positive values of the groundwater elevation difference indicate an upward gradient.

Figure 3-15
Groundwater Elevations And Vertical Gradients at MW27 Well Cluster During Fairview Farms Aquifer Test Reynolds Metals Company - Troutdale, Oregon Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report



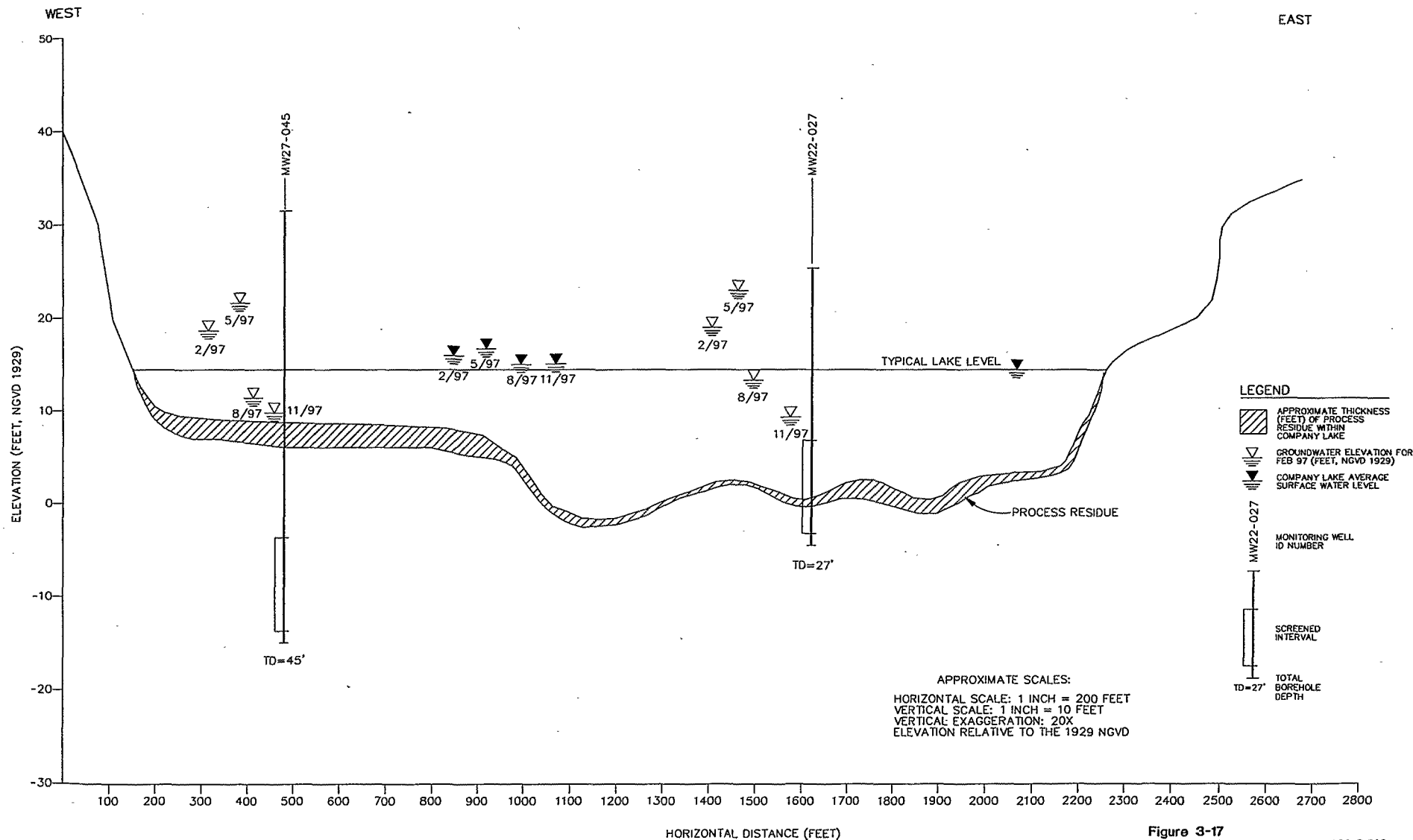


Figure 3-17
COMPANY LAKE HYDROGEOLOGIC
CROSS SECTION
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report



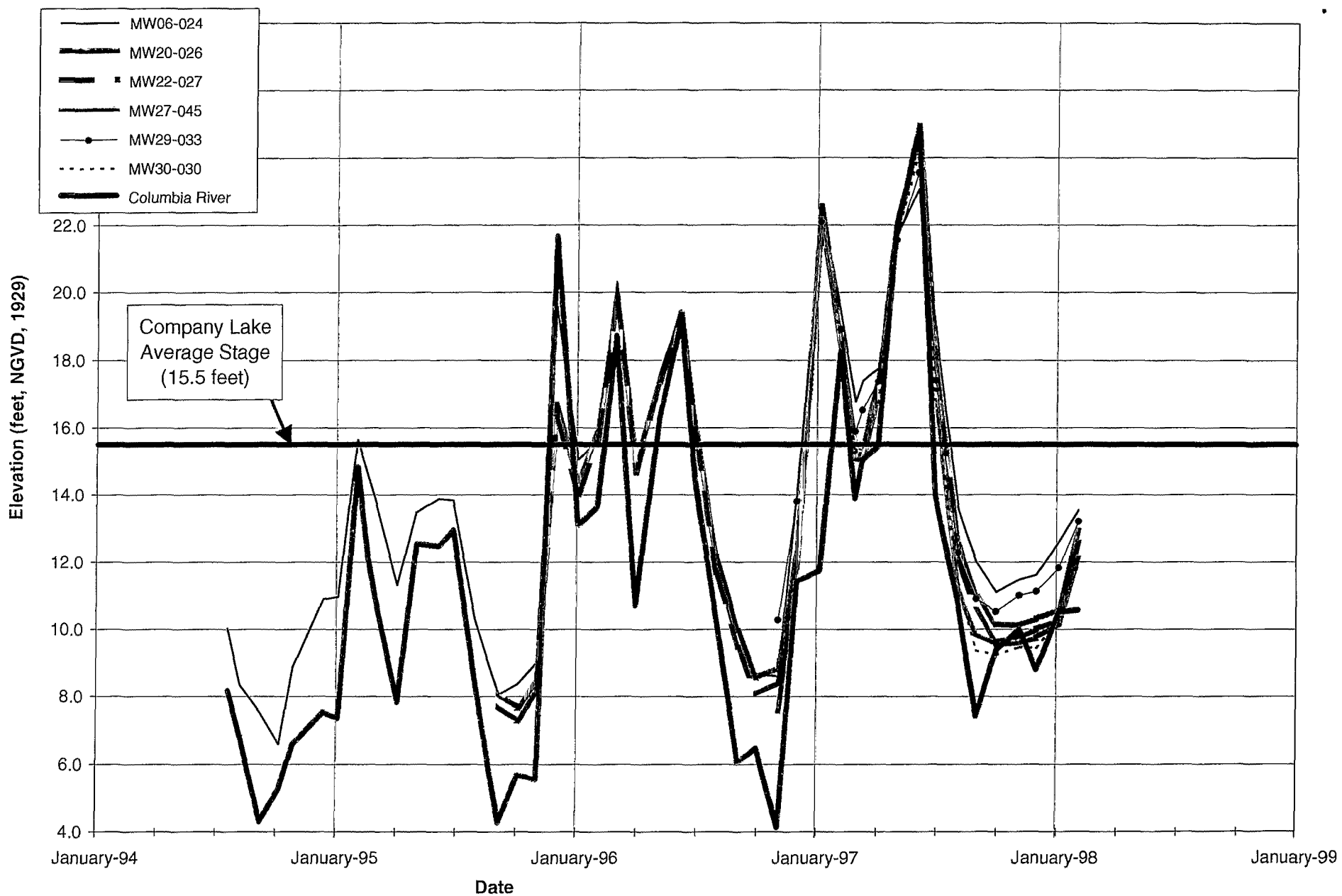


Figure 3-18

Company Lake Stage And UGS Groundwater Elevations

Reynolds Metals Company (Troutdale, Oregon)

Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

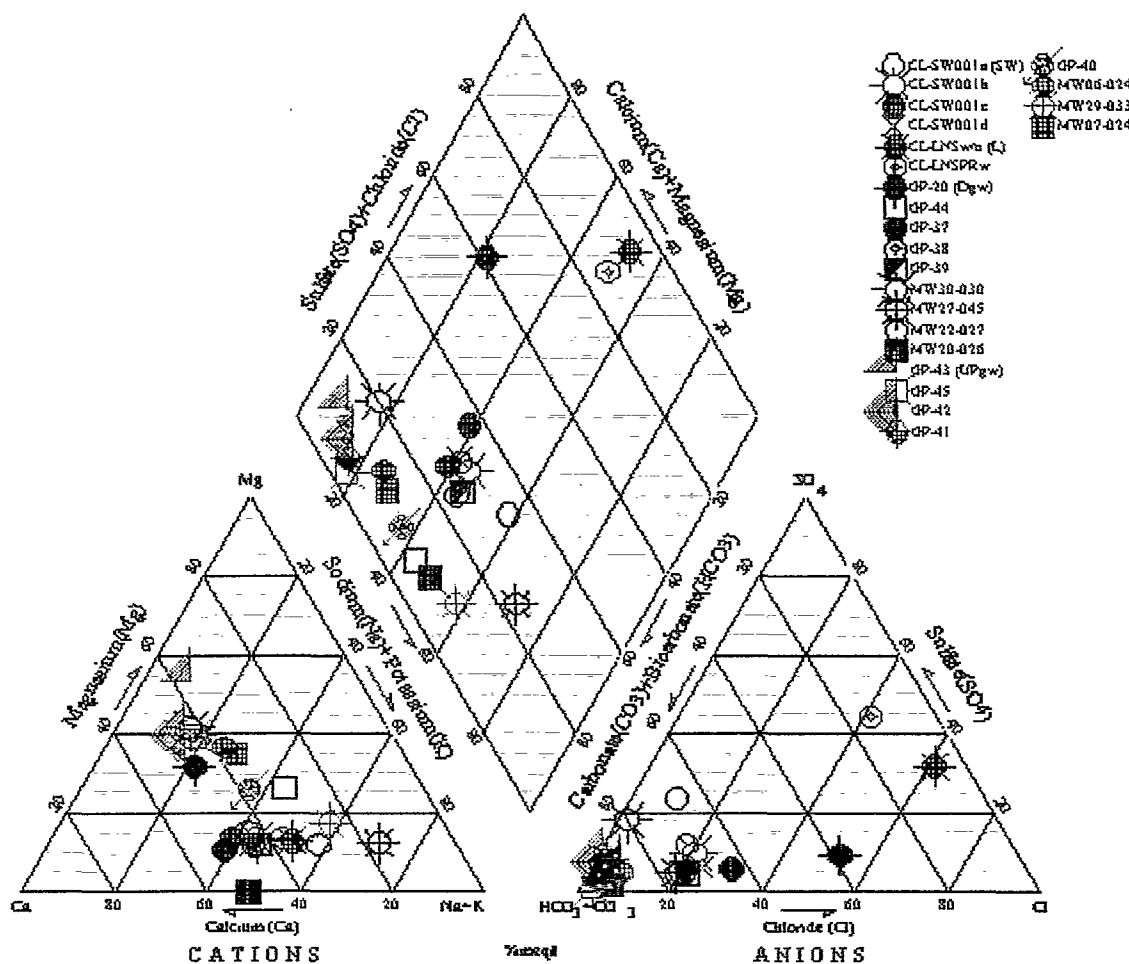
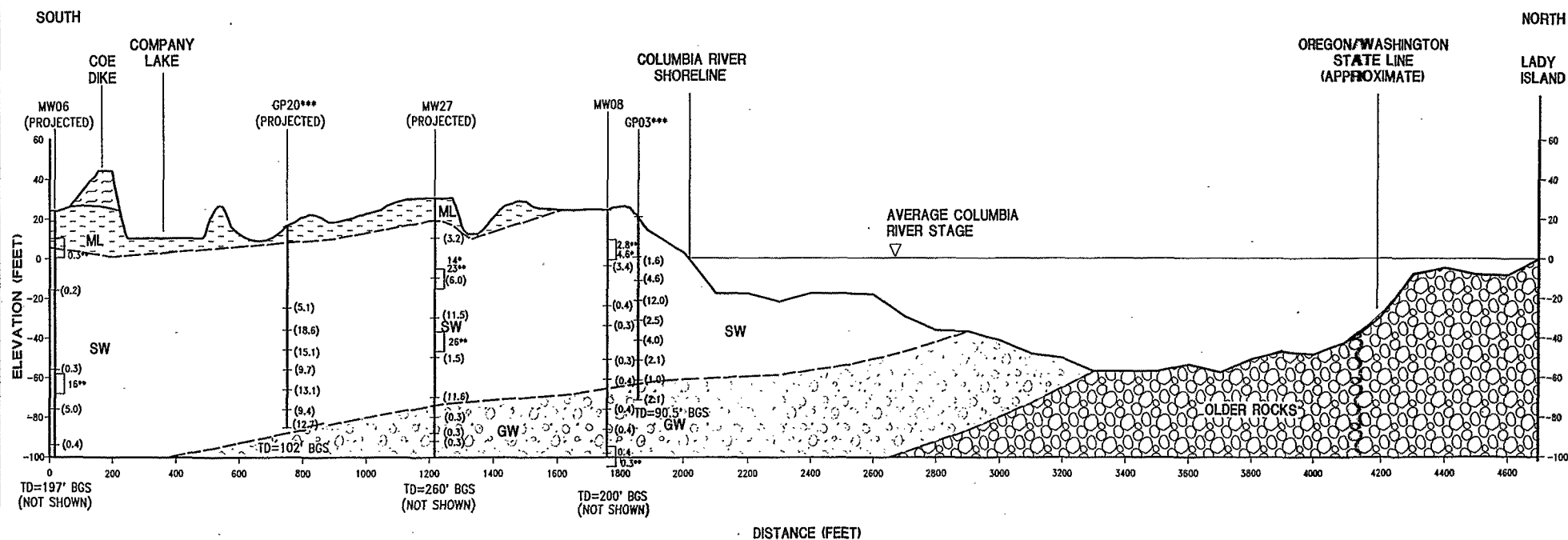


Figure 3-19
Water Chemistry in the Vicinity of Company Lake
Reynolds Metals Company
Troutdale, Oregon
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

01-JUNE-1999



LEGEND

- GW = GRAVEL, WELL GRADED
- SW = SAND, WELL GRADED
- ML = SILT
- OLDER ROCKS = VOLCANIC ROCKS, LIKELY SKAMANIA VOLCANIC SERIES (CROPS OUT ON LADY ISLAND, LONE REEF)
- GEOLOGIC BOUNDARIES (APPROXIMATE)

NOTES:

- () FIELD MEASURED FLUORIDE CONCENTRATION OBTAINED FROM SCREENING BOREHOLE WATER SAMPLES WITH AN ORION FLUORIDE PROBE DURING PHASES 1 and 1A (FROM APRIL TO DECEMBER 1996) AND GEOPROBE INSTALLATIONS DURING SPRING/SUMMER 1997
- * NOVEMBER 1996 LAB-MEASURED FLUORIDE CONCENTRATION DATA (mg/L)
- ** AUGUST 1997 LAB-MEASURED FLUORIDE CONCENTRATION DATA (mg/L)
- *** NO STRATIGRAPHIC DATA WERE COLLECTED AT GP20 AND GP03
- BGS BELOW THE GROUND SURFACE
- COE U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
- TD TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL OR GEOPROBE IN FEET BELOW GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION

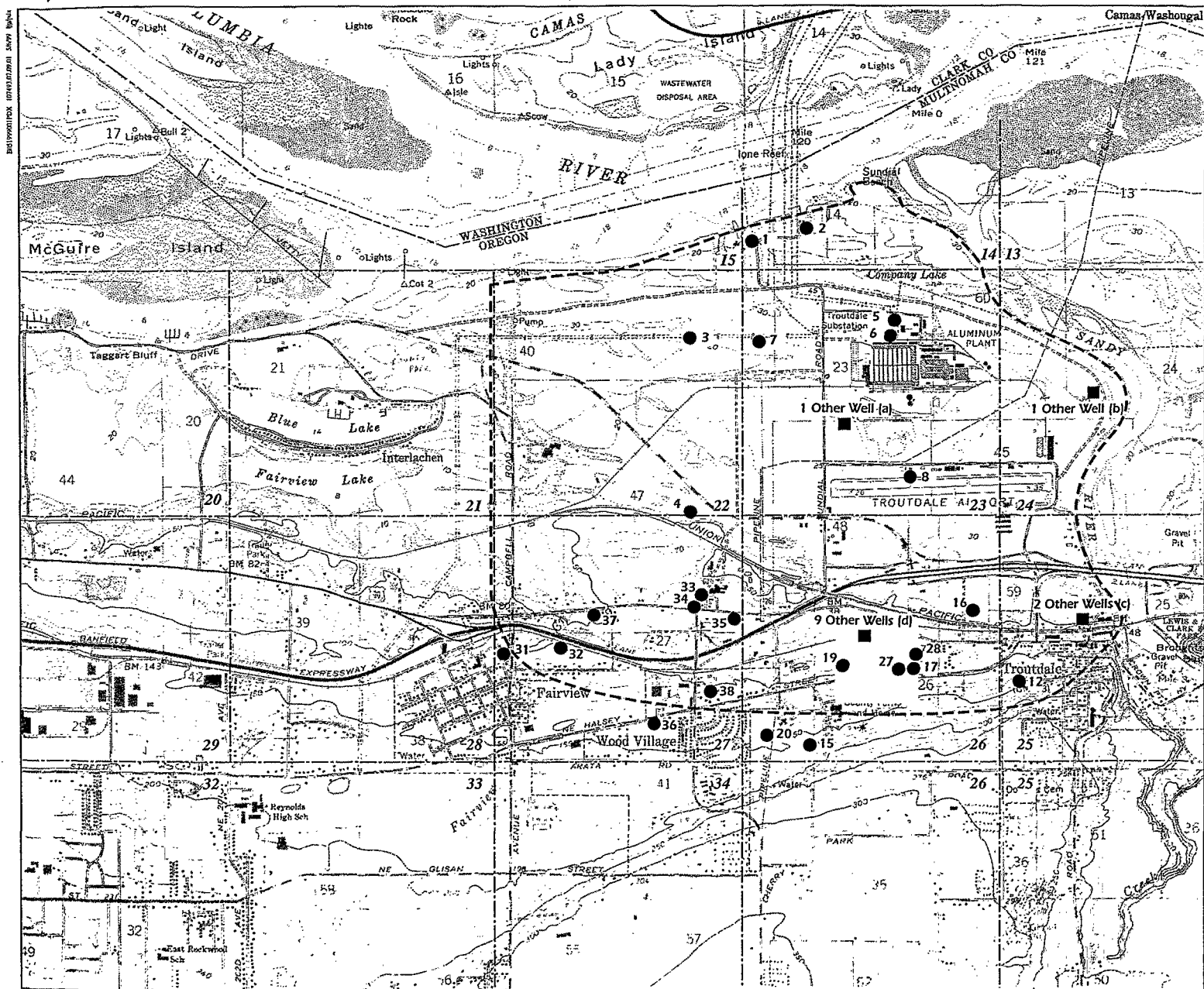
VERTICAL SCALE: 1"=50'
HORIZONTAL SCALE: 1"=400'

BATHYMETRIC SURVEY SOURCE:
CHANNEL STATUS COLUMBIA RIVER-MOUTH OF THE COLUMBIA TO
BONNEVILLE DAM, US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEBRUARY 1997

VERTICAL EXAGGERATION: 8X
ELEVATION RELATIVE TO THE 1929 NGVD

Figure 3-20
SCHEMATIC GEOLOGIC AND BATHYMETRIC
CROSS SECTION FOR COLUMBIA RIVER
(CORPS OF ENGINEERS DIKE
TO NORTHERN SHORELINE)
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report





LEGEND

19 ● Well identified by Oregon Water Resources Department (OWRD) according to well inventory number (WIN). Water wells located within a 1-mile radius of site (see Table 3-10 and Appendix D). Wells located to the nearest 1/4-1/4 section.

9 Other Wells ■ Number of wells in this section identified by OWRD water well reports and potentially located within 1-mile radius of site (see Table 3-10 and Appendix D). Exact locations are unknown.

- (a) WIN-9
- (b) WIN-11
- (c) WIN-13, WIN-14
- (d) WIN-18, WIN-21, WIN-22, WIN-23, WIN-24, WIN-25, WIN-26, WIN-29, WIN-30

--- Approximate 1-mile radius around industrial site boundary, Columbia River to the north, and Sandy River to the east.

Notes:

1. Wells identified outside the 1-mile radius are used for hydrogeologic cross section information. OWRD well reports are provided in Appendix D.
2. Rivers are assumed to be boundaries to groundwater flow. No water wells considered if located on east side of Sandy River or north side of Columbia River.

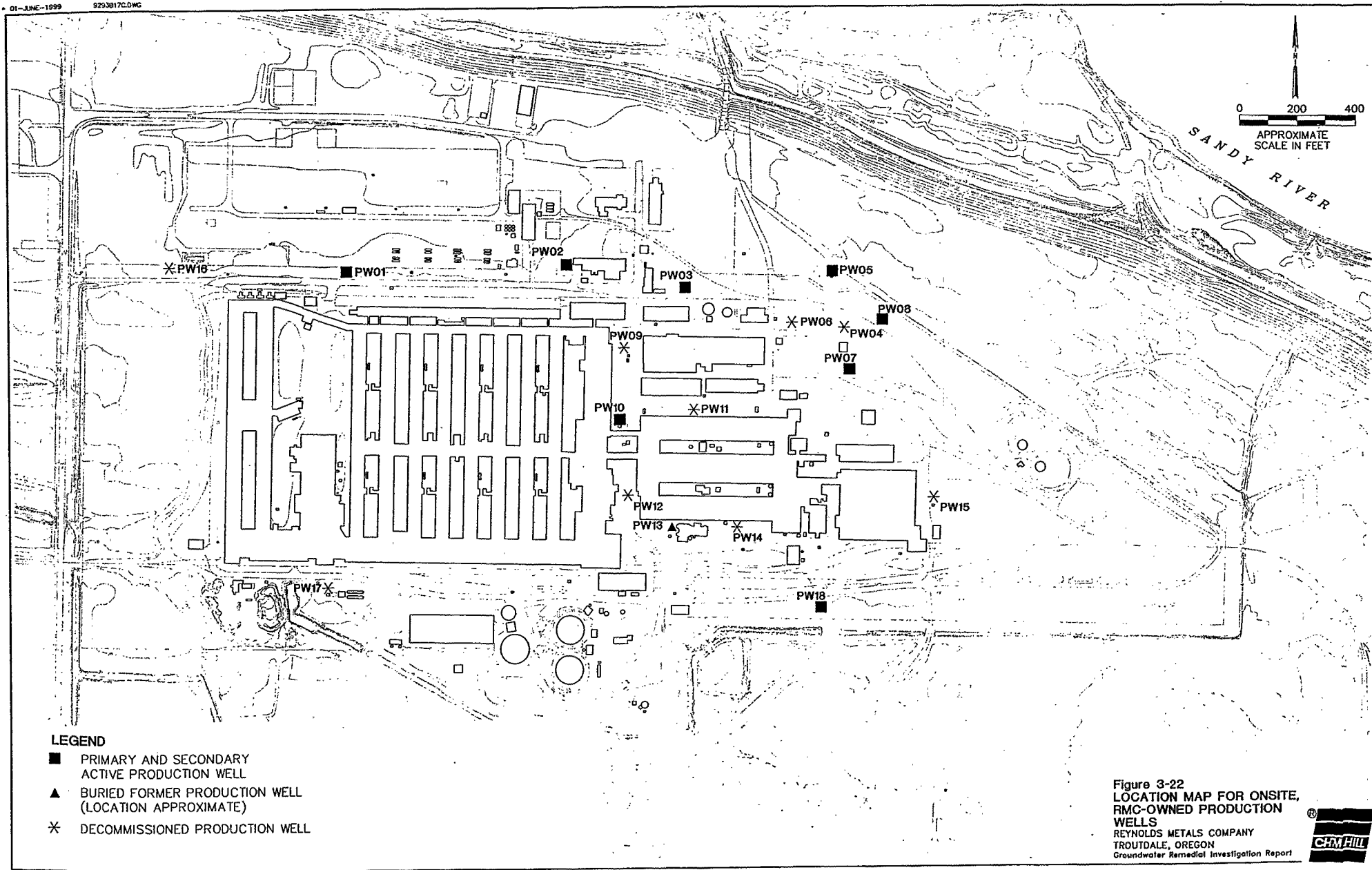
Base map: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 minute Camas, Washington Quadrangle. Photo revised 1970 and 1975. Contour interval: 10 feet.



0 2,000 Feet
Approximate Scale

Figure 3-21
LOCATION MAP FOR OFFSITE
WATER WELLS LOCATED WITHIN
A 1-MILE RADIUS OF RMC SITE
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report





LEGEND

- PRIMARY AND SECONDARY ACTIVE PRODUCTION WELL
- ▲ BURIED FORMER PRODUCTION WELL (LOCATION APPROXIMATE)
- ✕ DECOMMISSIONED PRODUCTION WELL

Figure 3-22
LOCATION MAP FOR ONSITE,
RMC-OWNED PRODUCTION
WELLS
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report



SECTION 4

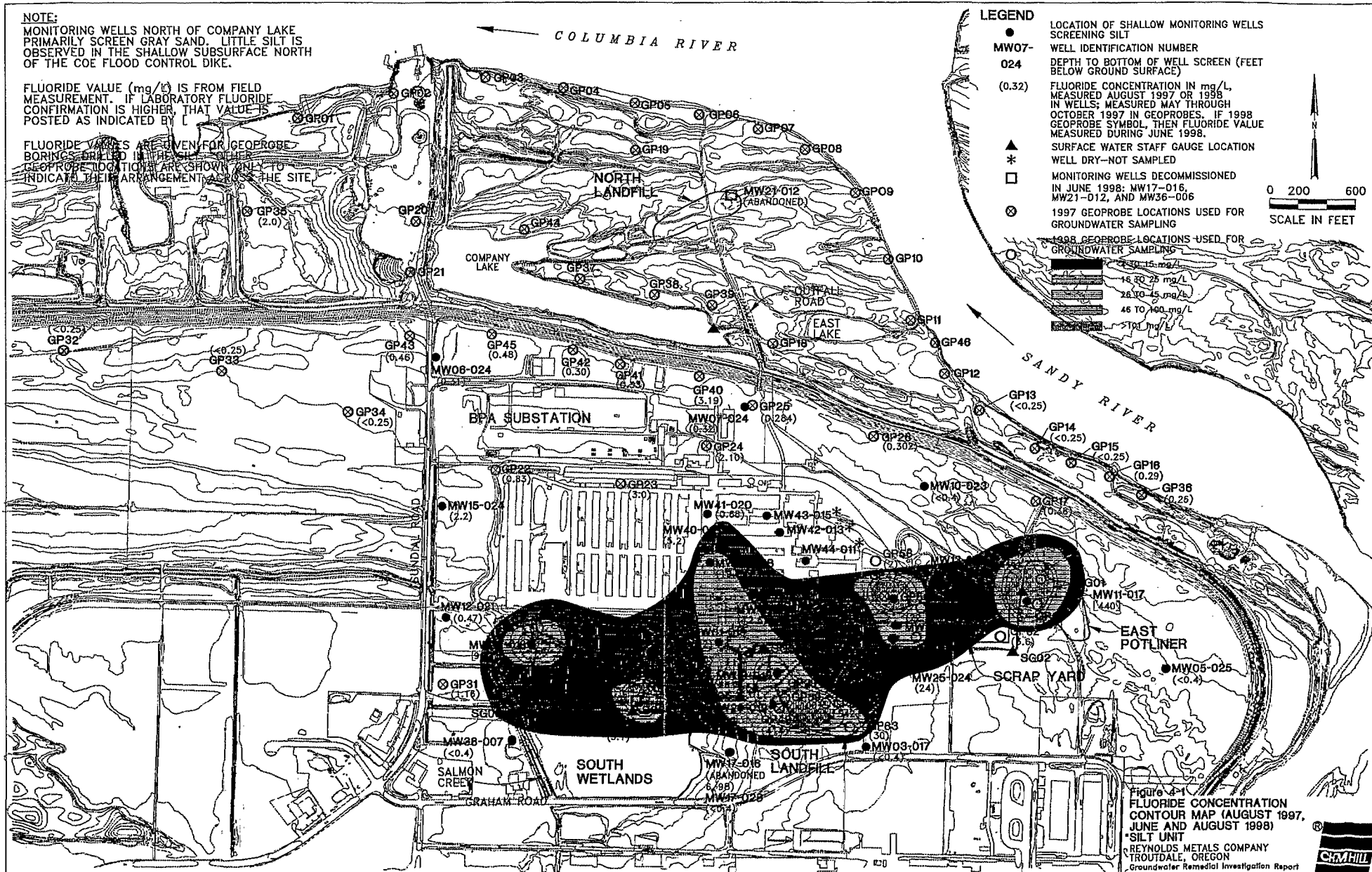
Nature and Extent of Constituents of Potential Concern

13-MAY-199

NOTE:
MONITORING WELLS NORTH OF COMPANY LAKE
PRIMARILY SCREEN GRAY SAND. LITTLE SILT IS
OBSERVED IN THE SHALLOW SUBSURFACE NORTH
OF THE COE FLOOD CONTROL DIKE.

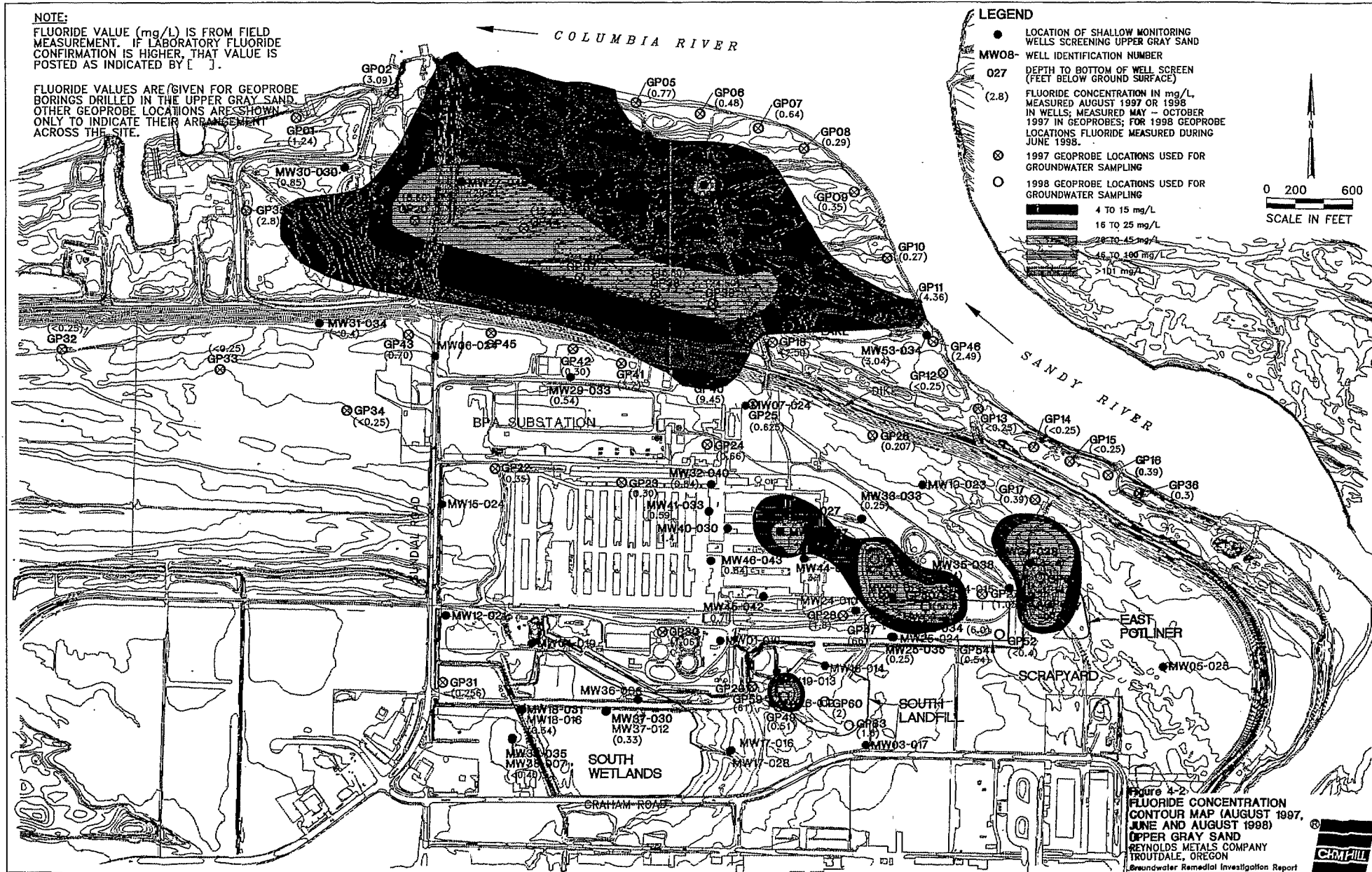
FLUORIDE VALUE (mg/L) IS FROM FIELD
MEASUREMENT. IF LABORATORY FLUORIDE
CONFIRMATION IS HIGHER, THAT VALUE IS
POSTED AS INDICATED BY L

FLUORIDE VALUES ARE GIVEN FOR GEOPROBE
BORINGS DRILLED IN THE AREA
GEOPROBE LOCATIONS ARE SHOWN ONLY TO
INDICATE THEIR ARRANGEMENT ACROSS THE SITE



NOTE:
FLUORIDE VALUE (mg/L) IS FROM FIELD MEASUREMENT. IF LABORATORY FLUORIDE CONFIRMATION IS HIGHER, THAT VALUE IS POSTED AS INDICATED BY [].

FLUORIDE VALUES ARE GIVEN FOR GEOPROBE BORINGS DRILLED IN THE UPPER GRAY SAND. OTHER GEOPROBE LOCATIONS ARE SHOWN ONLY TO INDICATE THEIR ARRANGEMENT ACROSS THE SITE.



INTERMEDIATE-DEPTH MONITORING WELLS ARE GENERALLY SCREENED IN GRAY UNCONSOLIDATED SAND 80 TO 100 FEET BELOW GROUND SURFACE.

FLUORIDE VALUE (mg/L) IS FROM FIELD MEASUREMENT.
IF LABORATORY FLUORIDE CONFIRMATION IS HIGHER,
THAT VALUE IS POSTED AS INDICATED BY []

FLUORIDE VALUES ARE GIVEN FOR SEEPROBE & BORINGS DRILLED IN INTERMEDIATE DEPTH SAND. OTHER SEEPROBE LOCATIONS ARE SHOWN ONLY TO INDICATE THEIR ARRANGEMENT ACROSS THE SITE.

● INTERMEDIATE-DEPTH MONITORING
WELL LOCATION

MW08- WELL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

127 DEPTH TO BOTTOM OF WELL SCREEN
(FEET BELOW GROUND SURFACE)

(0.32) FLUORIDE CONCENTRATION IN mg/L,
MEASURED AUGUST 1997 OR 1998
IN WELLS; MEASURED MAY - OCTOBER
1997 IN GEOPROBES. FOR 1998 GEOPROBE
LOCATIONS, FLUORIDE MEASURED DURING
JUNE 1998.

⊗ 1997 GEOPROBE LOCATIONS USED FOR
GROUNDWATER SAMPLING

○ 1998 GEOPROBE LOCATION
GROUNDWATER SAMPLING

0 200 600
SCALE IN FEET



NOTE:
DEEP MONITORING WELLS ARE SCREENED 150 TO 180 FEET BELOW GROUND SURFACE. SCREENED MATERIALS ARE PRIMARILY GRAY SAND TO THE SOUTH, SAND AND GRAVEL TO THE NORTH.

FLUORIDE VALUE (mg/L) IS FROM FIELD MEASUREMENT. IF LABORATORY FLUORIDE CONFIRMATION IS HIGHER, THAT VALUE IS POSTED AS INDICATED BY

FLUORIDE VALUES ARE GIVEN FOR GEOPROBE BORINGS DRILLED IN THE DEEP SAND. OTHER GEOPROBE LOCATIONS ARE SHOWN ONLY TO INDICATE THEIR ARRANGEMENT ACROSS THE

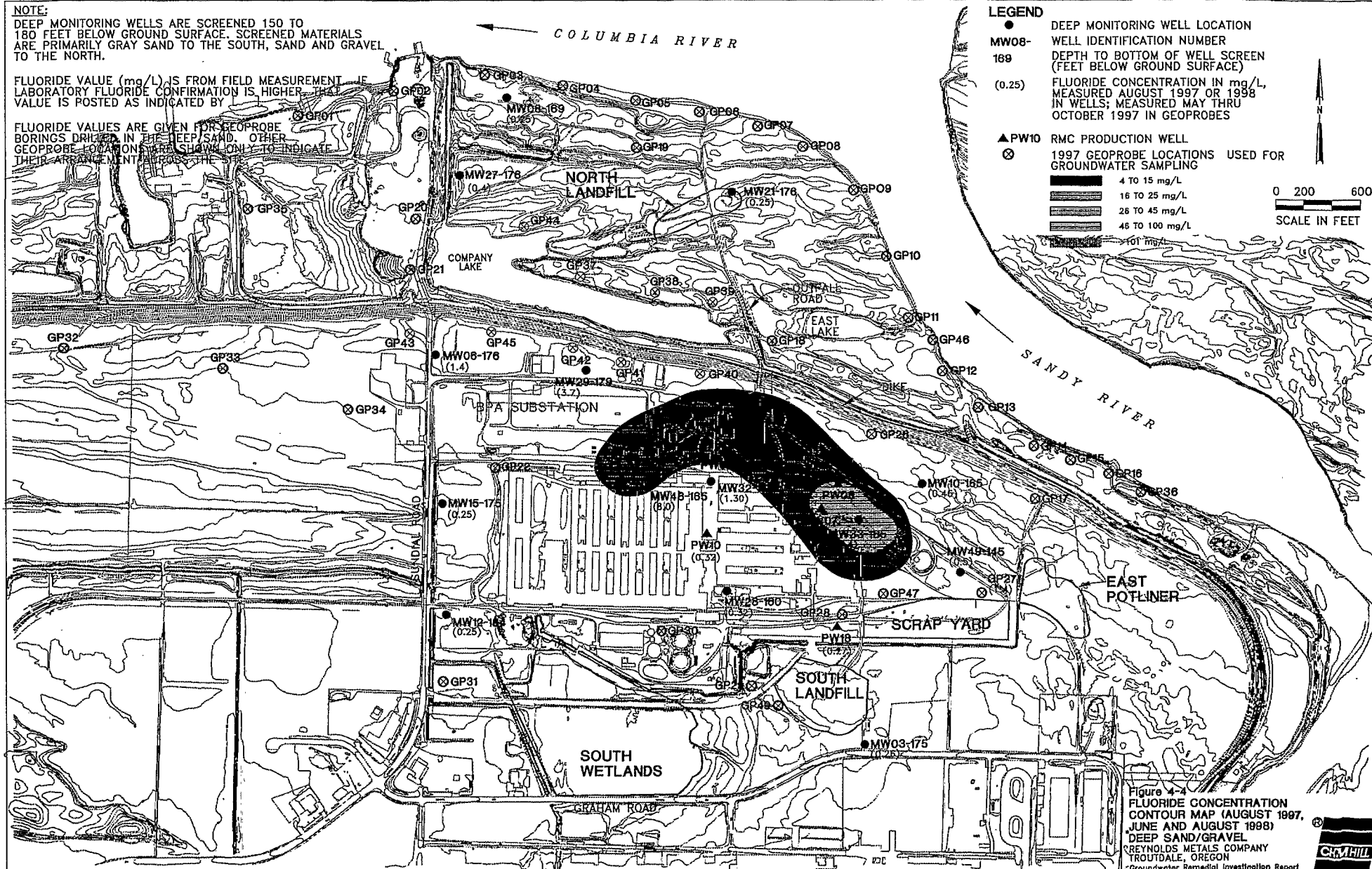
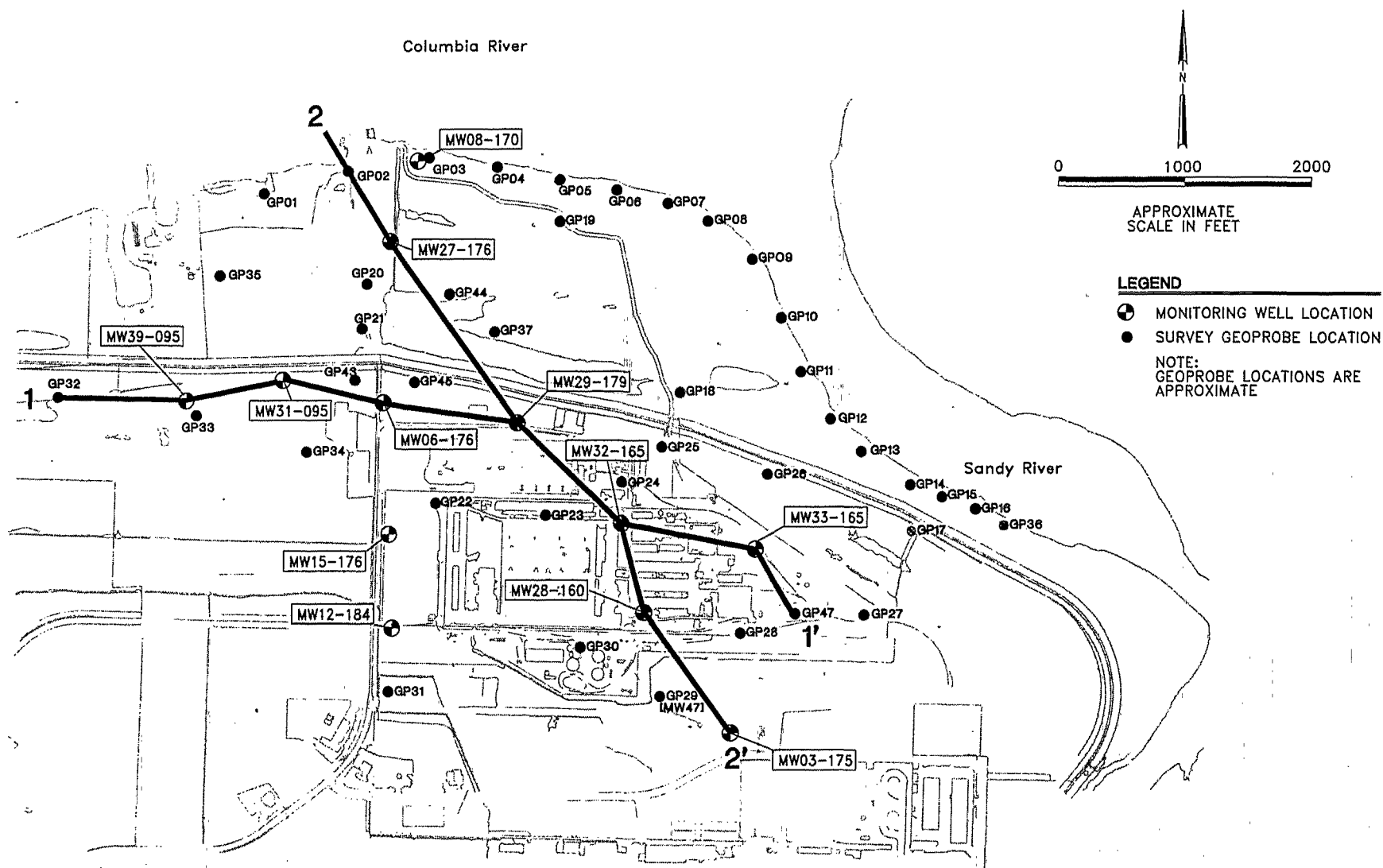


Figure 4-4
FLUORIDE CONCENTRATION
CONTOUR MAP (AUGUST 1997,
JUNE AND AUGUST 1998)
DEEP SAND/GRAVEL
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report





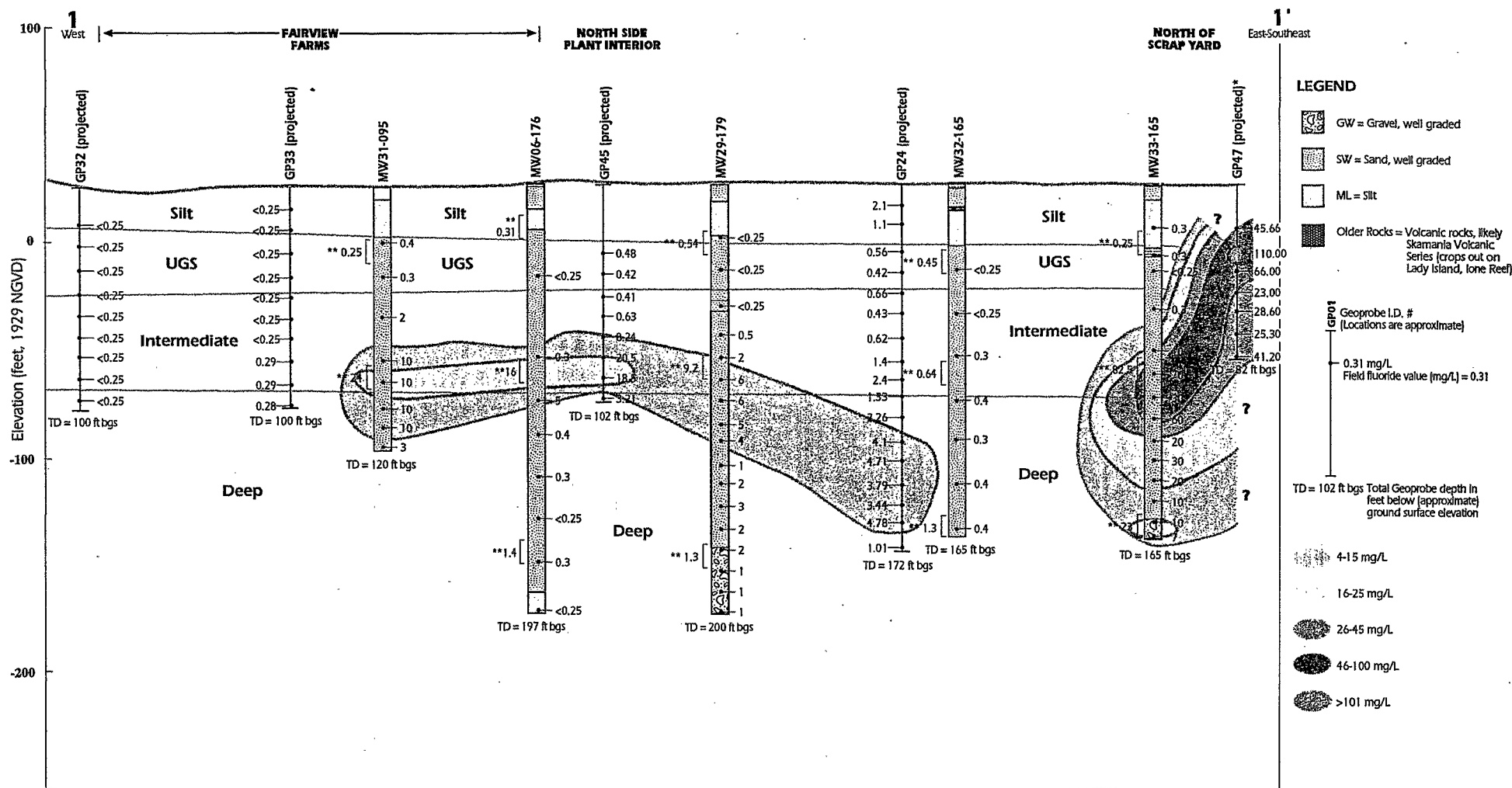
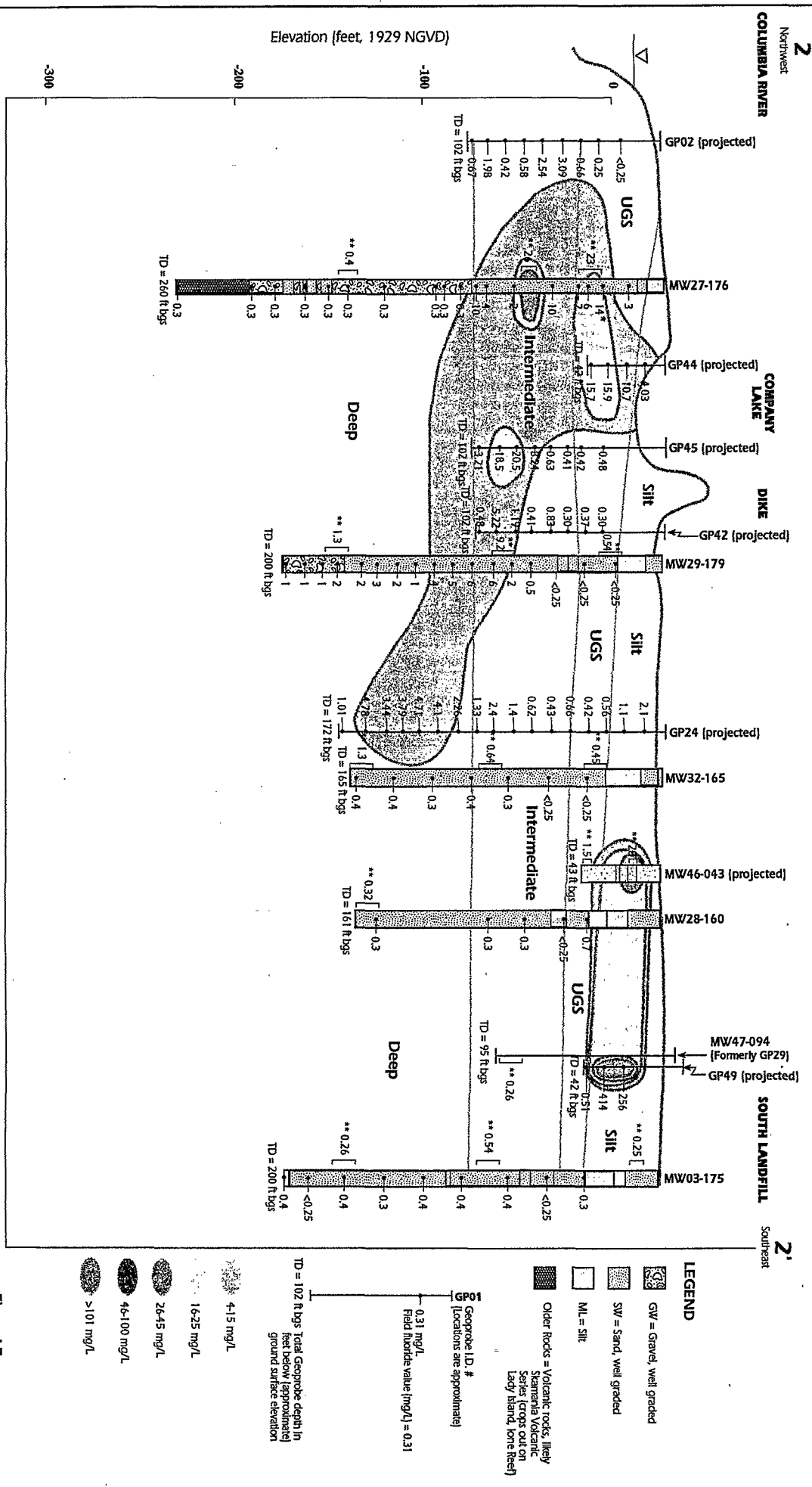
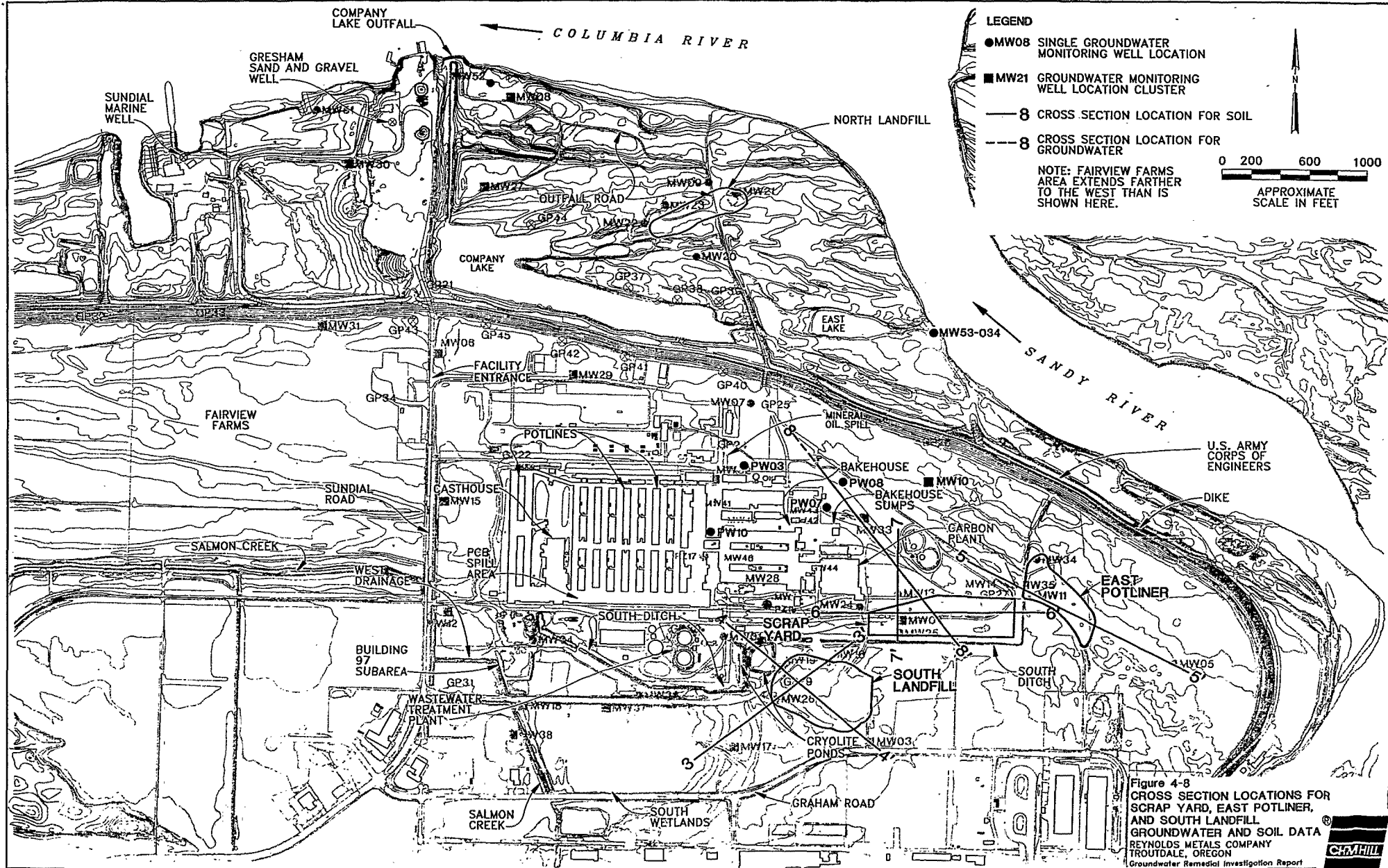
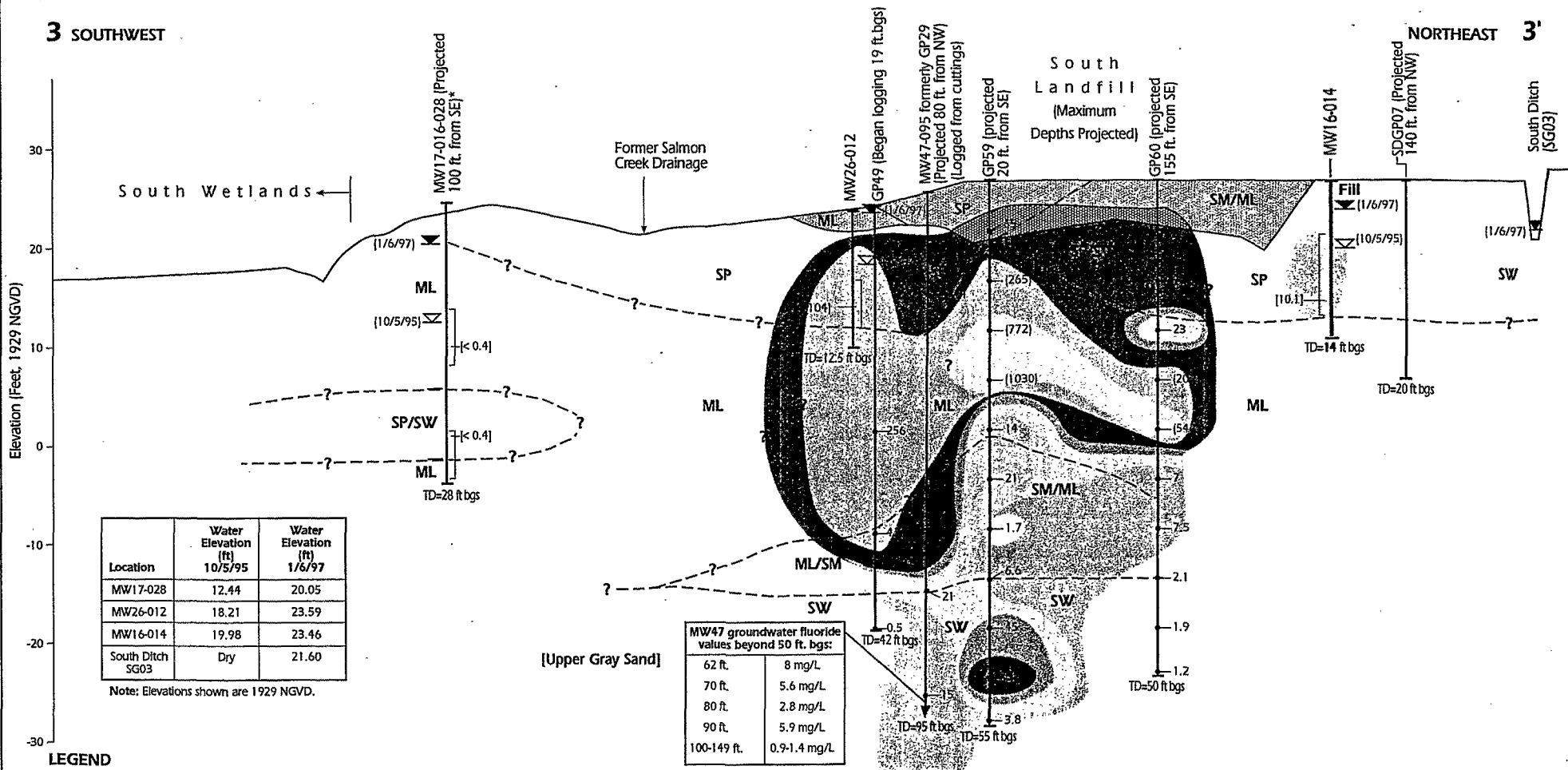


Figure 4-6
CROSS SECTION 1-1'
VERTICAL DISTRIBUTION OF
FIELD-MEASURED FLUORIDE
 REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
 TROUTDALE, OREGON
 Groundwater Remedial
 Investigation Report





3 SOUTHWEST



LEGEND

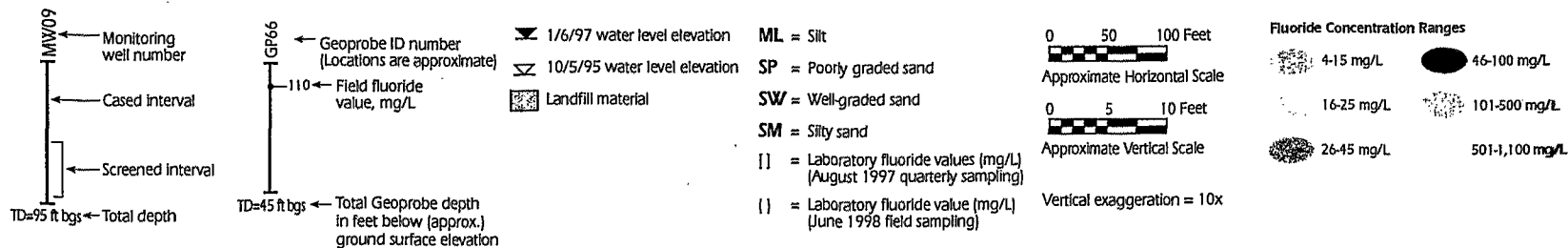


Figure 4-9
SOUTH LANDFILL AREA
CROSS SECTION 3-3'
VERTICAL DISTRIBUTION OF
FIELD-MEASURED FLUORIDE
IN GROUNDWATER
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
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Figure 4-10
SOUTH LANDFILL AREA
CROSS SECTION 4-4'
VERTICAL DISTRIBUTION OF
FIELD-MEASURED FLUORIDE
IN GROUNDWATER

REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial
Investigation Report

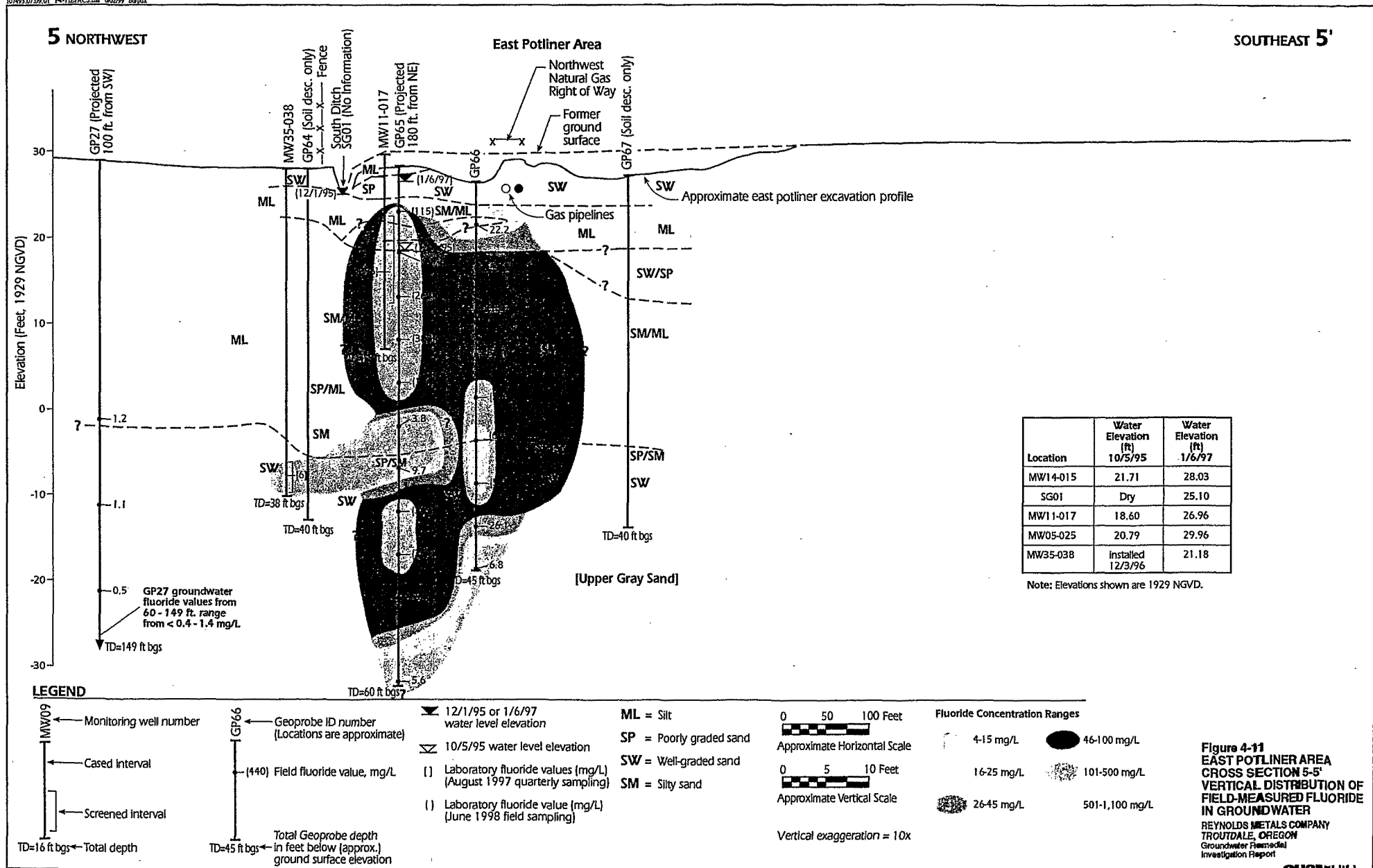


Figure 4-11
EAST POTLINER AREA
CROSS SECTION 5-5'
VERTICAL DISTRIBUTION OF
FIELD-MEASURED FLUORIDE
IN GROUNDWATER
 REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
 TROUTDALE, OREGON
 Groundwater Remedial
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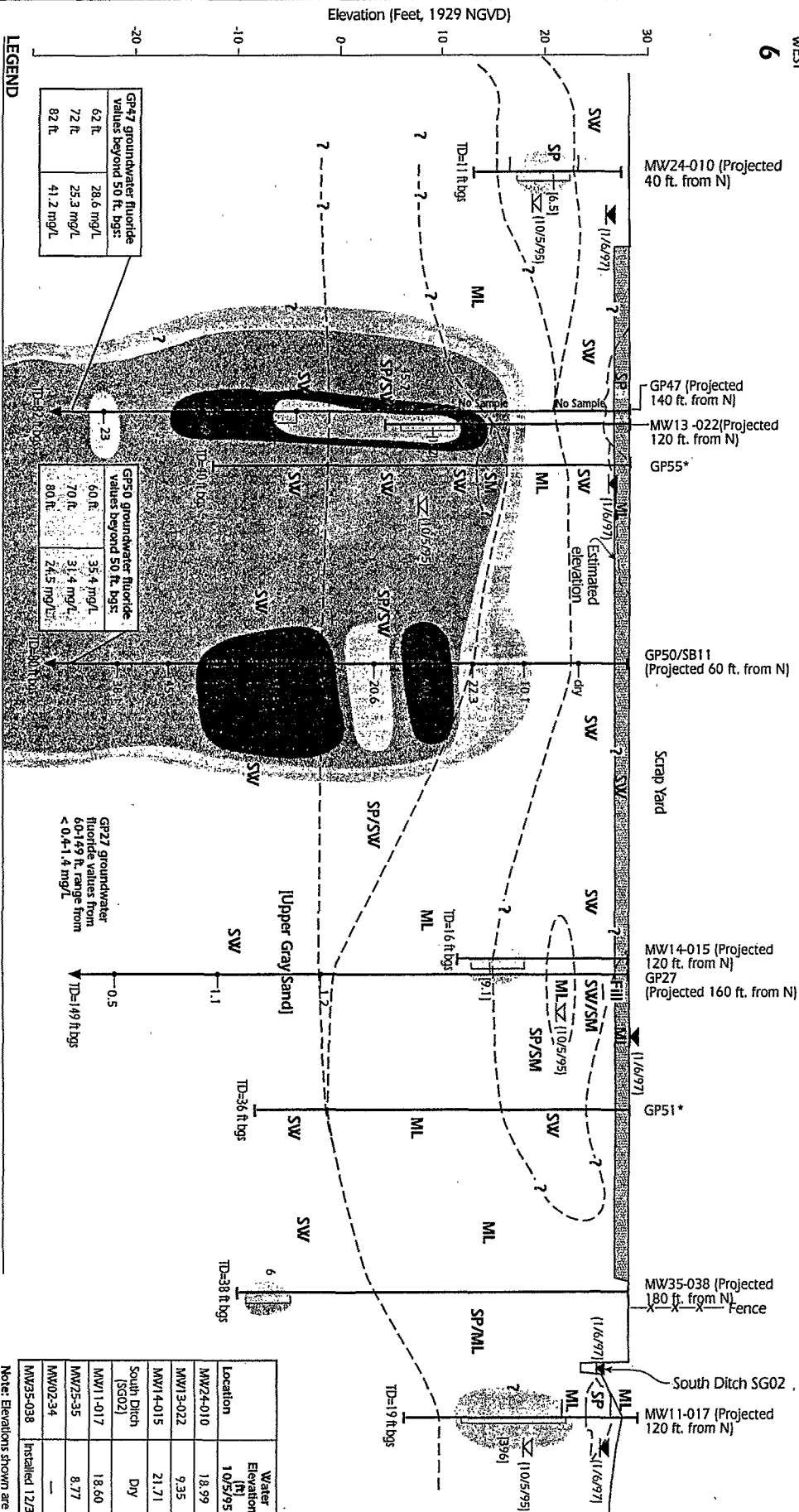
WEST

6

EAST

6

Elevation (Feet, 1929 NGVD)



Location	Water Elevation (ft) 10/5/95	Water Elevation (ft) 1/6/97
MW24-010	18.99	25.26
MW13-022	9.35	25.23
MW14-015	21.71	28.03
South Ditch (SG02)	Dry	26.52
MW11-017	18.60	26.96
MW25-35	8.77	21.97
MW02-34	—	—
MW35-038	Installed 12/9/96	21.18

Note: Elevations shown are 1929 NGVD.

Figure 4-12
SCRAP YARD
CROSS SECTION 6-6'
VERTICAL DISTRIBUTION OF
FIELD-MEASURED FLUORIDE
IN GROUNDWATER
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial
Investigation Report

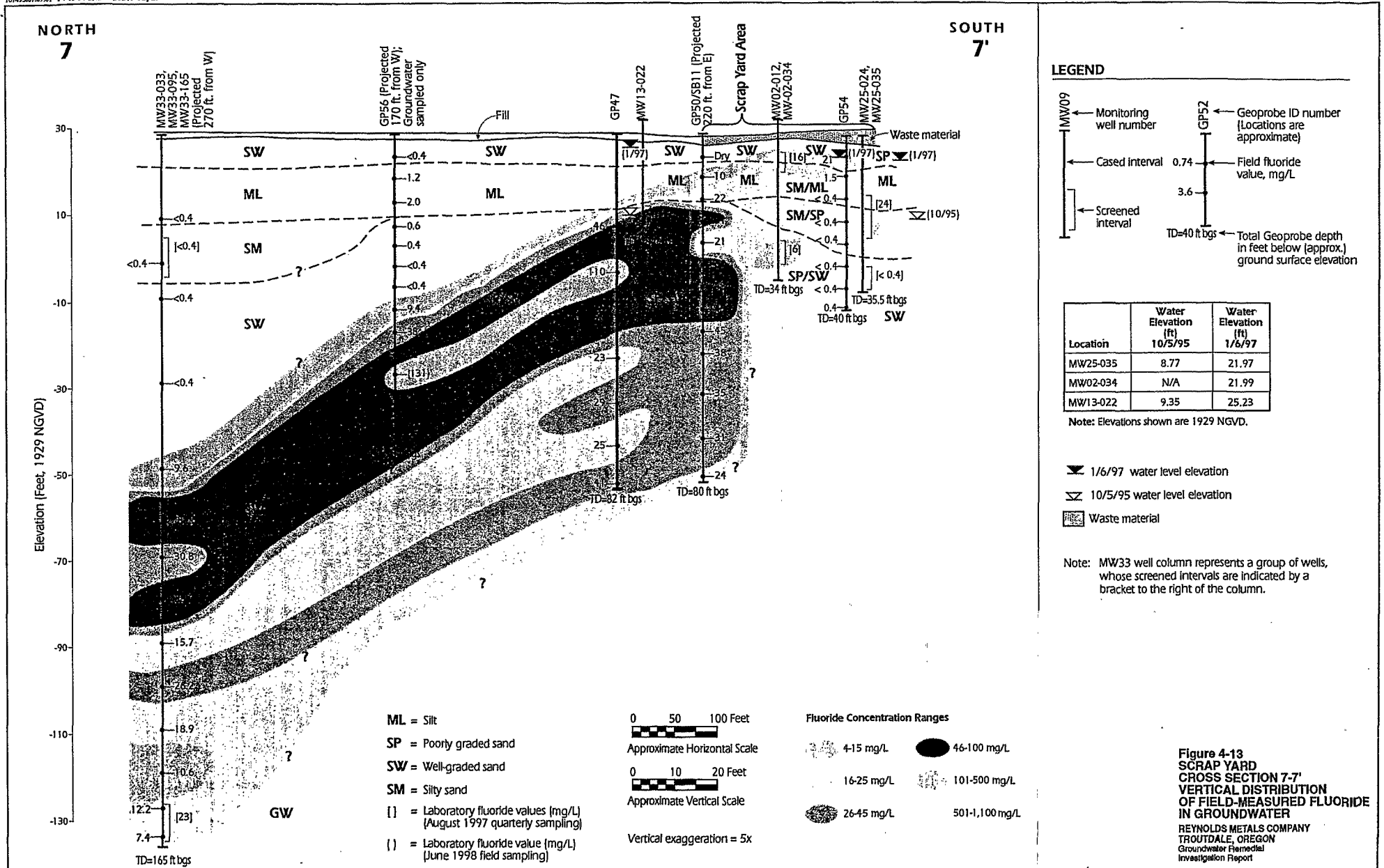
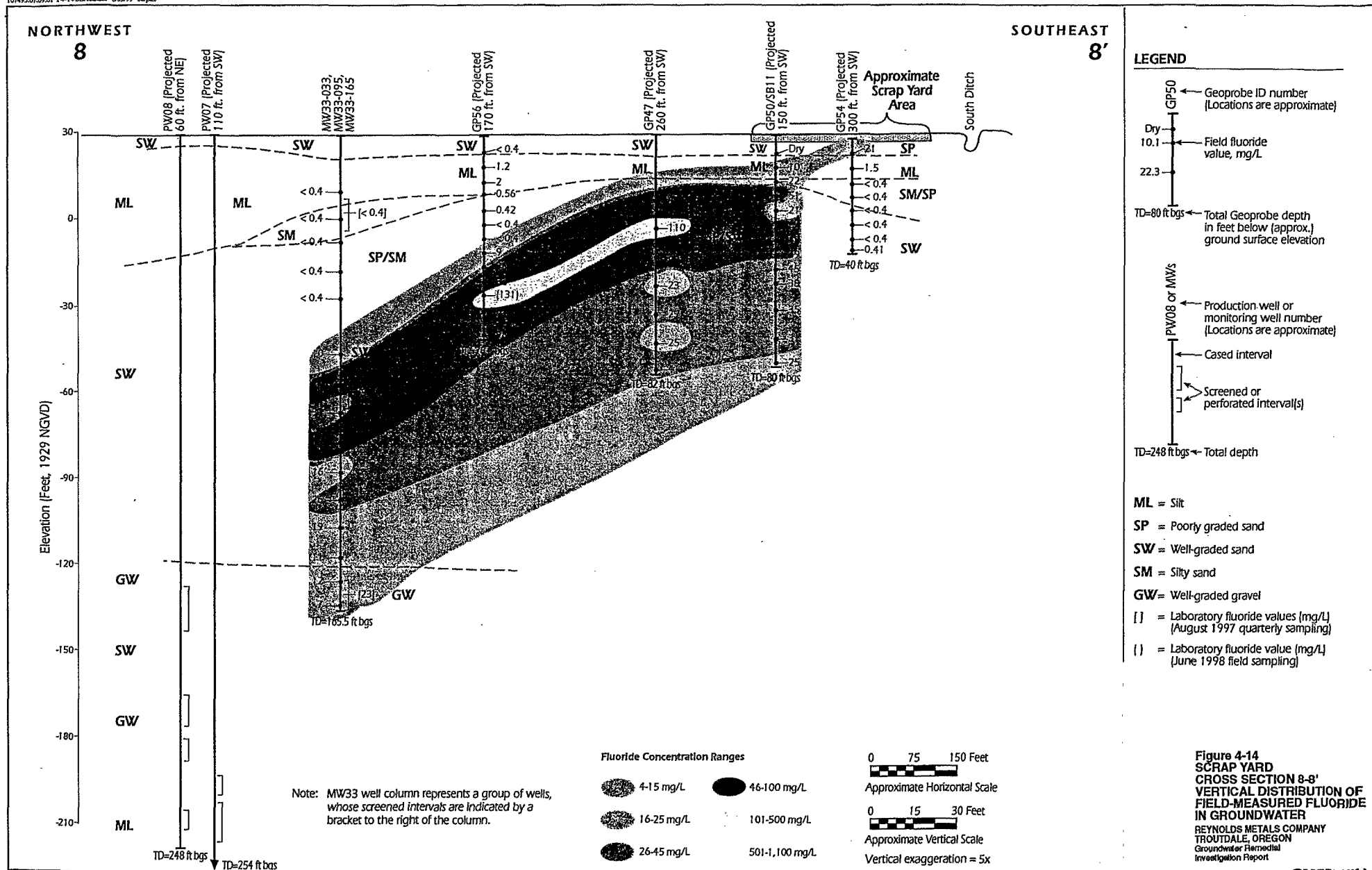


Figure 4-13
SCRAP YARD
CROSS SECTION 7-7'
VERTICAL DISTRIBUTION
OF FIELD-MEASURED FLUORIDE
IN GROUNDWATER
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial
Investigation Report



3 SOUTH/WEST

NORTHEAST 3

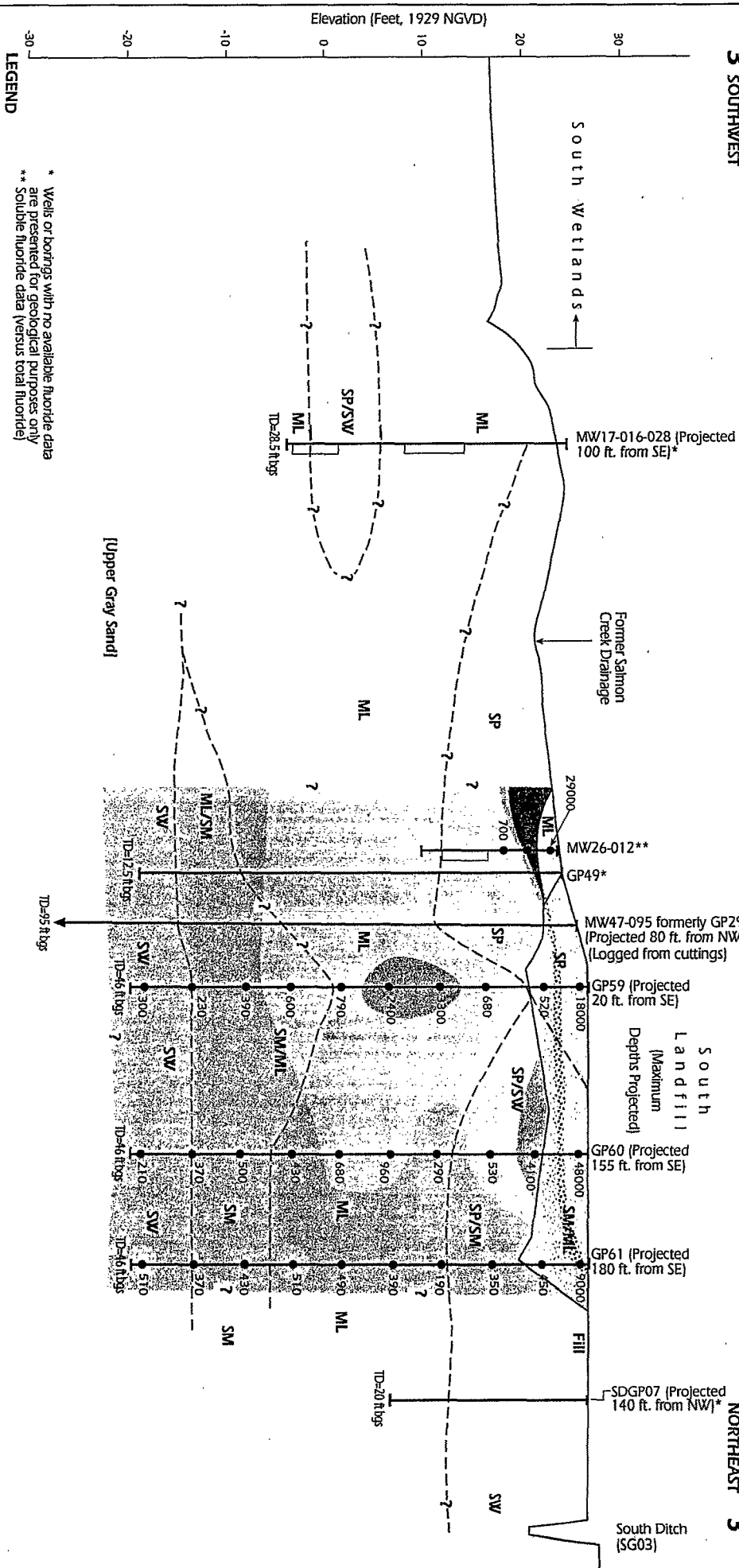
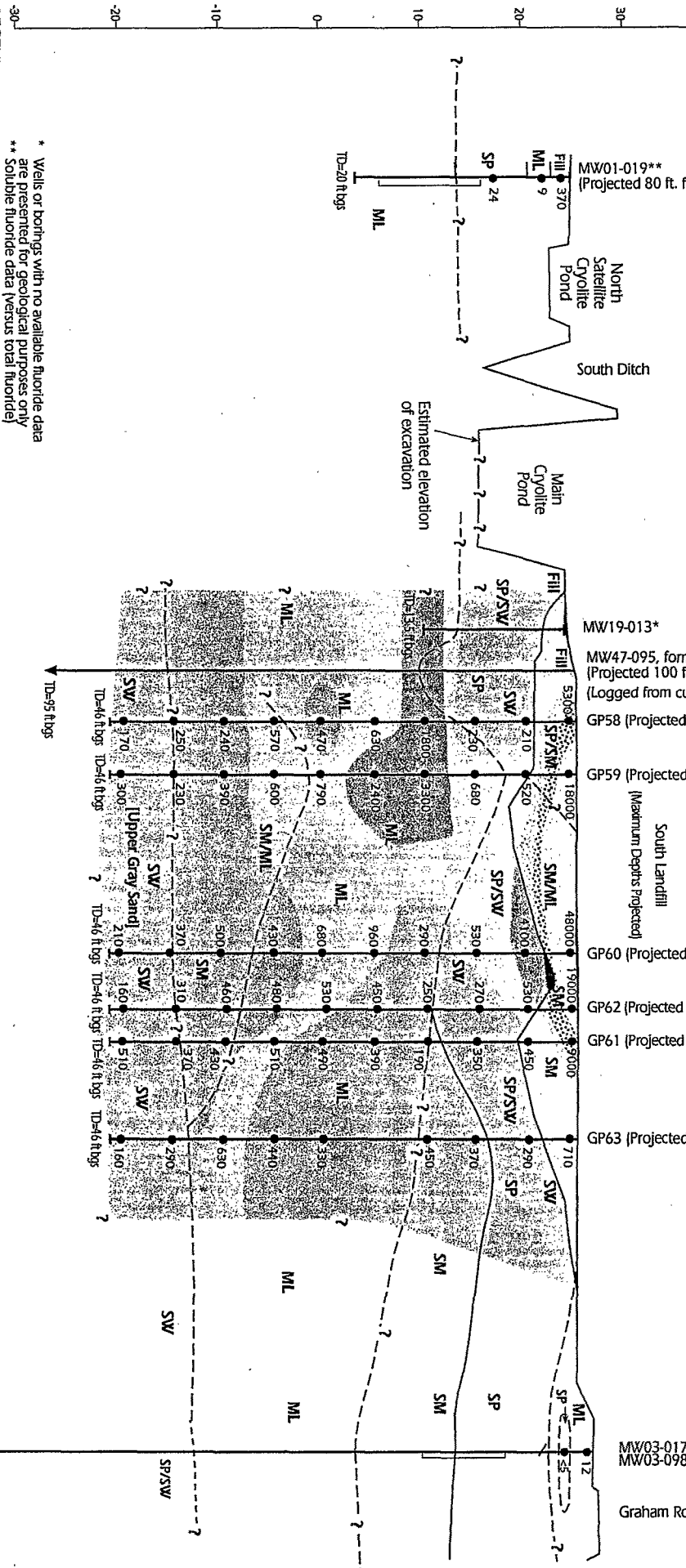


Figure 4-15
SOUTH LANDFILL AREA
CROSS SECTION 3.3'
VERTICAL DISTRIBUTION
OF FLUORIDE IN SOIL

4 NORTHWEST

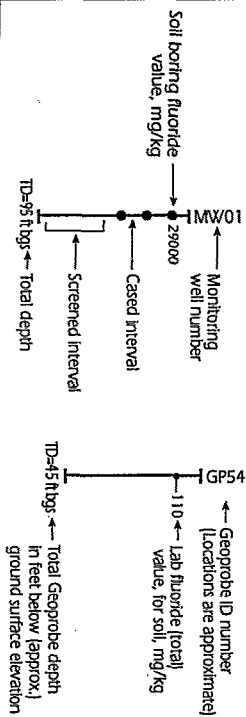
SOUTHEAST 4

Elevation (Feet, 1929 NGVD)



LEGEND

* Wells or borings with no available fluoride data are presented for geological purposes only
 ** Soluble fluoride data (versus total fluoride)



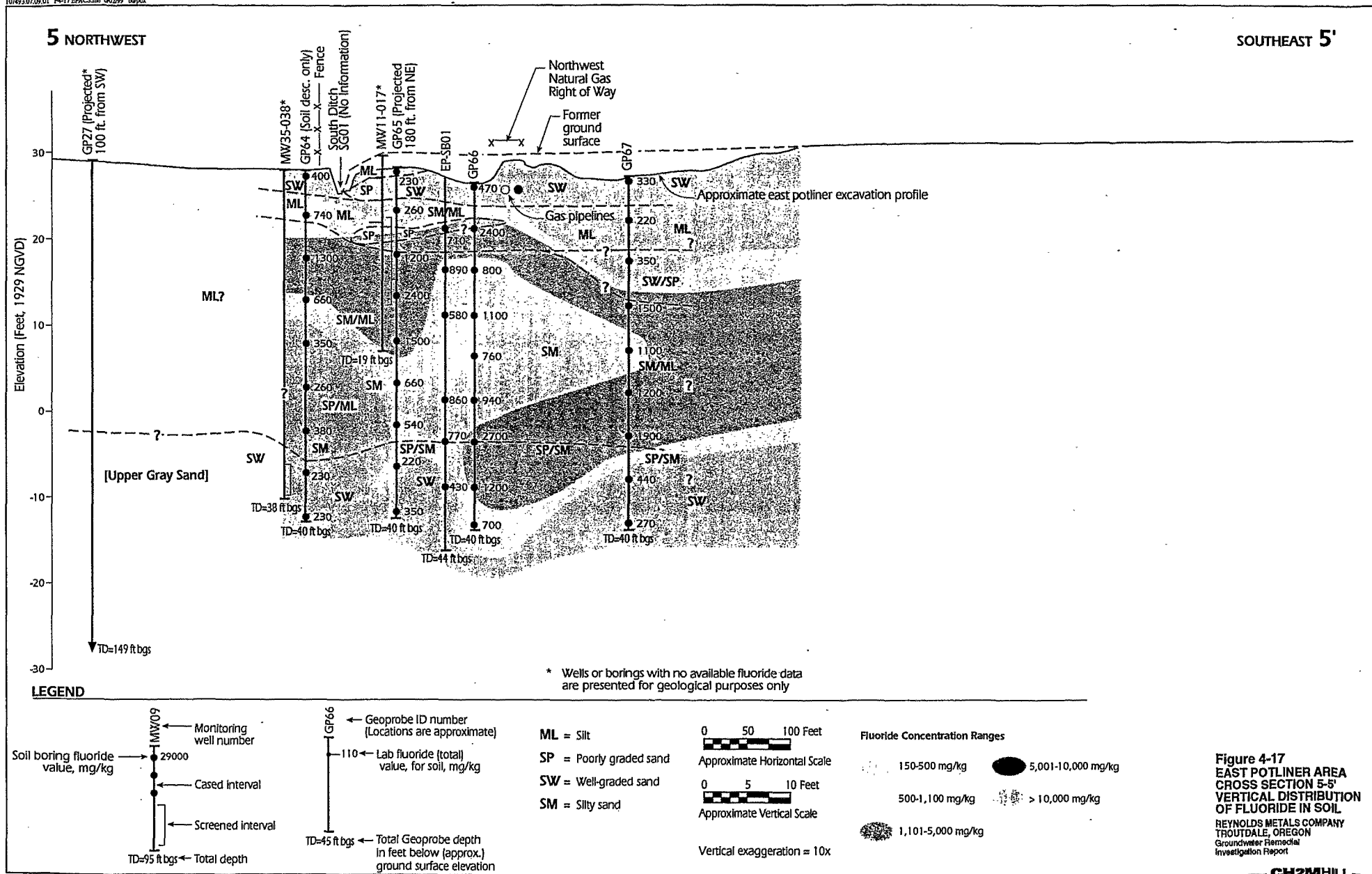
0 50 100 Feet
 Approximate Horizontal Scale

0 5 10 Feet
 Approximate Vertical Scale

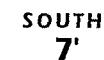
Vertical exaggeration = 10x

Fluoride Concentration Ranges
 150-500 mg/kg
 500-1,000 mg/kg
 1,001-5,000 mg/kg
 > 10,000 mg/kg

Figure 4-16
 SOUTH LANDFILL AREA
 CROSS SECTION 4-4
 VERTICAL DISTRIBUTION
 OF FLUORIDE IN SOIL
 REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
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The diagram illustrates two types of subsurface sampling tools: a soil boring and a geoprobe.

Soil Boring (MW26):

- MW26:** Monitoring well number.
- 29000:** Soil boring fluoride value, mg/kg.
- Cased interval:** The upper section of the boring.
- Screened interval:** The lower section of the boring, indicated by a rectangle.
- TD=95 ft bgs:** Total depth in feet below ground surface.

Geoprobe (GP66):

- GP66:** Geoprobe ID number.
- 110:** Lab fluoride (total) value, for soil, mg/kg.
- TD=45 ft bgs:** Total Geoprobe depth in feet below (approx.) ground surface elevation.

* Wells or soil borings with no available soil fluoride data are presented for subsurface geological information only

Figure 4-19
SCRAP YARD AREA
CROSS SECTION 7-7'
VERTICAL DISTRIBUTION OF
FLUORIDE IN SOIL
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial
Investigation Report



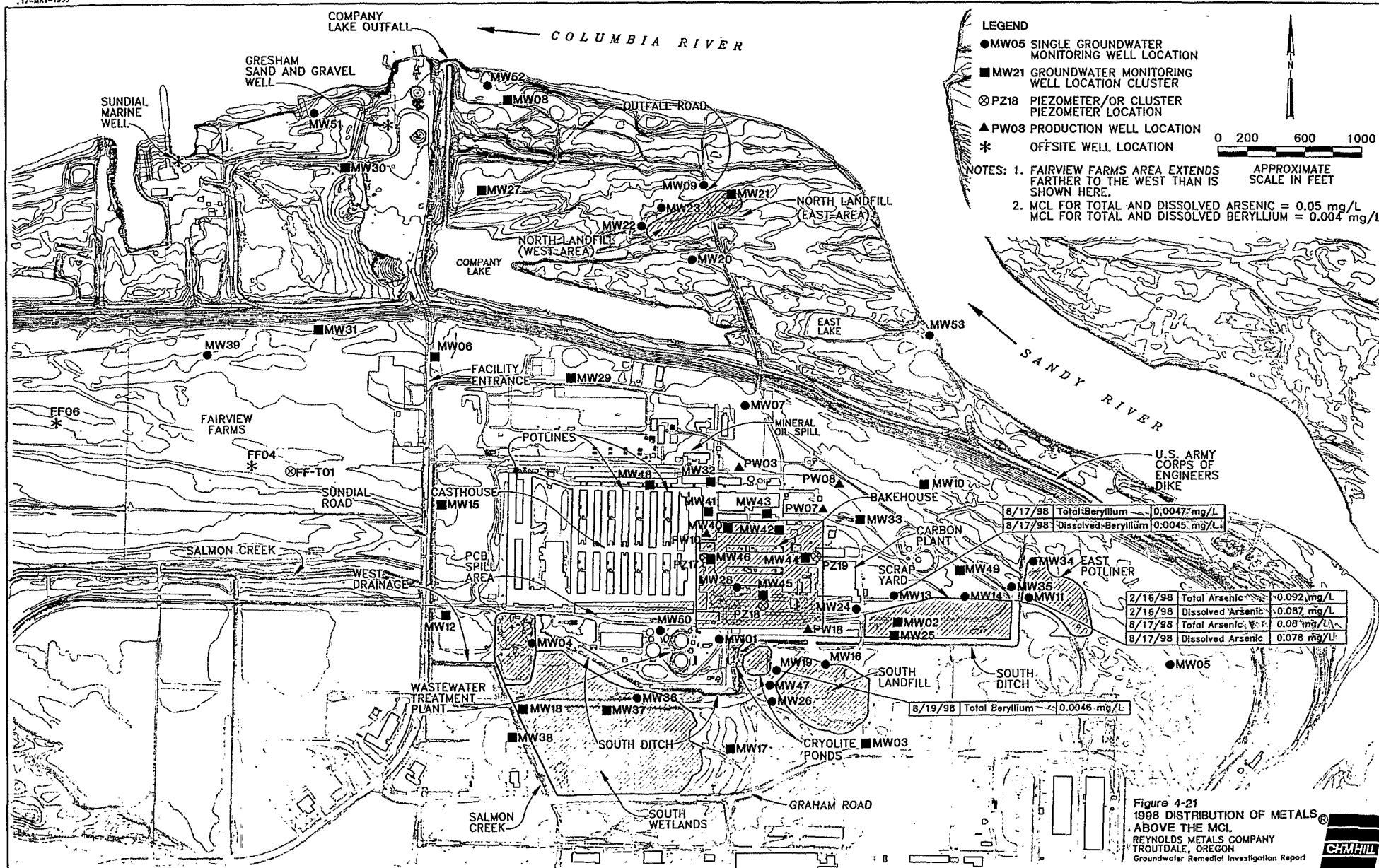
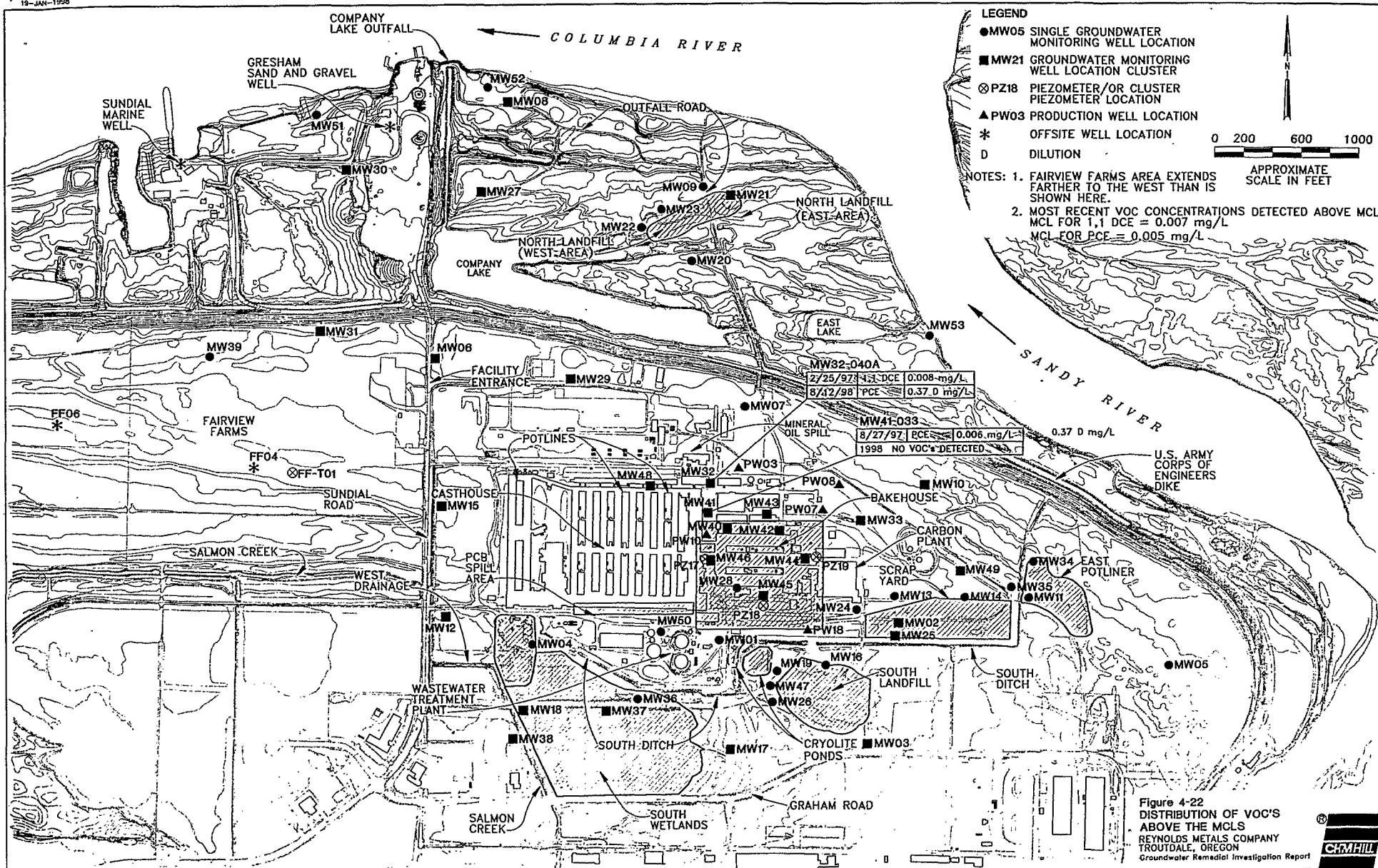


Figure 4-21
1998 DISTRIBUTION OF METALS
ABOVE THE MCL
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report





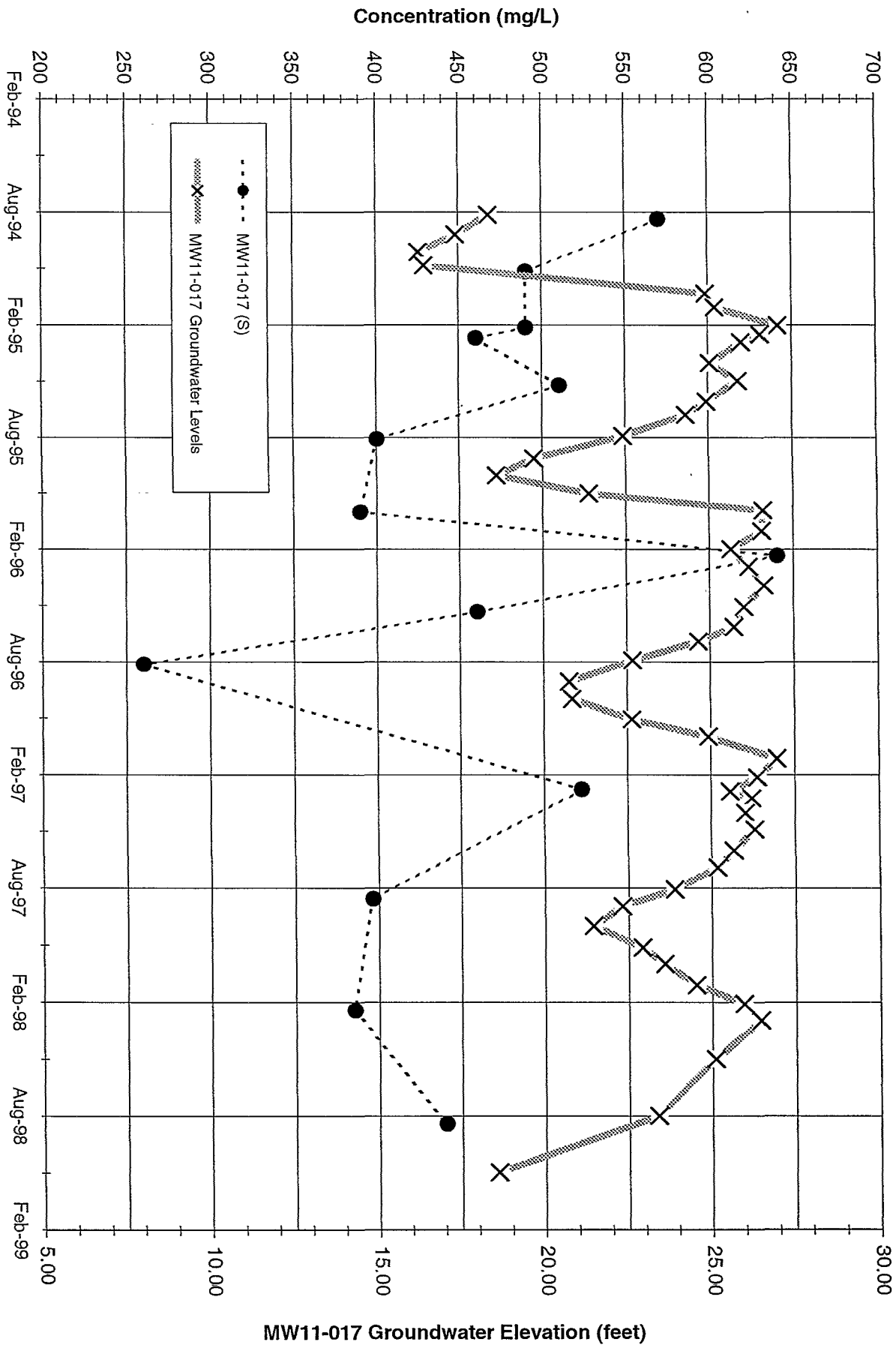


Figure 4-23
FLUORIDE TRENDS IN SILT-EAST POTLINER
 REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY - TROUTDALE, OREGON
 Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

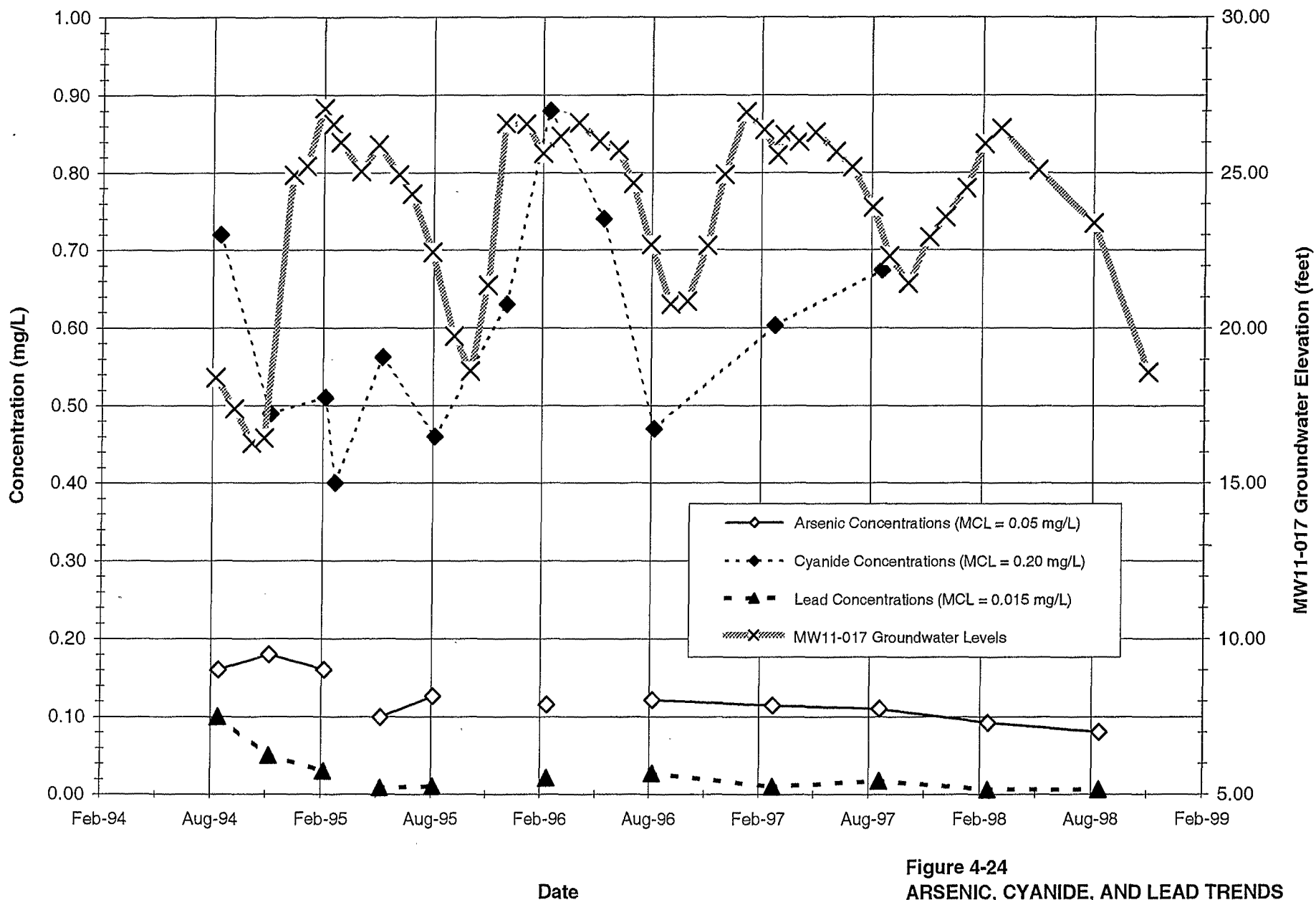


Figure 4-24
ARSENIC, CYANIDE, AND LEAD TRENDS
IN SILT AT MW11-017--EAST POTLINER
 REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY - TROUTDALE, OREGON
 Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

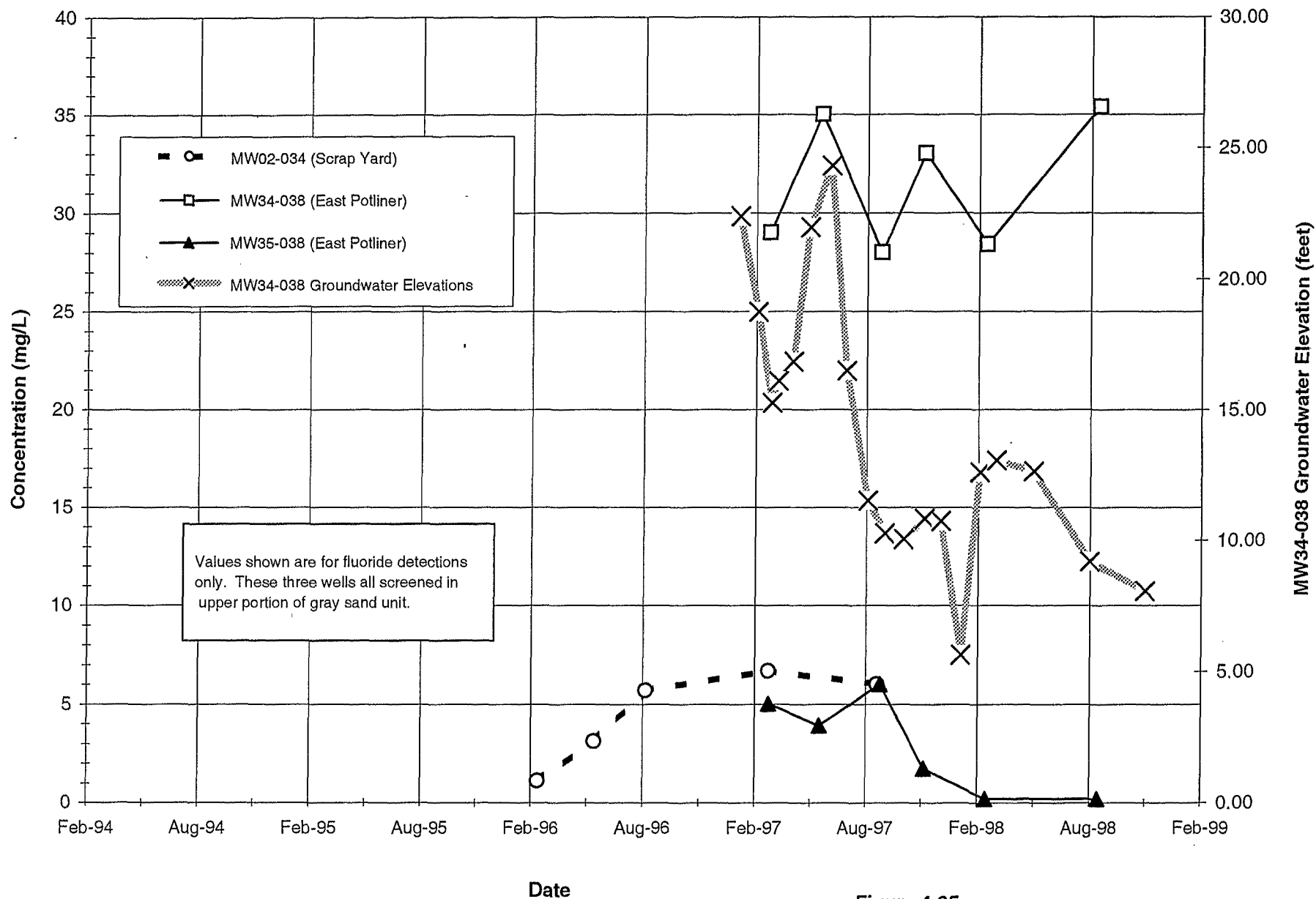


Figure 4-25
FLUORIDE TRENDS IN UGS--EAST POTLINER
 REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY - TROUTDALE, OREGON
 Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

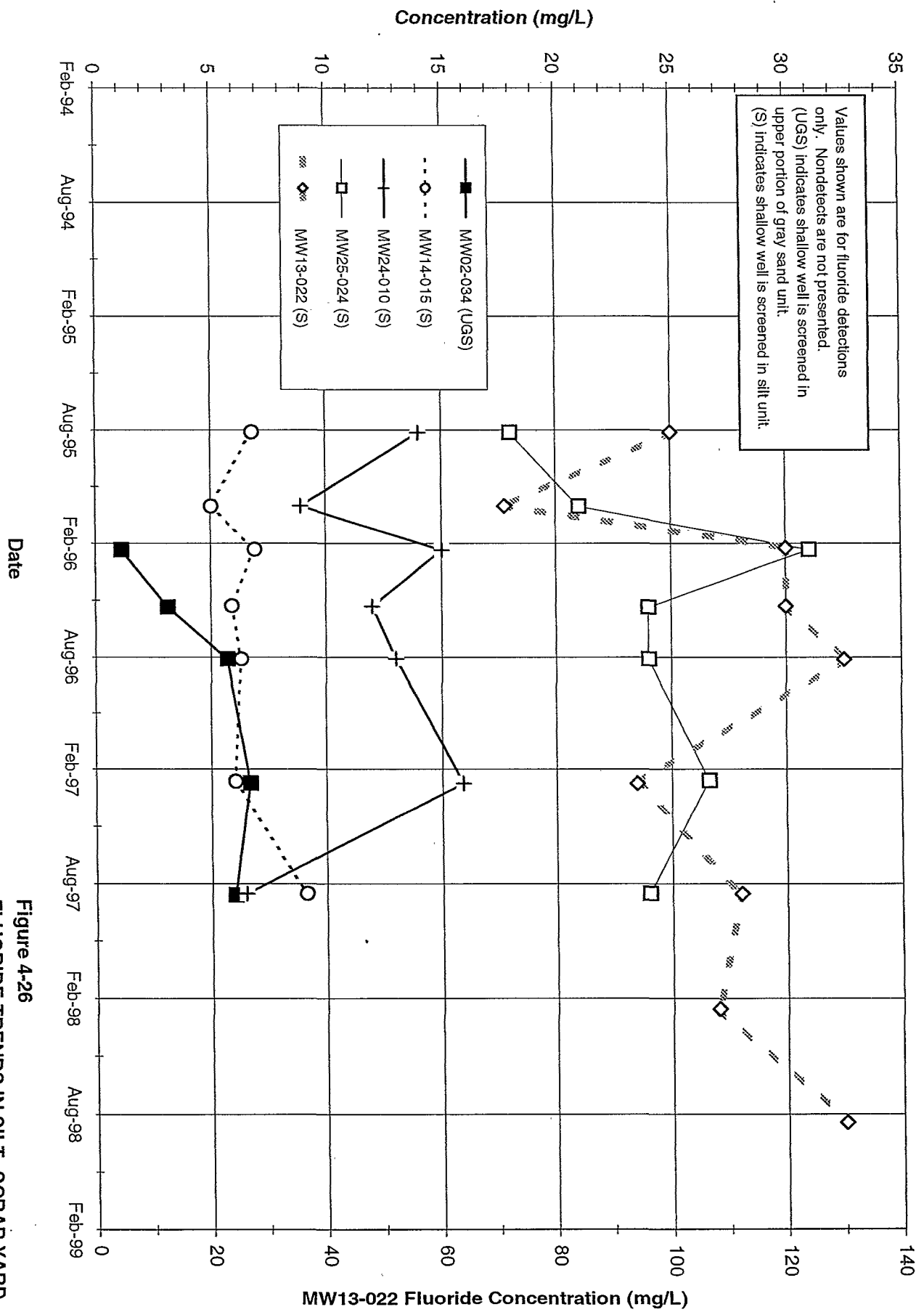


Figure 4-26
FLUORIDE TRENDS IN SILT-SCRAP YARD
 REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY - TROUTDALE, OREGON
 Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

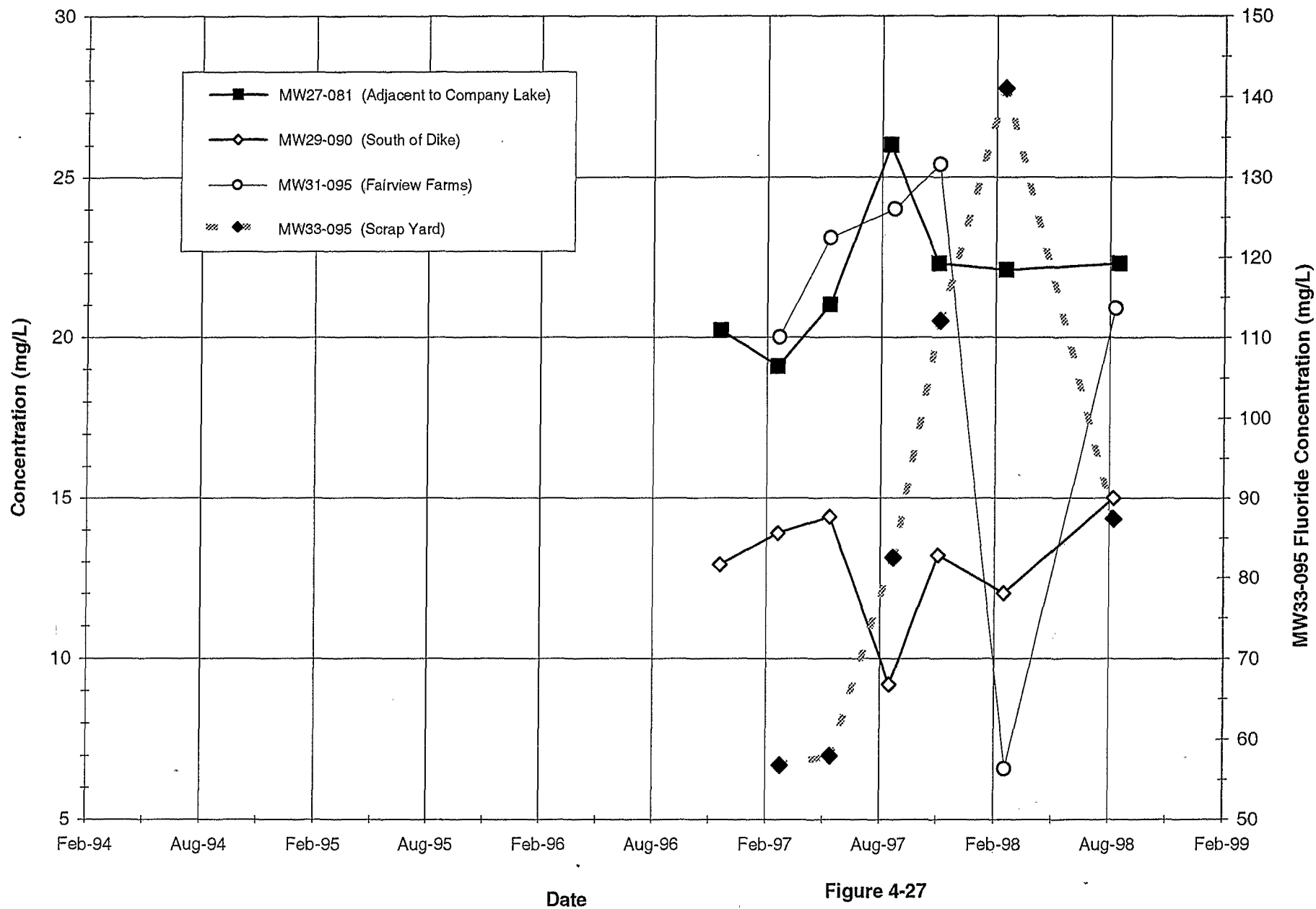


Figure 4-27
FLUORIDE TRENDS IN INTERMEDIATE-DEPTH SAND
 REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY - TROUTDALE, OREGON
 Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

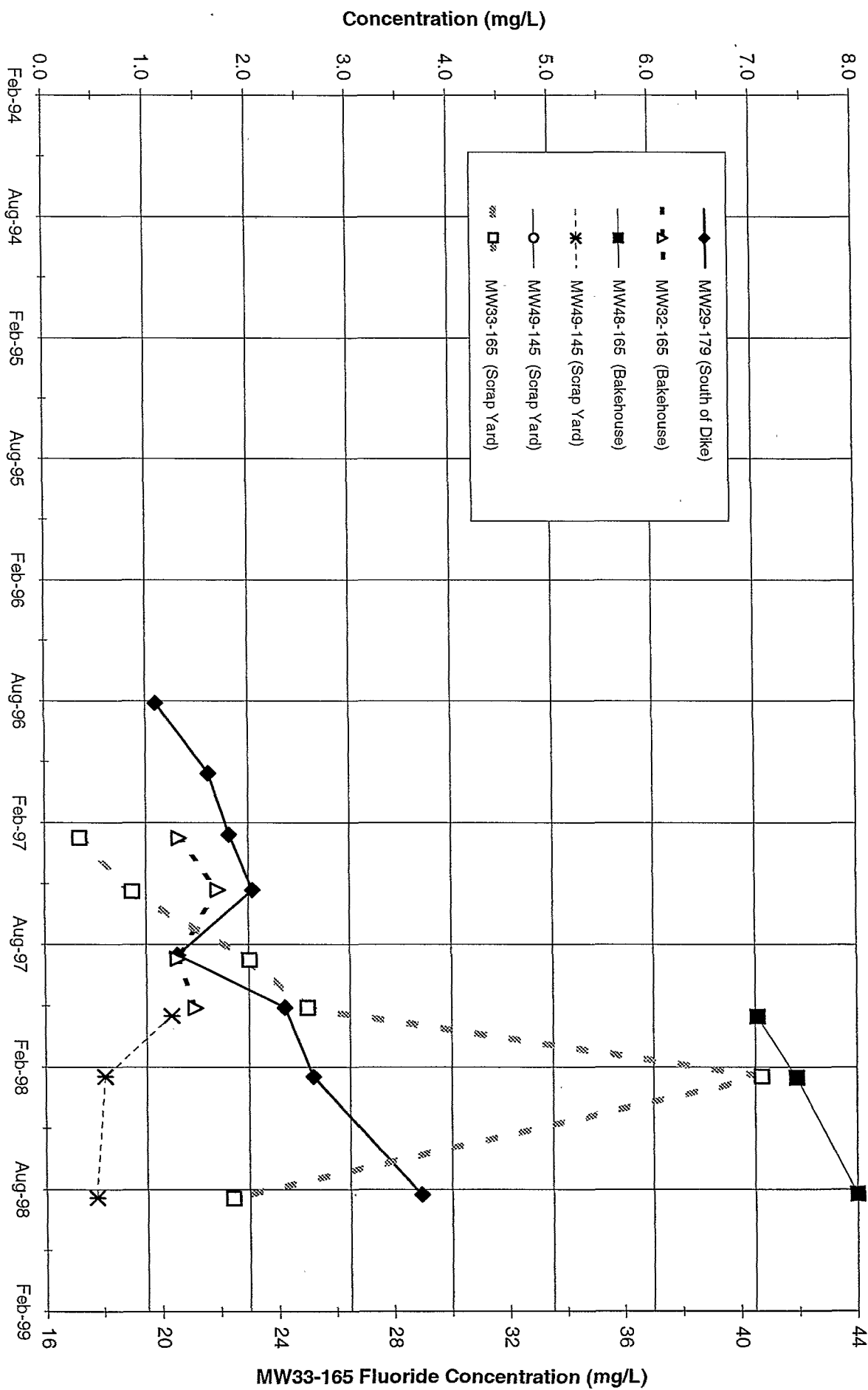


Figure 4-28

FLUORIDE TRENDS IN DEEP SAND/GRAVEL
 REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY - TROUTDALE, OREGON
 Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

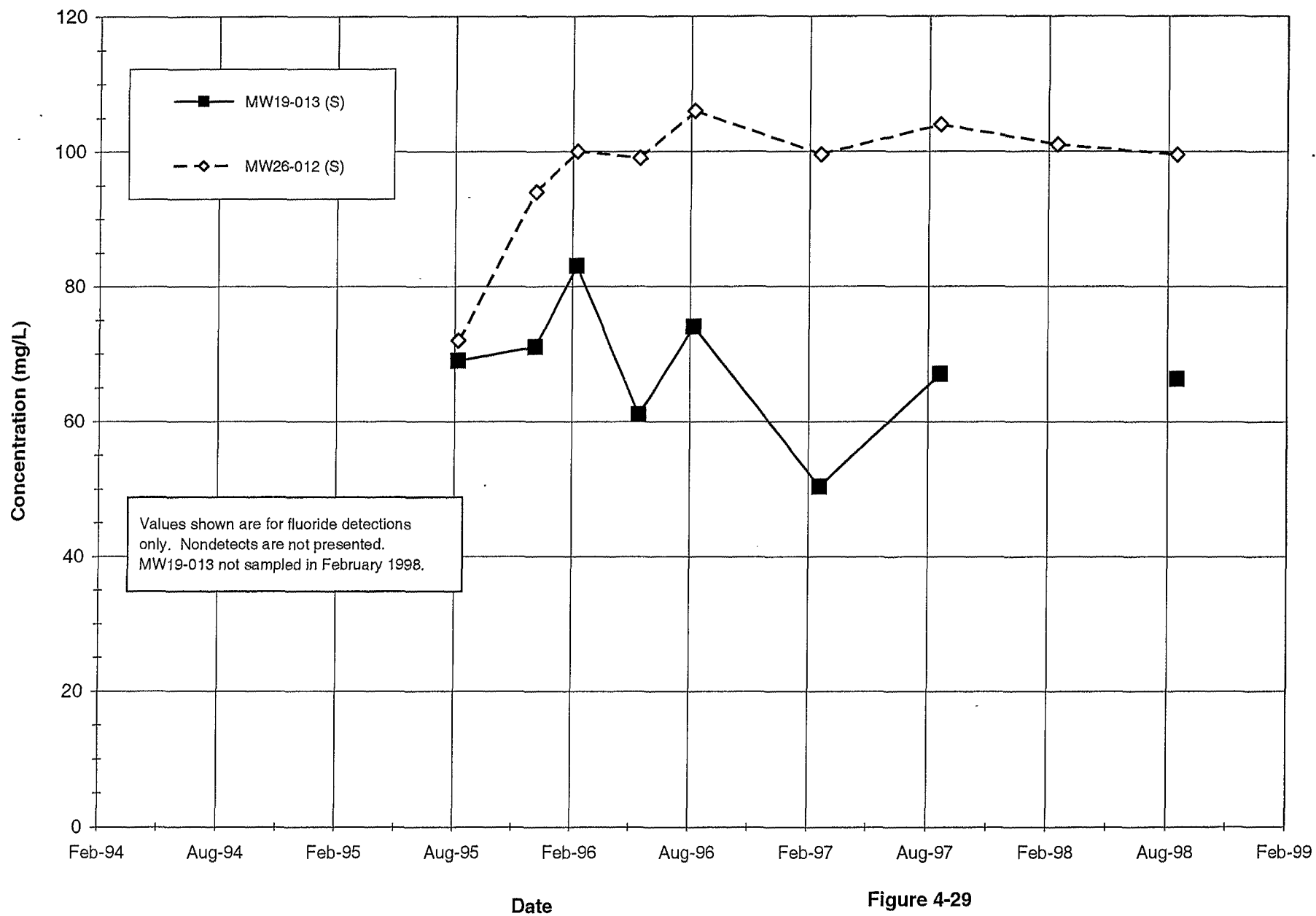


Figure 4-29

FLUORIDE TRENDS IN SILT--SOUTH LANDFILL

REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY - TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

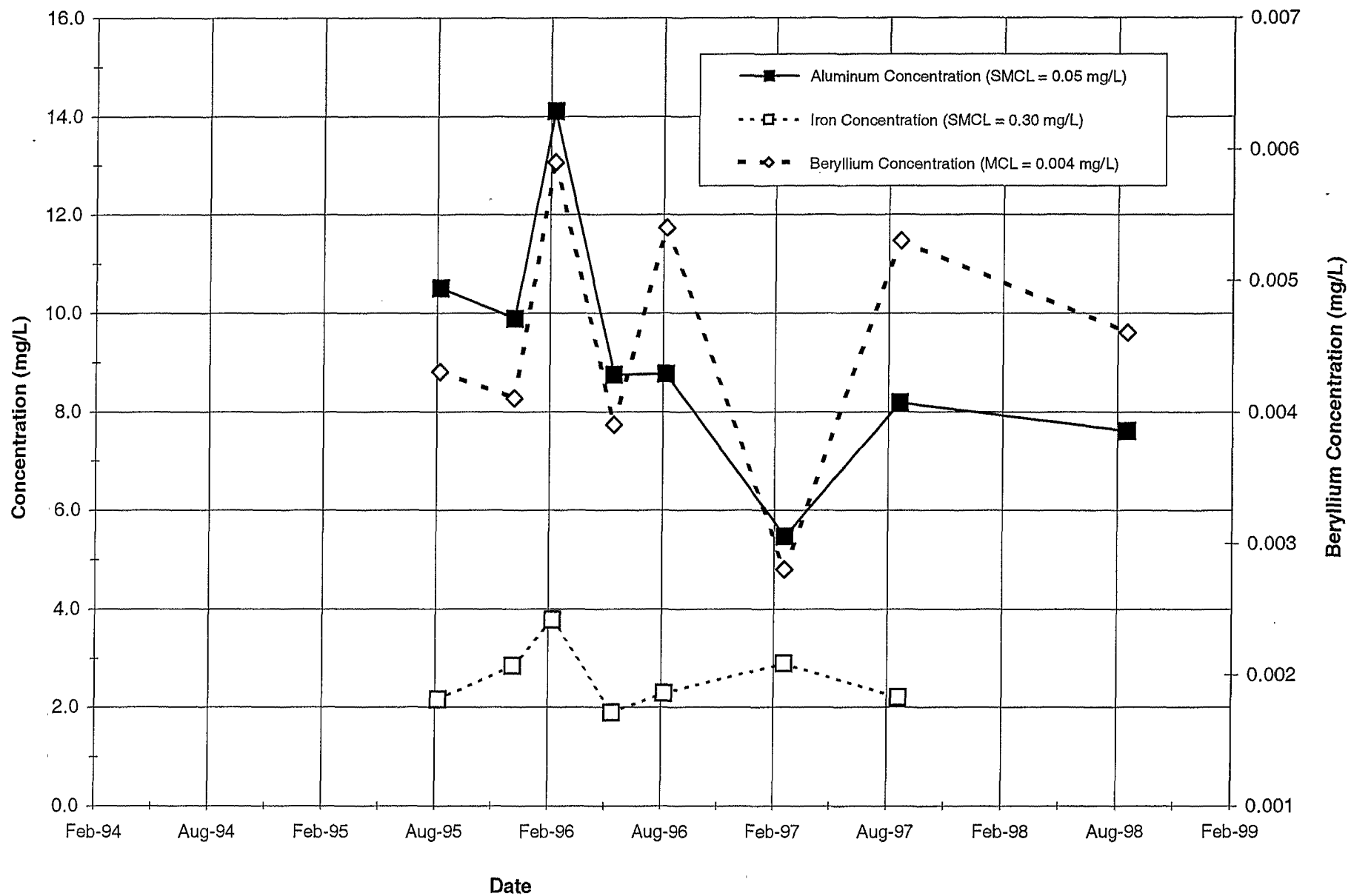


Figure 4-30
METALS TRENDS IN SILT AT MW19-013--SOUTH LANDFILL
 REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY - TROUTDALE, OREGON
 Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

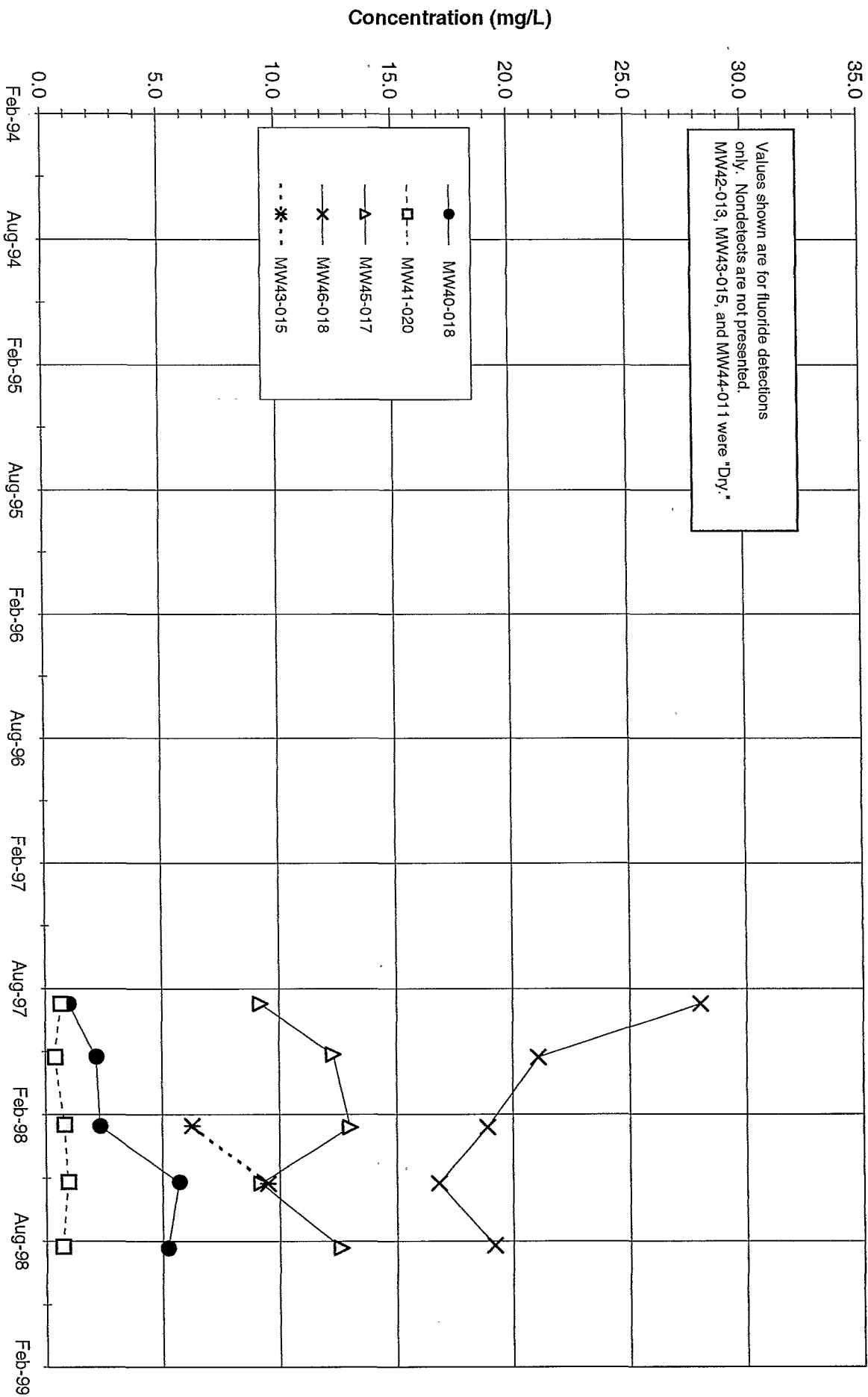


Figure 4-31
FLUORIDE TRENDS IN SILT-BAKEHOUSE
 REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY - TROUTDALE, OREGON
 Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

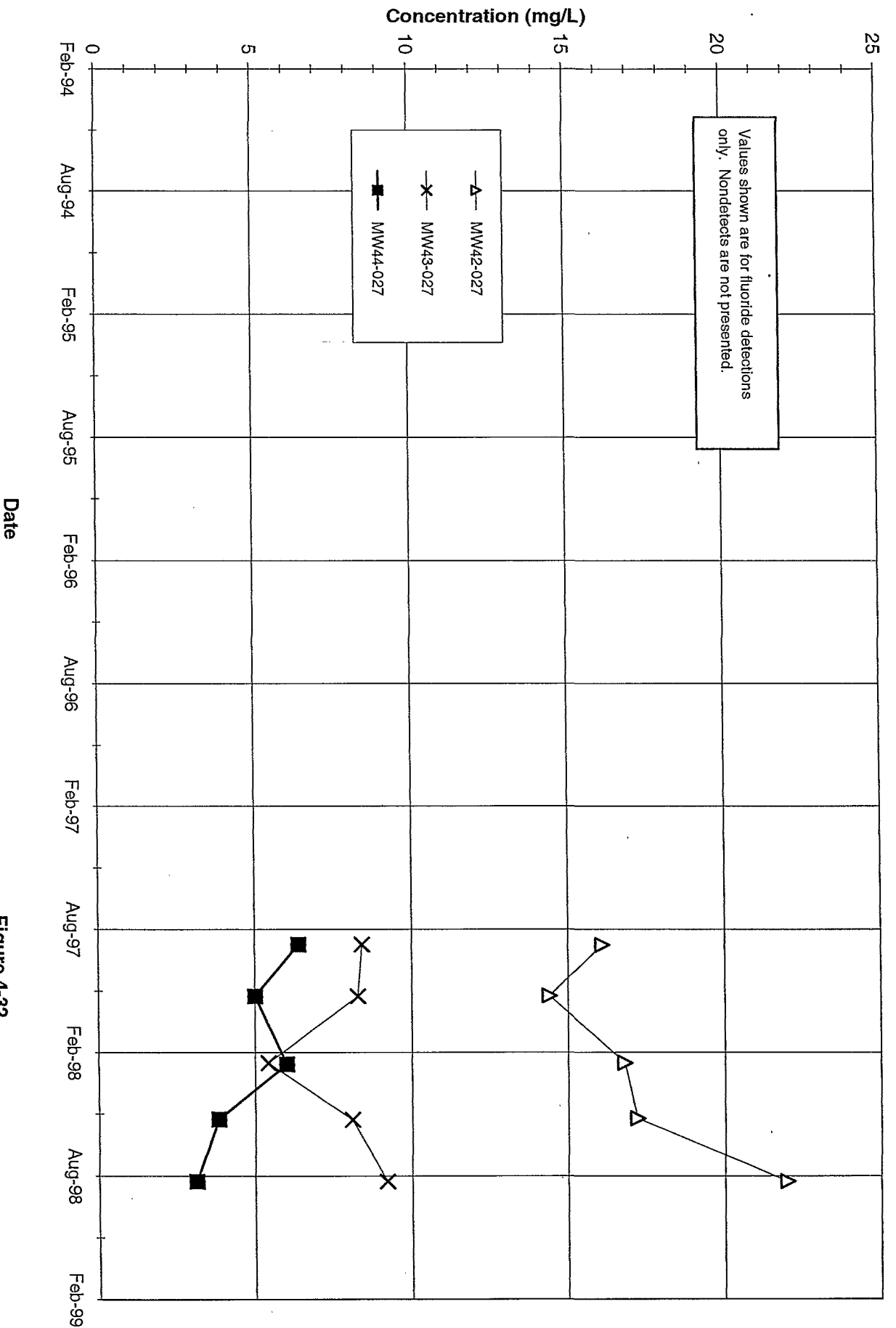


Figure 4-32
FLUORIDE TRENDS IN UGS--BAKEHOUSE
 REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY - TROUTDALE, OREGON
 Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

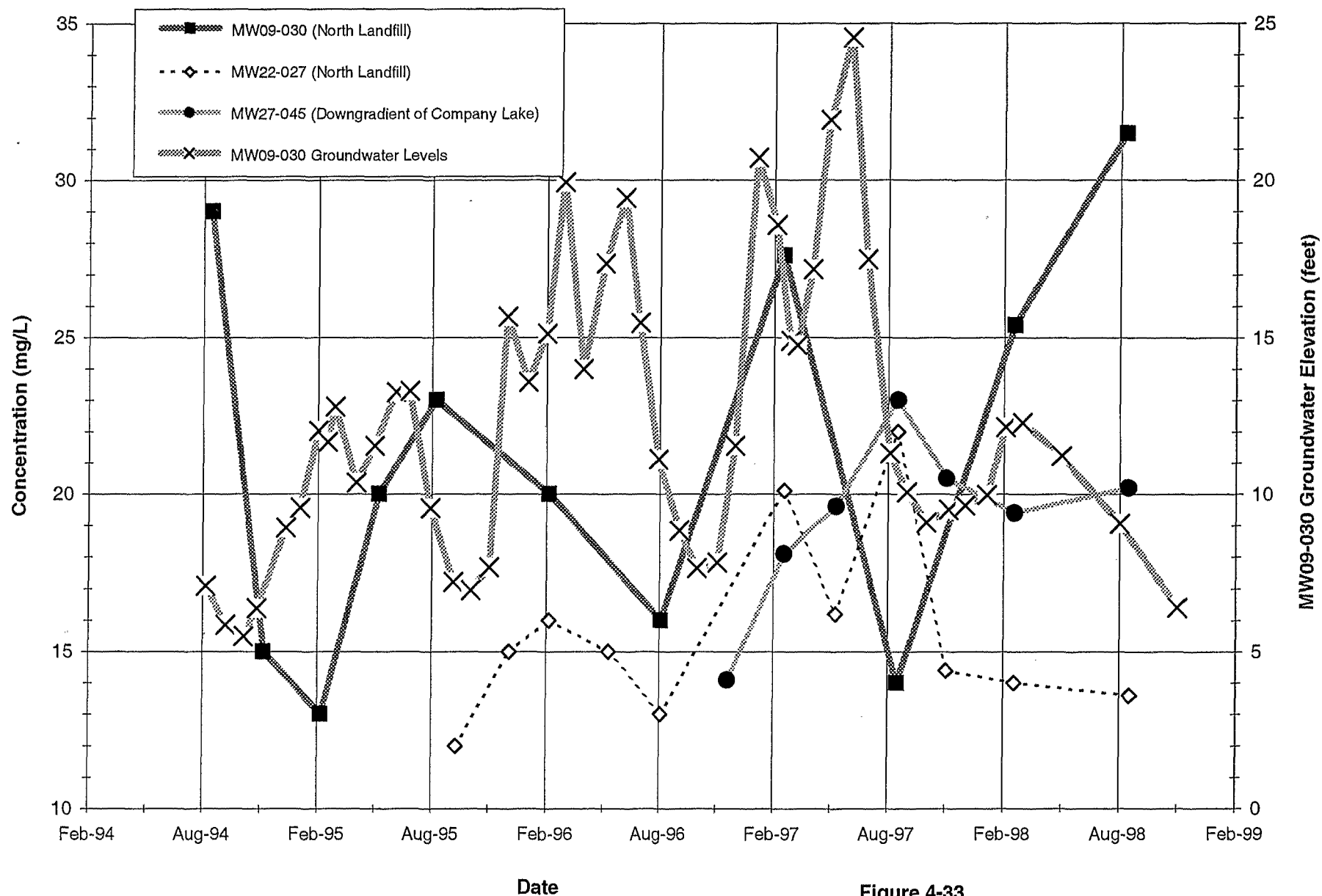




Figure 4-33
FLUORIDE TRENDS IN UGS--NORTH LANDFILL
AND COMPANY LAKE
 REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY - TROUTDALE, OREGON
 Groundwater Investigation Report

SECTION 5

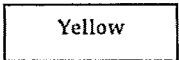



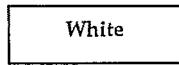


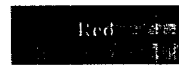

Fluoride Migration in Groundwater

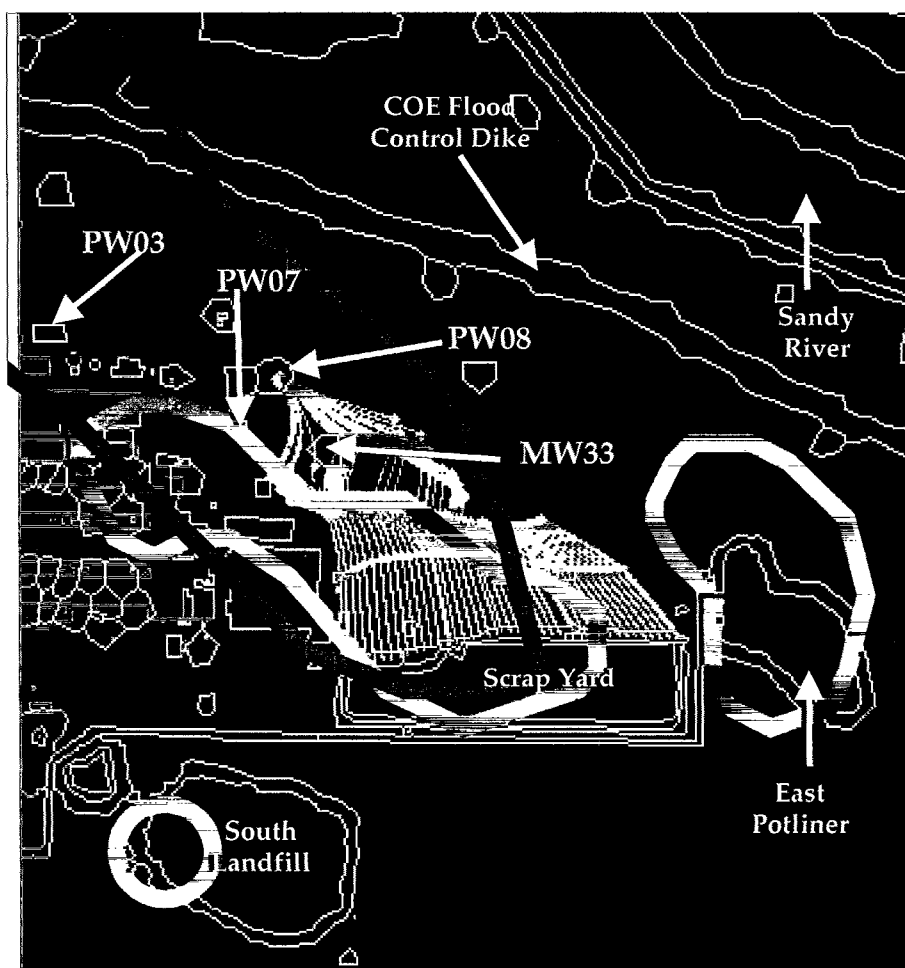
Color Codes for Figure 5-1 through Figure 5-8

Areas Where Fluoride Concentrations Currently Exceed MCLs:

-  Upper Gray Sand (UGS)
-  Intermediate and Deep Zones

Particle Traces

-  Silt Unit (Layer 1 of groundwater flow model)
-  Silt Unit (Layer 2 of groundwater flow model)
-  Upper Gray Sand (UGS) (Layer 3 of groundwater flow model)
-  Intermediate Zone (Layer 4 of groundwater flow model)
-  Intermediate Zone (Layer 5 of groundwater flow model)
-  Deep Zone (Layer 6 of groundwater flow model)
-  Deep Zone (Layer 7 of groundwater flow model)
-  Deep Zone (Layer 8 of groundwater flow model)
-  Deep Zone (Layer 9 of groundwater flow model)



This figure shows imaginary particles that are initiated in the groundwater flow model and traced forward in time. The particles are placed at the top of the upper gray sand (UGS) along the northern boundary of the scrap yard soil and debris area. The figure shows particles moving from the UGS (green) into the intermediate zone (magenta and white), then into the deep zone (dark blue and dark green), where they are captured by production well PW08. Site features are outlined in white, and plant buildings are shown in red. The figure also shows the thick blue and red lines that outline areas where fluoride concentrations currently exceed the MCL (4 mg/L) in the UGS and intermediate zones, respectively.

Figure 5-1
Groundwater Migration from the UGS at Scrap Yard Under
Long-Term Average Pumping Rates from RMC Production Wells
Reynolds Metals Company - Troutdale, Oregon
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

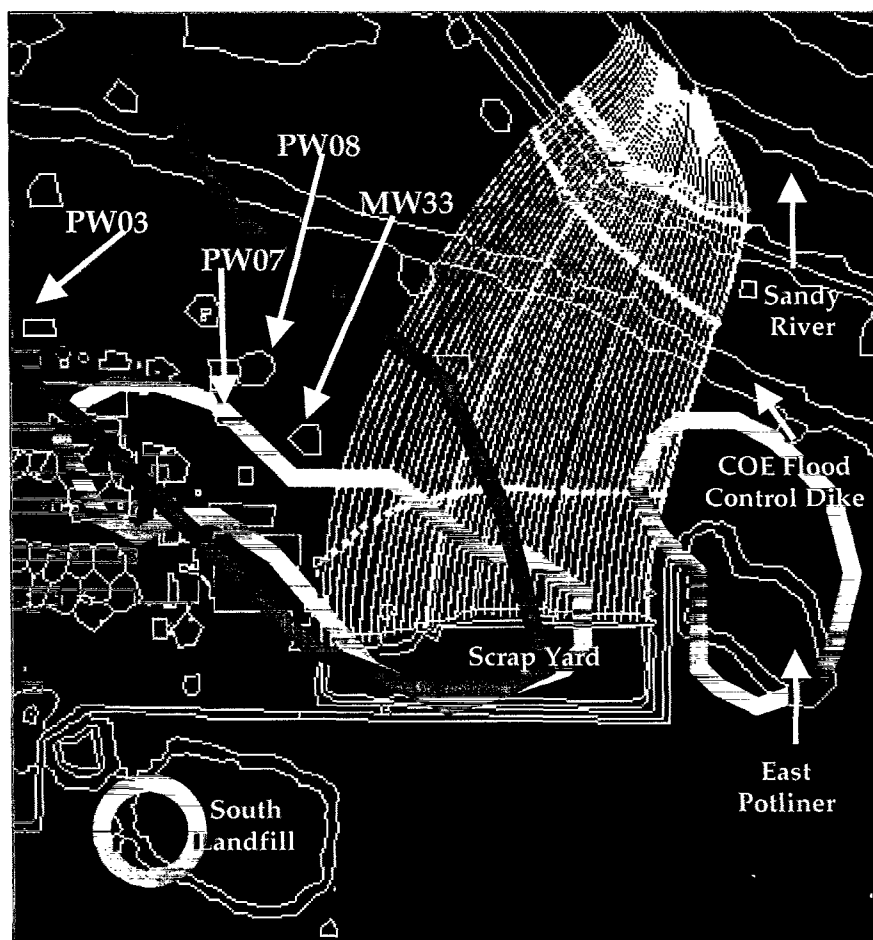
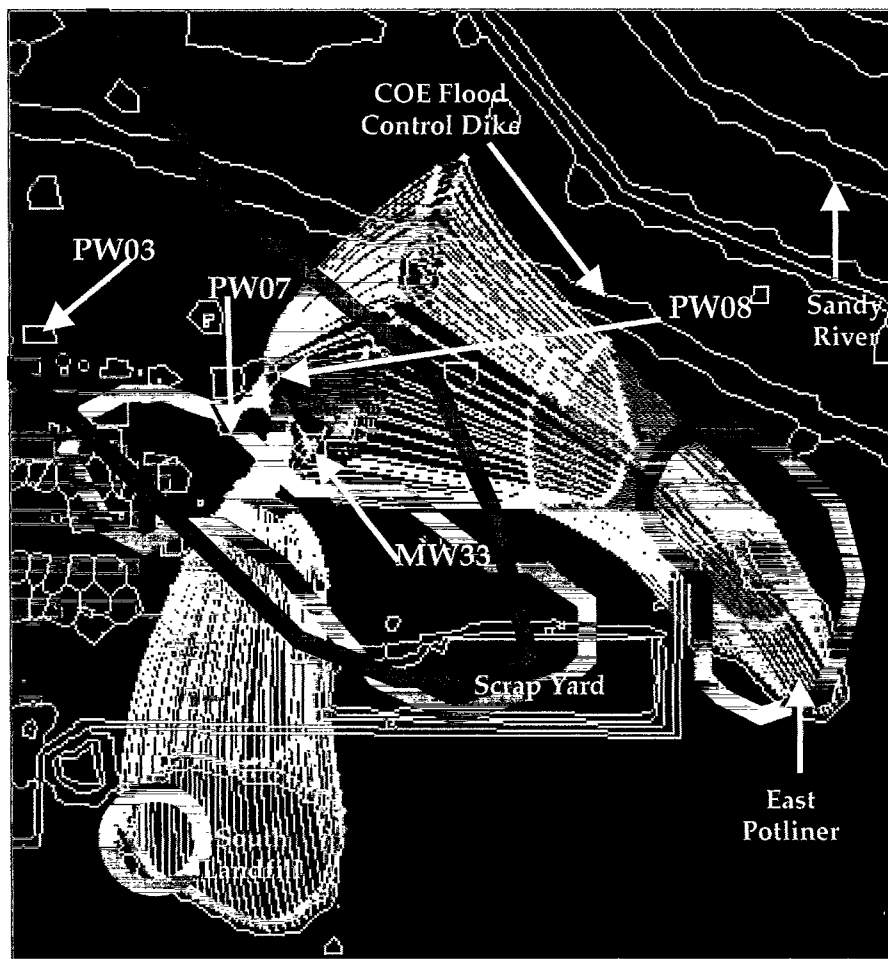


Figure 5-2 is similar to Figure 5-1, except the RMC production wells are not pumping. The figure shows particles moving from the UGS (light green) into the intermediate zone (magenta) south of the COE flood control dike, then rising back into the UGS (green) before discharging into the Sandy River (cyan and yellow traces). The figure also shows the thick blue and red lines that outline areas where fluoride concentrations currently exceed the MCL (4 mg/L) in the UGS and intermediate zones, respectively.

Figure 5-2
Groundwater Migration from the UGS at Scrap Yard Under
Hypothetical No-Pumping Scenario for RMC Production Wells
Reynolds Metals Company - Troutdale, Oregon
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report



This figure is similar to Figure 5-1, except the particles are initiated along the perimeter of the south landfill and east potliner soil and debris areas. The particles are placed at the top of the upper gray sand (UGS) as in Figure 5-1. The figure shows particles moving from the UGS (green) into the intermediate zone (magenta and white), then into the deep zone (dark blue, dark green, red, and yellow), where they are captured by production wells PW07 and PW08. The figure also shows the thick blue and red lines that outline areas where fluoride concentrations currently exceed the MCL (4 mg/L) in the UGS and intermediate zones, respectively.

Figure 5-3

Groundwater Migration from the UGS at South Landfill and East Potliner Under Long-Term Average Pumping Rates from RMC Production Wells

Reynolds Metals Company - Troutdale, Oregon
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

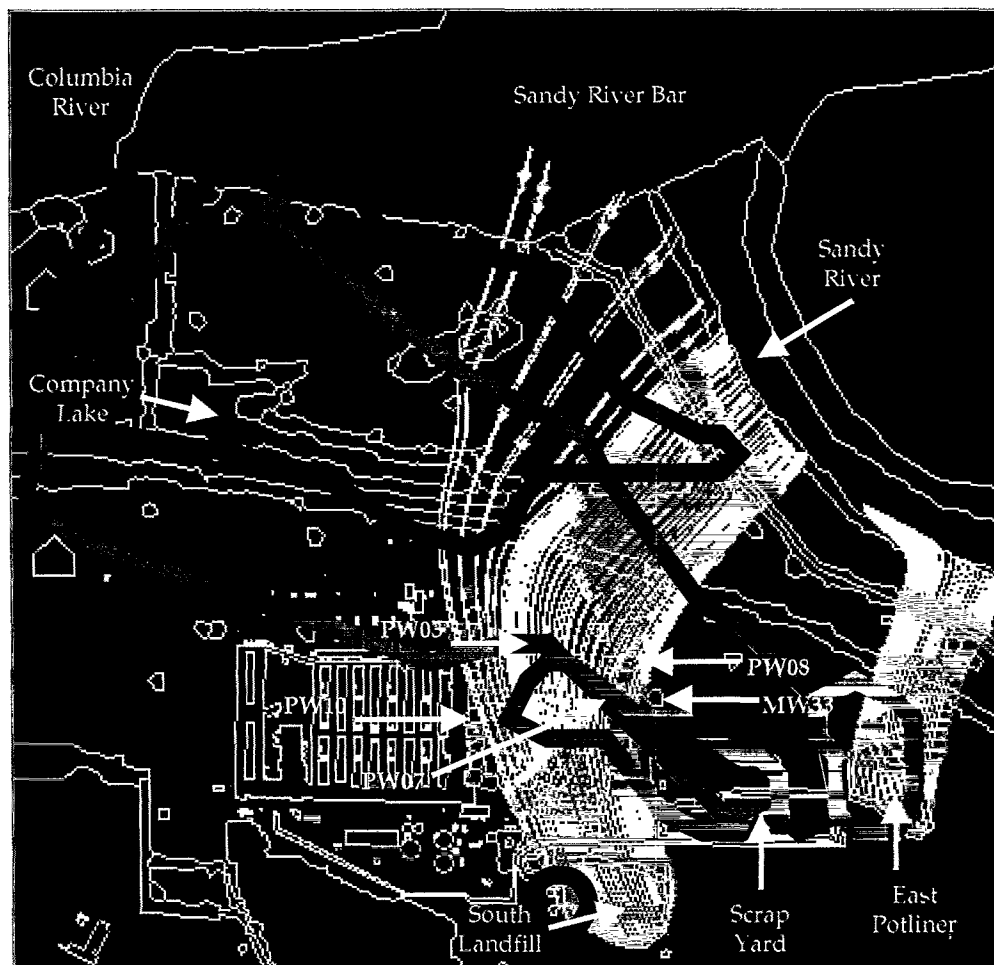


Figure 5-4 is similar to Figure 5-3, except the RMC production wells are not pumping and the figure shows a larger portion of the site. The figure shows particles moving from the UGS (light green) into the intermediate zone (magenta and white) on the plant site. The particles that are initiated at east potliner then rise back into the UGS (green) before discharging into the Sandy River (cyan and yellow traces). Particles initiated at south landfill travel in the intermediate zone beneath the plant site, then rise back into the UGS along the bank of the Sandy River. The figure also shows the thick blue and red lines that outline areas where fluoride concentrations currently exceed the MCL (4 mg/L) in the UGS and intermediate zones, respectively.

Figure 5-4

Groundwater Migration from the UGS at South Landfill and East Potliner Under Hypothetical No-Pumping Scenario for RMC Production Wells

Reynolds Metals Company - Troutdale, Oregon
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

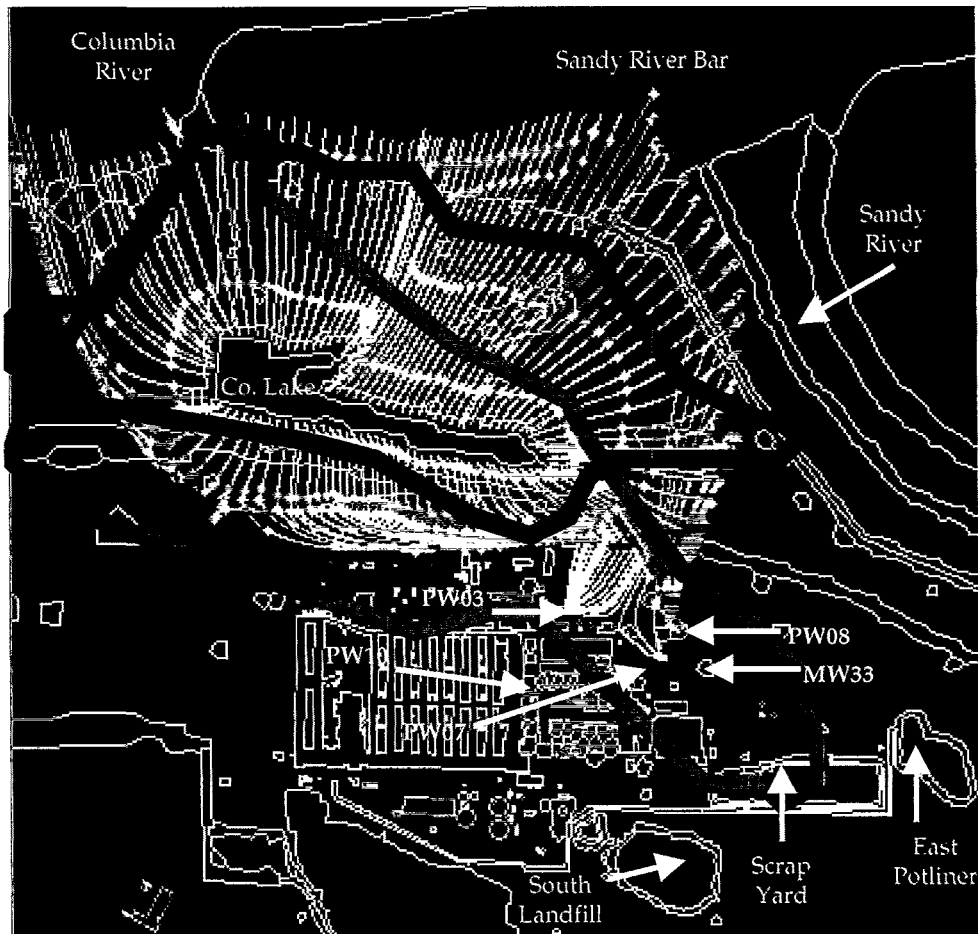


Figure 5-5 shows particles initiated along the perimeter of Company Lake. The particles are initiated in the model at elevations corresponding to the elevation of process residue on the bed of the lake. The figure also shows a thick blue line outlining the area where fluoride concentrations around Company Lake currently exceed 4 mg/L in the UGS. The figure shows particles moving from the UGS (light blue and green) into the intermediate zone (magenta and white), then into the deep zone (dark blue, dark green, red, and yellow), where they are captured by production wells PW03, PW07 and PW08. Some particles moving towards the Sandy River migrate into the deep zone (dark blue and dark green), then migrate to the southwesterly direction and are captured by the production wells.

Figure 5-5
Groundwater Migration from Company Lake Under
Long-Term Average Pumping Rates from RMC Production Wells
Reynolds Metals Company - Troutdale, Oregon
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

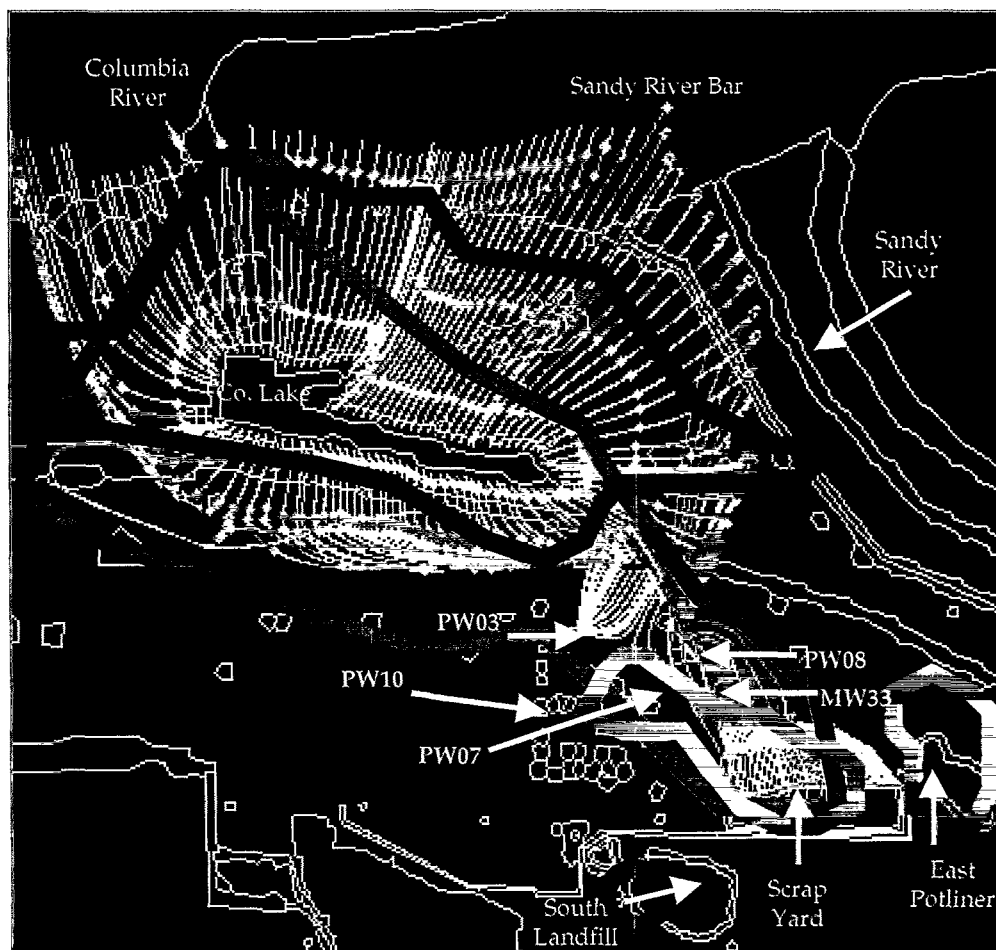


Figure 5-6 shows the combined particle traces from Figures 5-1 and 5-5. The figure also shows the thick blue and red lines that outline areas where fluoride concentrations currently exceed the MCL (4 mg/L) in the UGS and intermediate zones, respectively. The figure shows how the traces of particles initiated at scrap yard and the southern perimeter of Company Lake coincide with the presence of fluoride above the MCL.

Figure 5-6
 Comparison of Intermediate Zone Fluoride Plume with Groundwater Flowpaths from Scrap
 Yard and Company Lake
 Under Long-Term Average Pumping Rates from RMC Production Wells
 Reynolds Metals Company - Troutdale, Oregon
 Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

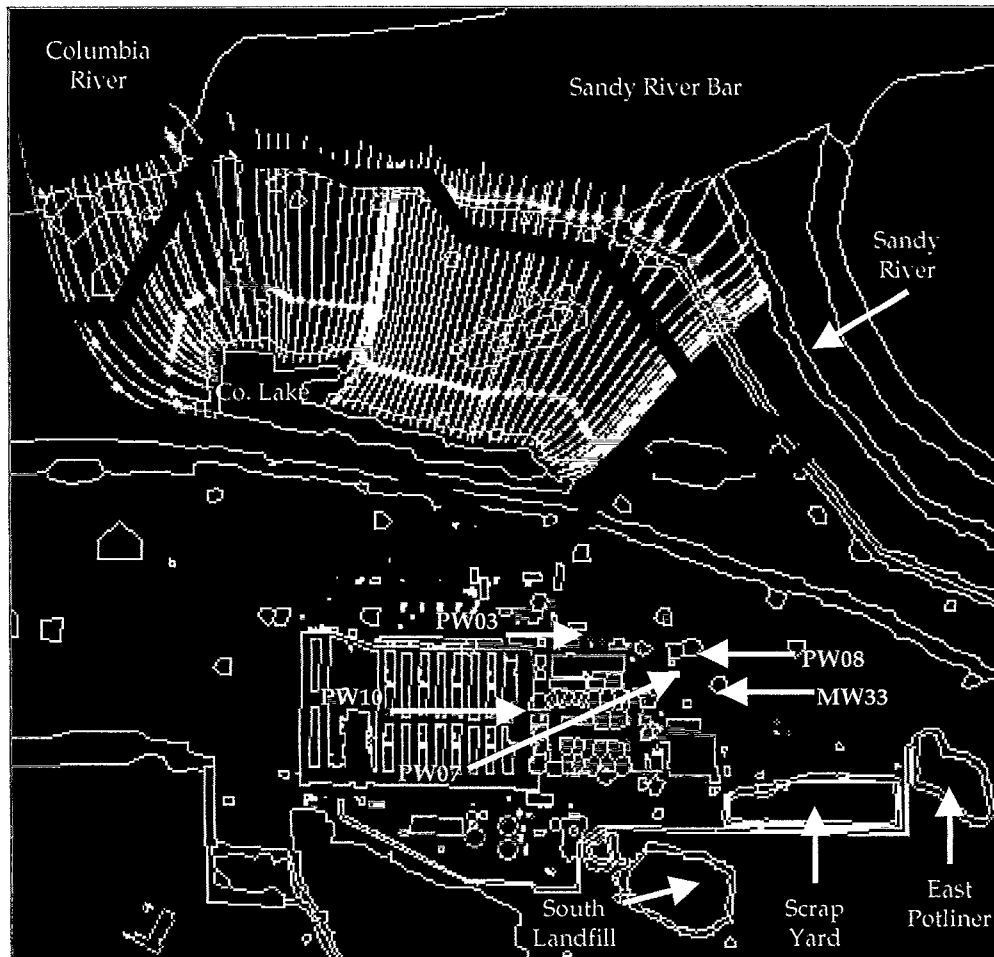


Figure 5-7 is similar to Figure 5-5, except the RMC production wells are not pumping and the figure shows a larger portion of the site. Also, particles are initiated only along the northern and western perimeters of the lake for clarity purposes. The figure shows particles migrating away from the lake and discharging into the Columbia River, the Sandy River, and the Sandy River bar. Most particles remain within the UGS (light blue and green). The thick blue line outlines the area around Company Lake where fluoride concentrations in UGS groundwater currently exceed the MCL (4 mg/L).

Figure 5-7
Groundwater Migration from the Northern and Western Perimeter of Company Lake Under Hypothetical No-Pumping Scenario for RMC Production Wells
Reynolds Metals Company - Troutdale, Oregon
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

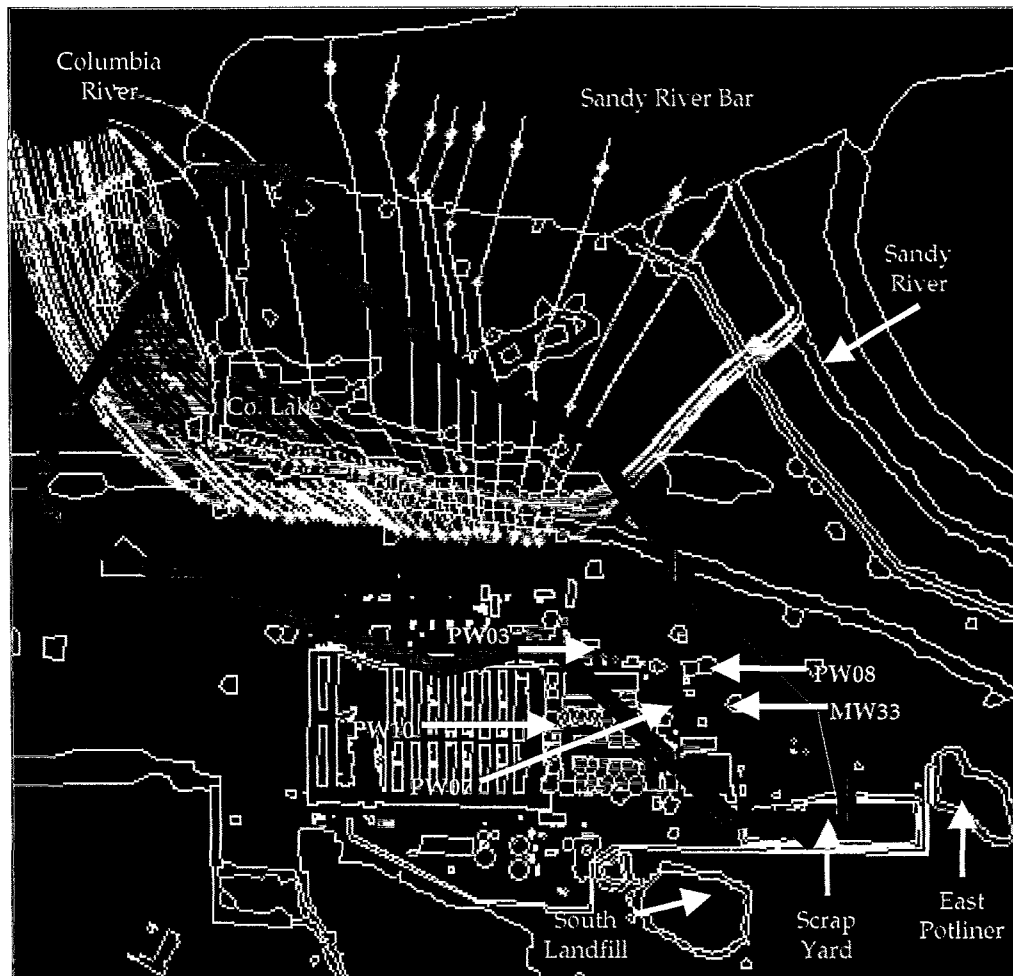
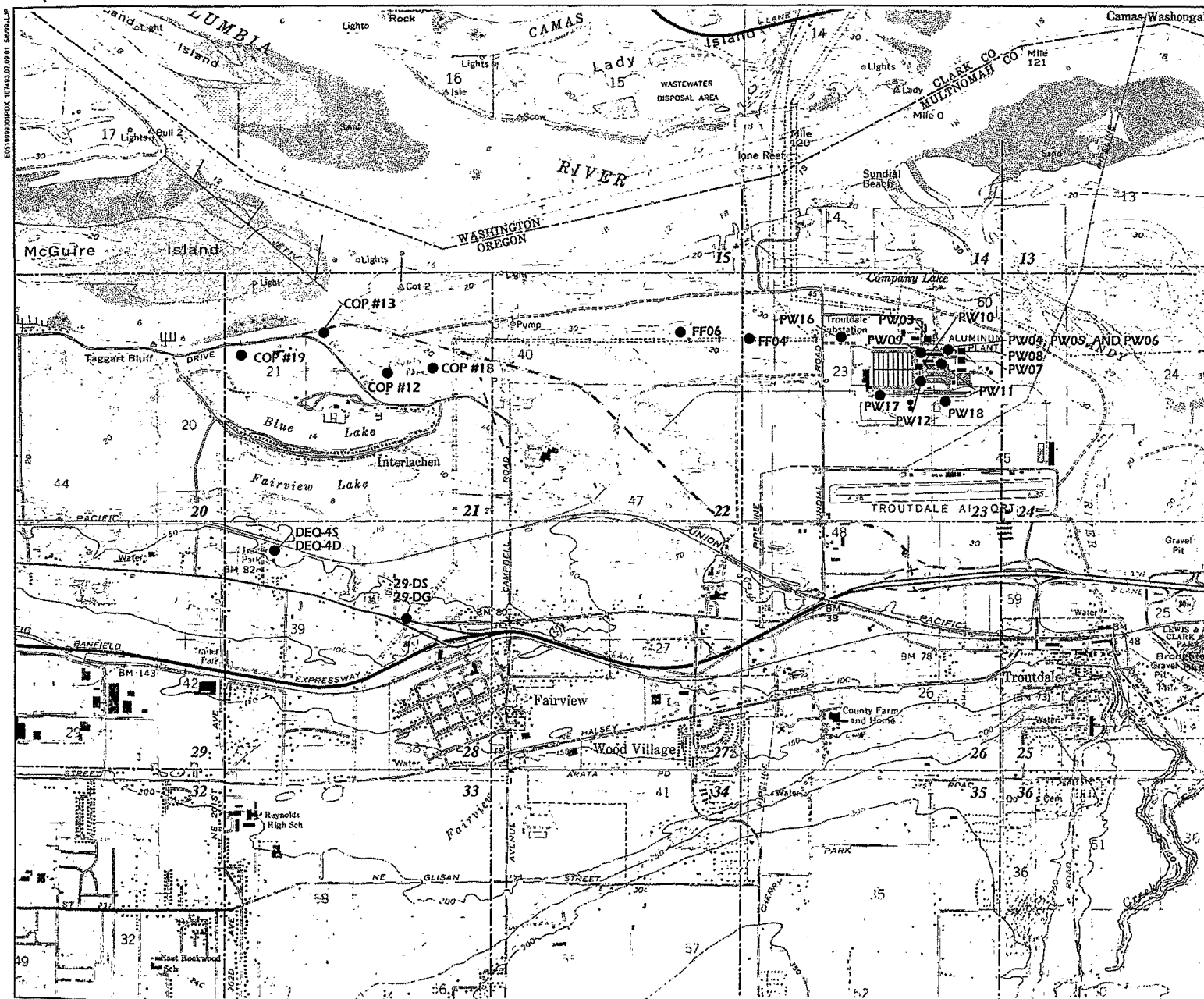


Figure 5-8 is similar to Figure 5-7, except particles are initiated along the southern perimeter of Company Lake. The figure shows that particles migrate only short distances in the UGS (light blue and green) before moving into the intermediate zone (magenta and white). Some particles due south of the lake also move into the deep zone (dark blue). Particles move primarily towards the Columbia River, with movement also towards the Sandy River and its bar. The thick red line is the area where fluoride concentrations in intermediate zone groundwater currently exceed the MCL (4 mg/L).

Figure 5-8

Groundwater Migration from the Southern Perimeter of Company Lake Under Hypothetical No-Pumping Scenario for RMC Production Wells

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LEGEND

- FF06 ● Monitoring well location
- Pumped production well location
- PW Reynolds Metals Company production well
- COP City of Portland well
- FF Fairview Farms, owned by Reynolds Metals
- DEQ Oregon Department of Environmental Quality well
- 29-DS } Cascade Corporation well
- 29-DG }

Base map: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 minute Camas, Washington Quadrangle. Photo revised 1970 and 1975. Contour interval: 10 feet.



0 2,000 Feet
Approximate Scale

Figure 5-9
PUMPING WELLS, DEEP WELLS, AND
OFFSITE WELLS MONITORED FOR THE
1995 MULTIPLE-WELL AQUIFER TEST
REYNOLDS METALS COMPANY
TROUTDALE, OREGON
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report



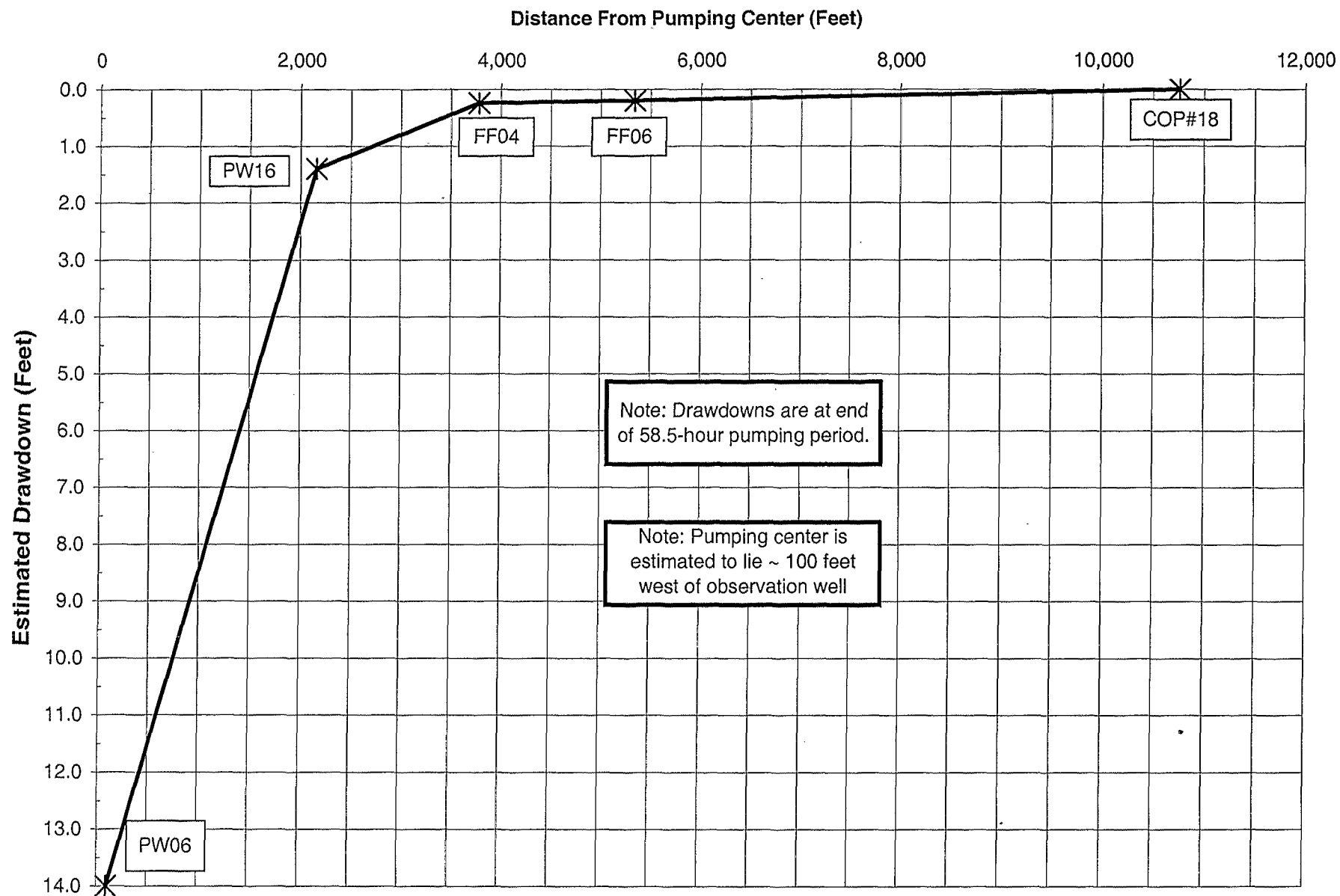


Figure 5-10
Distance-Drawdown Plot for 1995 Multiple-Well Aquifer Test
Reynolds Metals Company (Troutdale, Oregon)
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

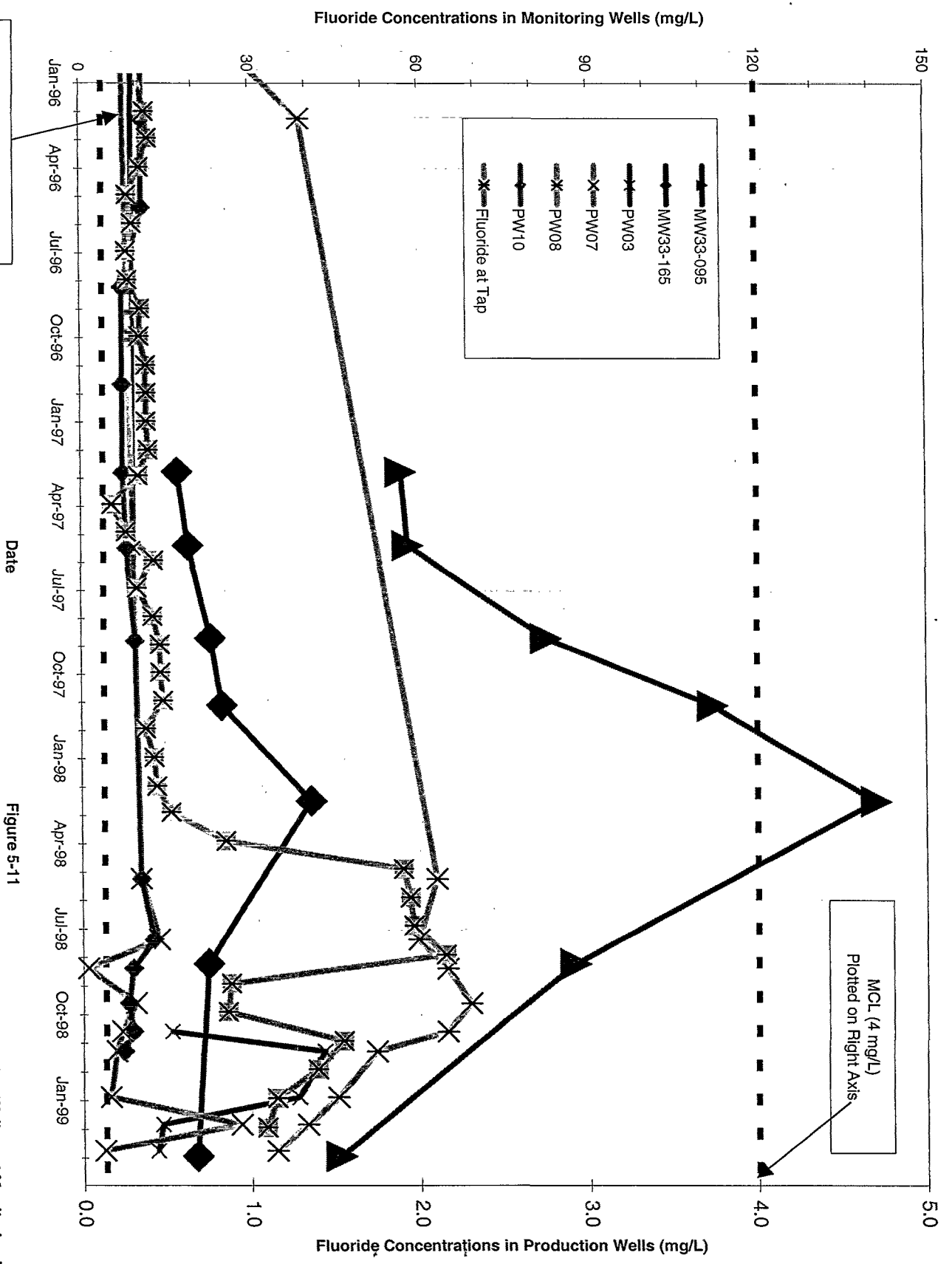


Figure 5-11
Fluoride Concentrations in Production Wells and Monitoring Wells
(January 1996 - March 1999)
Reynolds Metals Company - Troutdale, Oregon
Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

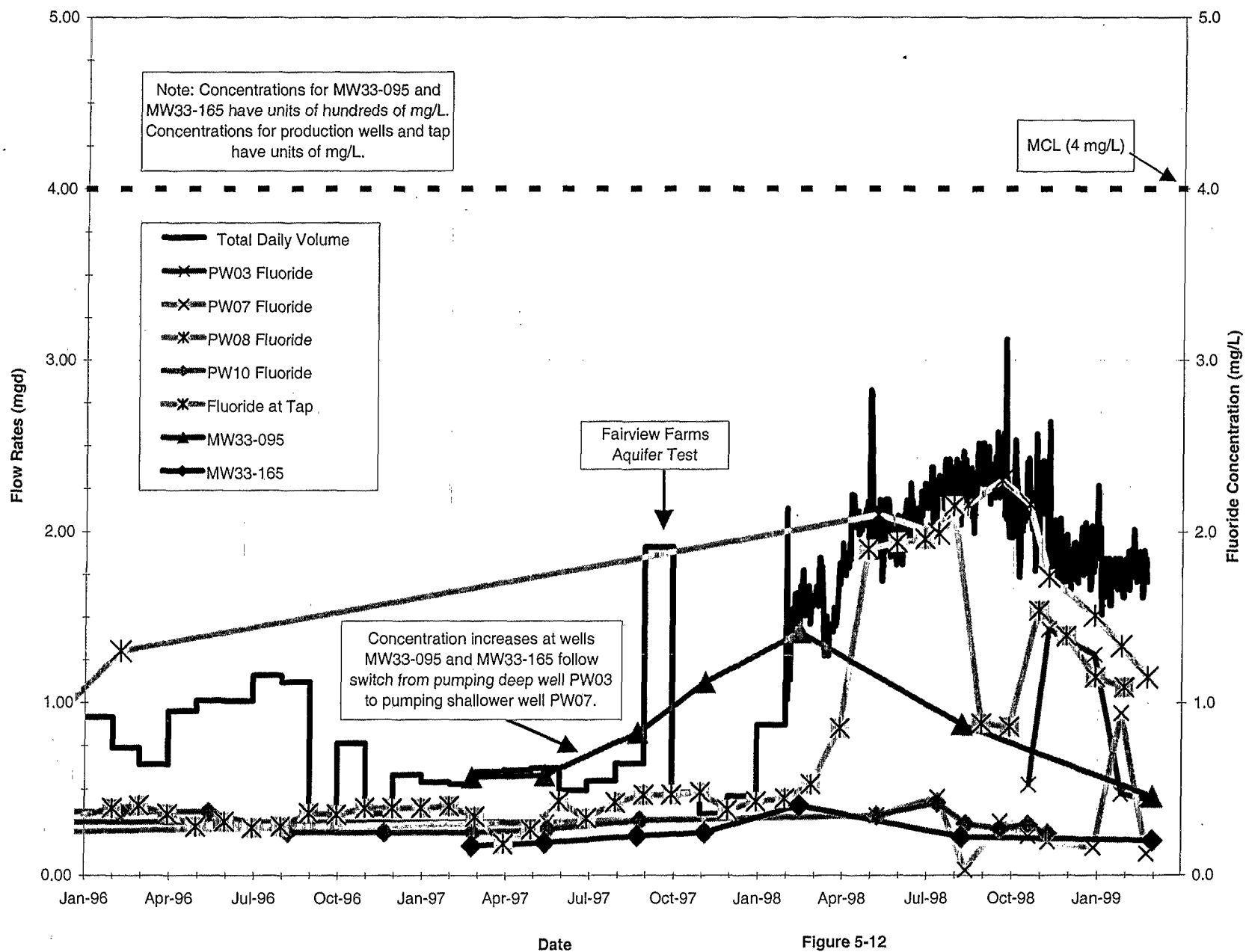


Figure 5-12
 Production Well Pumping Rates and Fluoride Concentrations
 (January 1996 - March 1999)
 Reynolds Metals Company - Troutdale, Oregon
 Groundwater Remedial Investigation Report

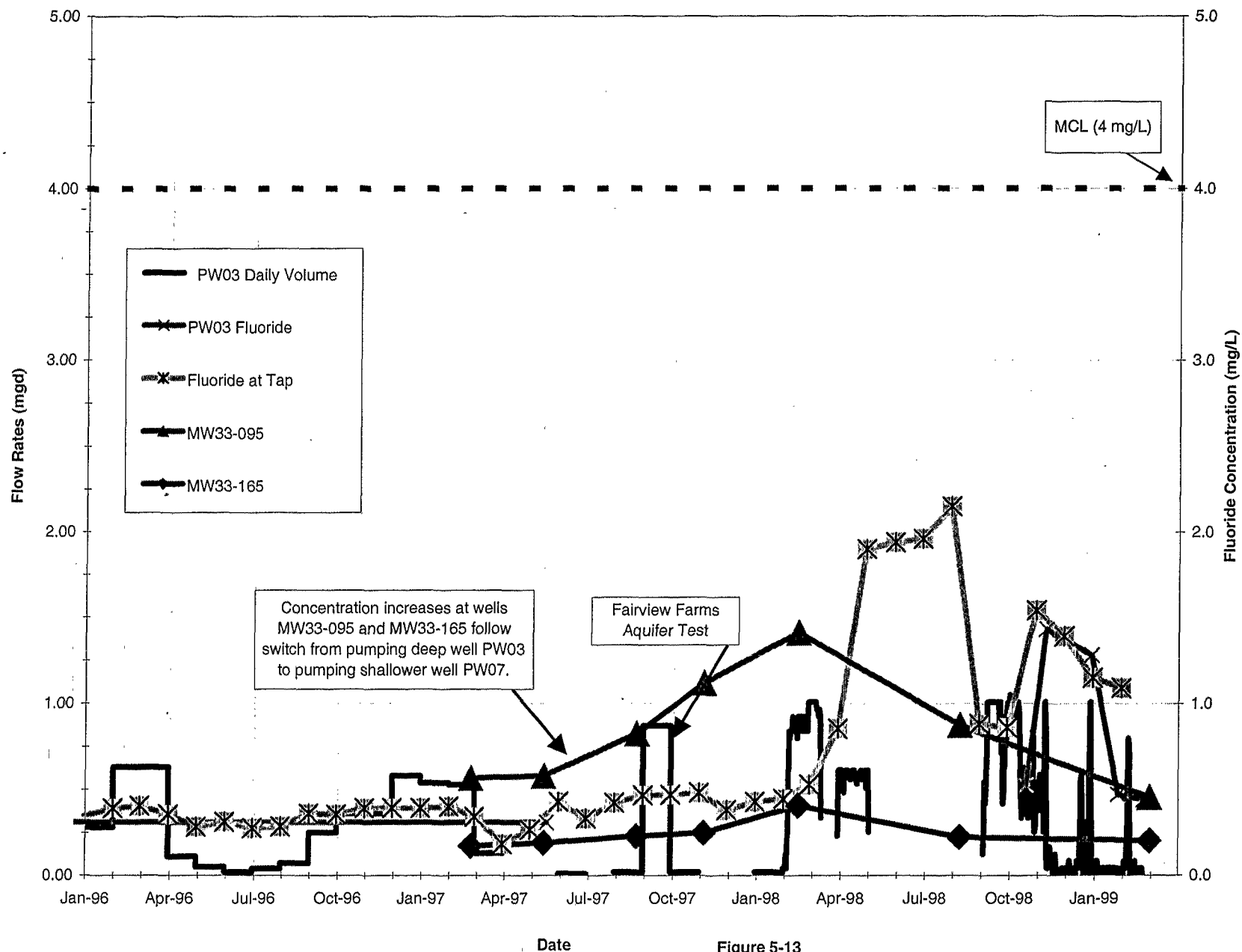


Figure 5-13
 Production Well Pumping Rates and Fluoride Concentrations at PW03
 (January 1996 - March 1999)
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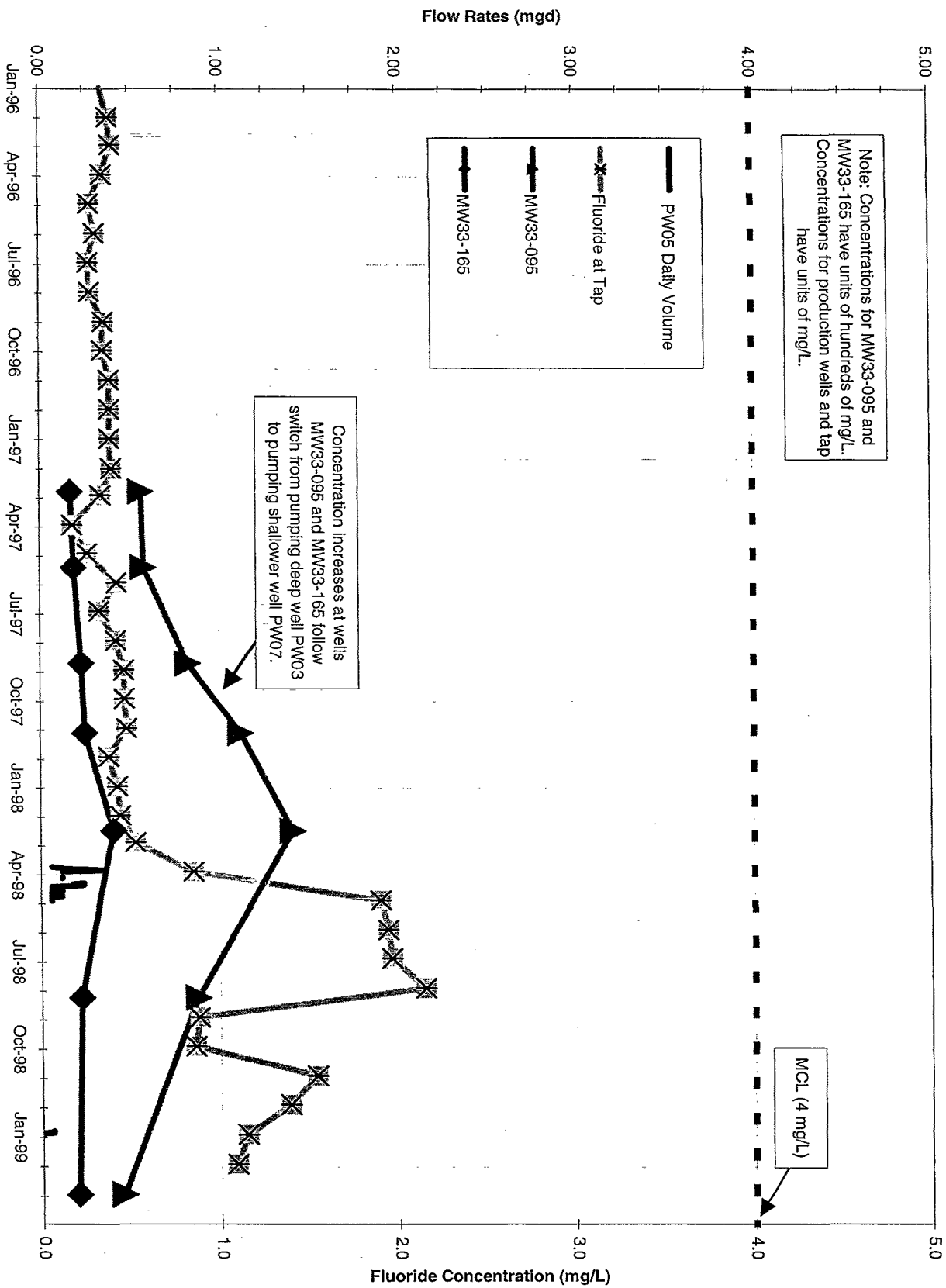


Figure 5-14
Production Well Pumping Rates and Fluoride Concentrations at PW05
(January 1996 - March 1999)
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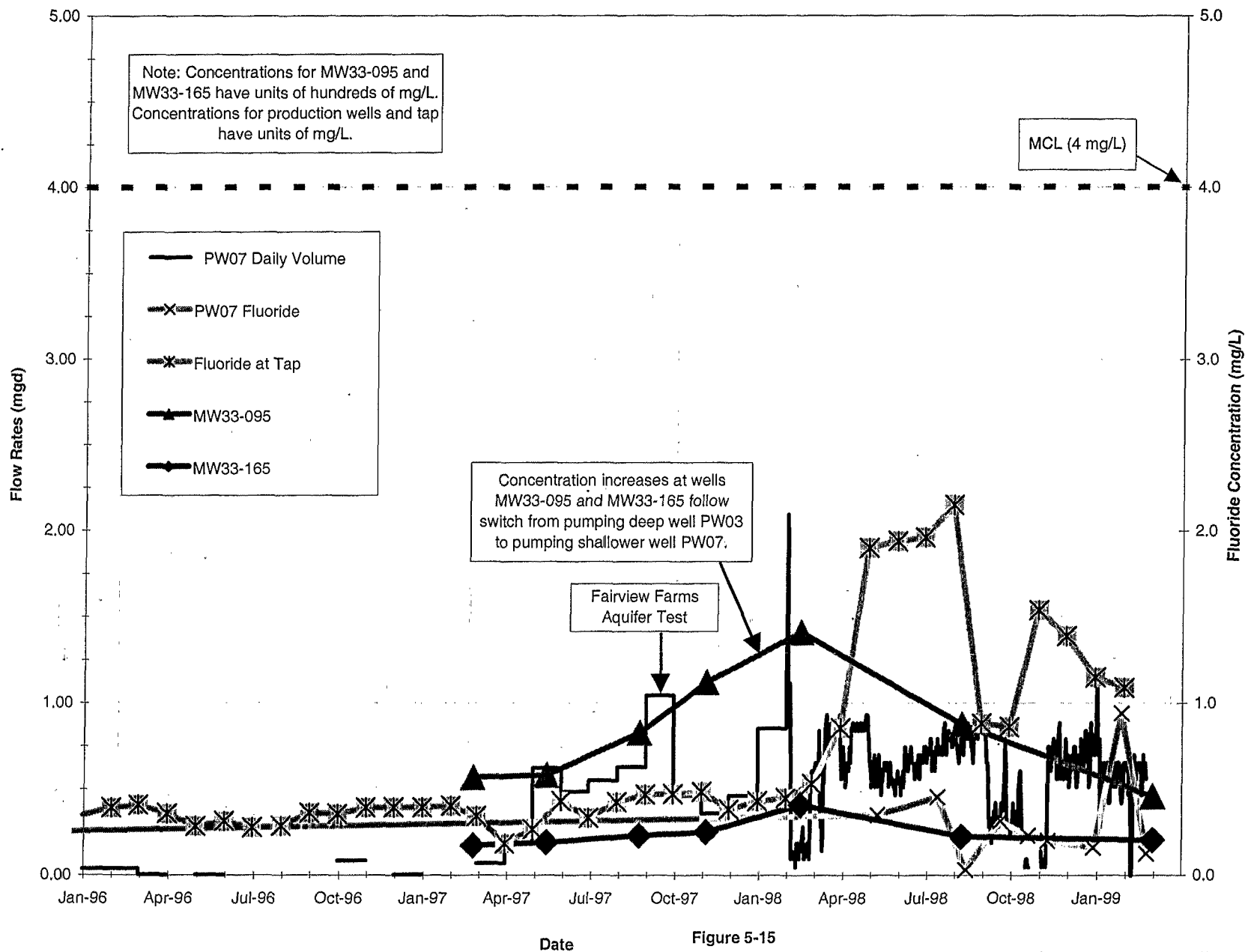


Figure 5-15
Production Well Pumping Rates and Fluoride Concentrations at PW07
(January 1996 - March 1999)
Reynolds Metals Company - Troutdale, Oregon
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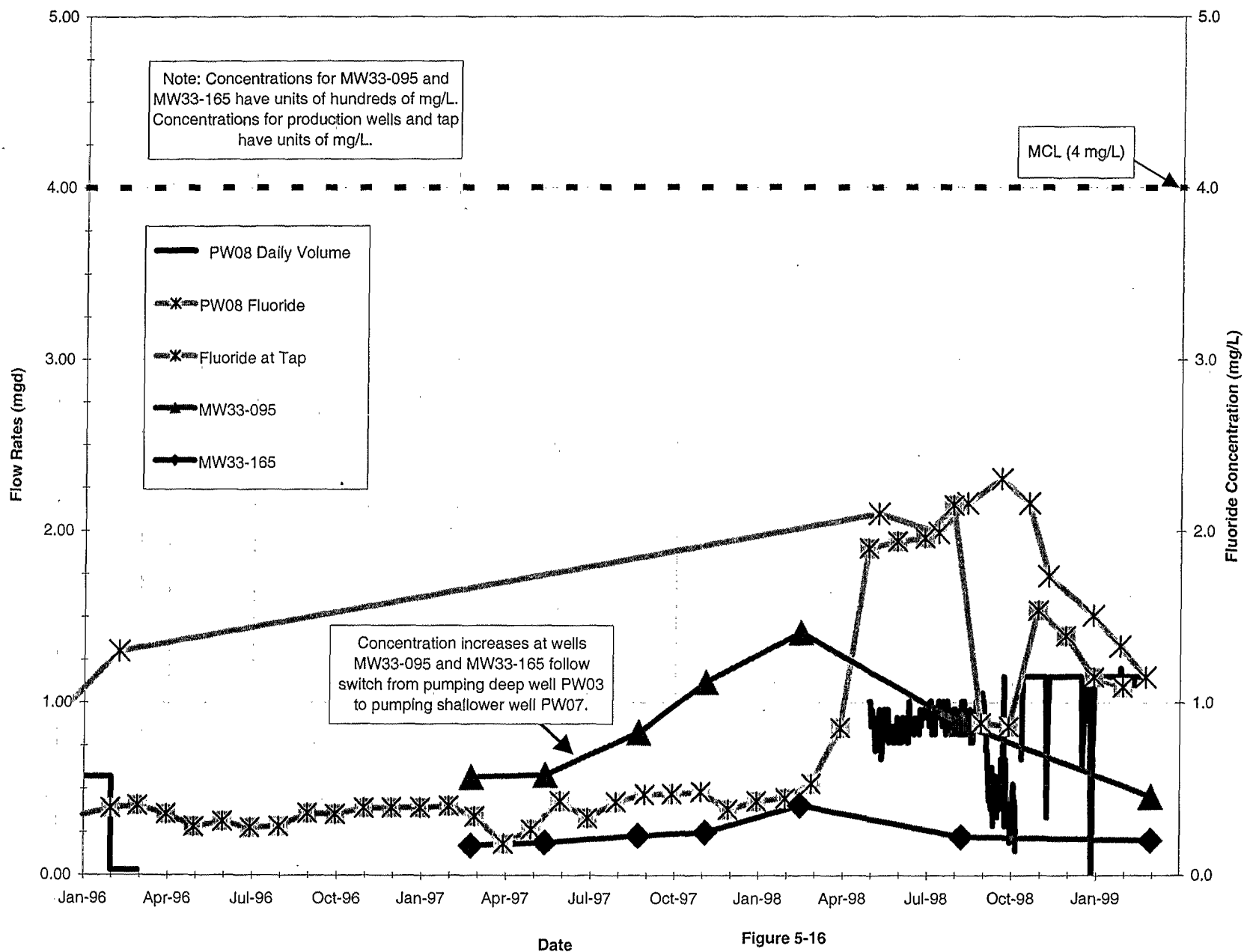


Figure 5-16
 Production Well Pumping Rates and Fluoride Concentrations at PW08
 (January 1996 - March 1999)
 Reynolds Metals Company - Troutdale, Oregon
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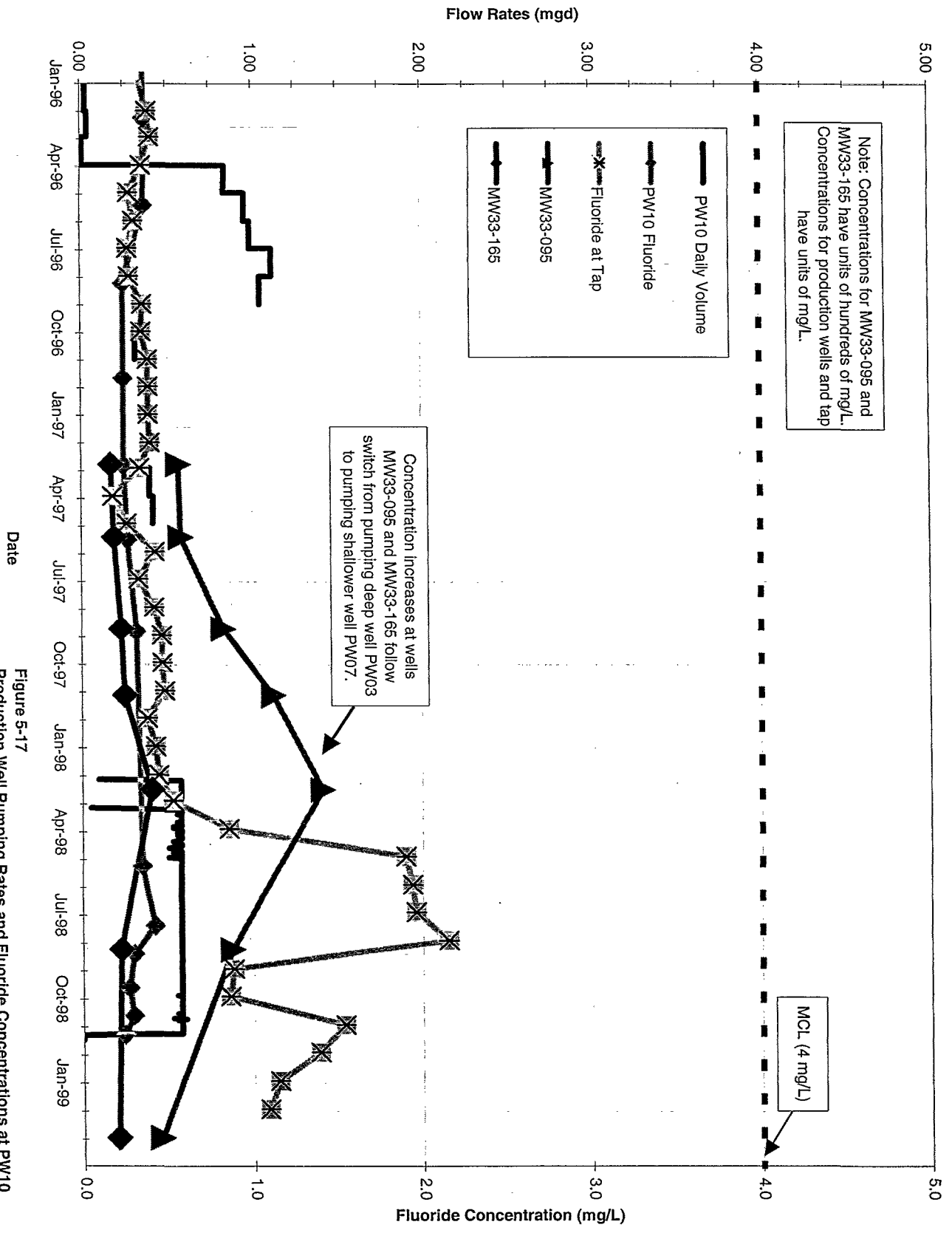


Figure 5-17
Production Well Pumping Rates and Fluoride Concentrations at PW10
(January 1996 - March 1999)

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